
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

001-14469
(Commission File No.)

04-6268599
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**115 West Washington Street, Suite 15 East
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204**

(Address of principal executive offices) (ZIP Code)

(317) 636-1600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value	New York Stock Exchange
8.75% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value	New York Stock Exchange
7.89% Series G Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). YES NO

The aggregate market value of shares of common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$7,163 million based on the closing sale price on the New York Stock Exchange for such stock on June 30, 2003.

As of February 12, 2004, Simon Property Group, Inc. had 200,985,130; 3,200,000 and 4,000 shares of common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock outstanding, respectively.

Documents Incorporated By Reference

Portions of the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders are incorporated by reference into Parts I, II and IV and portions of the Registrant's Proxy Statement in connection with its 2004 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are incorporated by reference in Part III.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

**Annual Report on Form 10-K
December 31, 2003**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Item No.</u>		<u>Page No.</u>
Part I		
1.	Business	3
2.	Properties	12
3.	Legal Proceedings	36
4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	36
Part II		
5.	Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters	37
6.	Selected Financial Data	37
7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	38
7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk	38
8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	38
9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	38
9a.	Controls and Procedures	38
Part III		
10.	Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant	39
11.	Executive Compensation	39
12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	39
13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	39
14.	Principal Accounting Fees and Services	39
Part IV		
15.	Exhibits, Financial Statements, Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K	40
Signatures		41

Part I

Item 1. Business

Background

Simon Property Group, Inc. ("Simon Property") is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Simon Property Group, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership") is a majority-owned partnership subsidiary of Simon Property that owns all but one of our real estate properties. In this report, the terms "we", "us" and "our" refer to Simon Property, the Operating Partnership and their subsidiaries.

We are engaged primarily in the ownership, operation, leasing, management, acquisition, expansion and development of real estate properties. Our real estate properties consist primarily of regional malls and community shopping centers. As of December 31, 2003, we owned or held an interest in 246 income-producing properties in North America, which consisted of 175 regional malls, 67 community shopping centers, and four office and mixed-use properties in 37 states and Canada (collectively, the "Properties", and individually, a "Property"). Mixed-use properties are properties that include a combination of retail space, office space, and/or hotel components. In addition, we also own interests in three parcels of land held for future development (together with the Properties, the "Portfolio"). Finally, we have ownership interests in 47 assets in Europe (France, Italy, Poland and Portugal).

Mergers and Acquisitions

Mergers and acquisitions have been a significant component of the growth and development of our business. In 2003, we completed a series of acquisitions that added to our overall portfolio:

- On March 14, 2003, we purchased the remaining minority interest in The Forum Shops at Caesars in Las Vegas, NV for \$174.0 million in cash and assumed our \$74.2 million share of debt from the minority limited partner.
- On August 20, 2003, we purchased a 100% leasehold stake in Stanford Shopping Center in Palo Alto, California from Stanford University for \$333.0 million. Stanford University holds, as lessor, a long-term ground lease underlying the asset.
- In the fourth quarter 2003, through a series of transactions, we increased our ownership interest in Kravco Investments L.P., a Philadelphia, PA based owner of regional malls, and acquired additional interests in Kravco's affiliated management company, for approximately \$293 million. The portfolio consists of six regional malls, five of which are in the Philadelphia metropolitan area, and four community centers.
- Finally, in December 2003, we increased our presence in Europe through the formation of Gallerie Commerciali Italia S.p.A ("GCI") with The Rinascente Group, an Italian retailer company. The Rinascente Group contributed 38 shopping centers as well as development opportunities to GCI and then sold 49% of GCI to one of our affiliates. The initial gross value of GCI was approximately €860 million or over \$1.0 billion and our initial equity investment was approximately €187 million, or \$232 million.

On October 8, 2003, we and Westfield America, Inc. ("Westfield"), the U.S. subsidiary of Westfield America Trust, withdrew our tender offer for all of the outstanding common shares of Taubman Centers, Inc. The withdrawal of the tender offer followed the enactment of a law amending the Michigan Control Share Acquisitions Act and which allowed the Taubman family group to effectively block our ability to conclude the tender offer. As a result we expensed deferred acquisition costs of \$10.6 million, net, related to this acquisition during 2003.

Structural Simplification

On January 1, 2003, the Operating Partnership acquired all of the remaining equity interests of M.S. Management Associates, Inc. (the "Management Company"). The interests acquired consist of 95% of the voting common stock and 1.25% of the non-voting stock of the Management Company and approximately 2% of the economic interests of the Management Company. The interests were acquired from Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon, and David Simon (the "Simons"), for a total purchase price of \$425,000, which was equal to the appraised value of the interests as determined by an independent third party. The acquisition was unanimously approved by our independent directors. As a result, the Management Company is now a wholly owned consolidated taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS") of the Operating Partnership.

Dispositions

As part of our strategic plan to own quality retail real estate, we continually evaluate our properties and sell those which no longer meet our strategic criteria. We may use the capital generated from these dispositions to invest in higher-quality, higher-growth properties. We believe that the sale of these non-core Properties will not have a material impact on our future results of operations or cash flows nor will their sale materially affect our ongoing operations. In addition, we expect any earnings dilution from the sales on our results of operations from these dispositions will be offset by the positive impact of our acquisitions and development and redevelopment activities.

During 2003, we sold 13 non-core Properties, consisting of seven regional malls, five community centers and one mixed-use property. The Properties and their dates of sale were:

- Richmond Square, Mounds Mall, Mounds Mall Cinema and Memorial Mall on January 9, 2003
- Forest Village Park Mall on April 29, 2003
- North Riverside Park Plaza on May 8, 2003
- Memorial Plaza on May 21, 2003
- Fox River Plaza on May 22, 2003
- Eastern Hills Mall on July 1, 2003
- New Orleans Center on October 1, 2003
- Mainland Crossing on October 28, 2003
- SouthPark Mall on November 3, 2003
- Bergen Mall on December 12, 2003

Operating Policies and Strategies

The following is a discussion of our investment policies, financing policies, conflict of interest policies and policies with respect to certain other activities. Our Board of Directors may amend or rescind these policies from time to time at its discretion without a stockholder vote.

Investment Policies

We conduct our investment activities, except for one Property that we own directly, through the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries. Our primary business objectives are to increase Funds From Operations ("FFO") per share, operating results and the value of our Properties while maintaining a stable balance sheet consistent with our financing policies. We intend to achieve these objectives by:

- pursuing a leasing strategy that capitalizes on the desirable location of our Properties;
- improving the performance of our Properties by using the economies of scale that result from our size to help control operating costs and by generating additional revenues through merchandising, marketing and promotional activities;
- renovating and/or expanding our Properties where appropriate;
- developing new shopping centers which meet our economic criteria; and

- acquiring additional shopping centers and the portfolios of other retail real estate companies that meet our investment criteria.

We cannot assure you, however, that we will achieve our business objectives.

We develop and acquire properties to generate both current income and long-term appreciation in value. We do not have a policy limiting the amount or percentage of assets that may be invested in any particular property or type of property or in any geographic area. We may purchase or lease properties for long-term investment or develop, redevelop, and/or sell our Properties, in whole or in part, when circumstances warrant. We participate with other entities in property ownership, through joint ventures or other types of co-ownership. These equity investments may be subject to existing mortgage financing and other indebtedness that have priority over our equity interest.

While we emphasize equity real estate investments, we may, in our discretion, invest in mortgages and other real estate interests consistent with our qualification as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code ("Code"). Mortgages in which we invest may or may not be insured by a governmental agency. We do not intend to invest to a significant extent in mortgages or deeds of trust, however, we hold an interest in one Property through a mortgage note which results in us receiving 100% of the economics of the Property. We may invest in participating or convertible mortgages, however, if we conclude that we may benefit from the cash flow or any appreciation in the value of the property.

We may also invest in securities of other entities engaged in real estate activities or securities of other issuers. However, any of these investments would be subject to the percentage ownership limitations and gross income tests necessary for REIT qualification under the Code. These REIT limitations mean that we cannot make an investment that would cause our real estate assets to be less than 75% of our total assets. In addition, we must derive at least 75% of our gross income from "rents from real estate" and at least 95% must be derived from rents from real estate, interest, dividends and gains from the sale or disposition of stock or securities.

Subject to these REIT limitations, we may invest in the securities of other issuers in connection with acquisitions of indirect interests in real estate. Such an investment would normally be in the form of general or limited partnership or membership interests in special purpose partnerships and limited liability companies that own one or more properties. We may, in the future, acquire all or substantially all of the securities or assets of other REITs, management companies or similar entities where such investments would be consistent with our investment policies. We do not intend to invest in securities of other issuers for the purpose of exercising control other than the Operating Partnership and certain wholly-owned subsidiaries and to acquire interests in real estate. We do not intend that our investments in securities will require us to register as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. We intend to divest securities before any such registration would be required.

Financing Policies

We must comply with the covenant restrictions of debt agreements of the Operating Partnership that limit our ratio of debt to total market valuation. For example, the Operating Partnership's lines of credit and the indentures for the Operating Partnership's debt securities contain covenants that restrict the total amount of debt of the Operating Partnership to 60% of adjusted total assets, as defined, and secured debt to 55% of adjusted total assets. In addition, these agreements contain other covenants requiring compliance with financial ratios. Furthermore, the amount of debt that we may incur is limited as a practical matter by our desire to maintain acceptable ratings for our equity securities and the debt securities of the Operating Partnership.

If the Board of Directors determines to seek additional capital, we may raise such capital through additional equity offerings, debt financing, creation of joint ventures with existing ownership interests in Properties, retention of cash flows or a combination of these methods. Our ability to retain cash flows is subject to Internal Revenue Code provisions requiring REITs to distribute a certain percentage of their taxable income. We must also take into account taxes that would be imposed on undistributed taxable income. If the Board of Directors determines to raise additional equity capital, it may, without stockholder approval, issue additional shares of common stock or other capital stock. The Board of Directors may issue a number of shares up to the amount of our authorized capital in any manner and on such terms and for such consideration as it deems appropriate. This may include issuing stock in exchange for property. Such securities may be senior to the outstanding classes of common stock. Such securities also may include additional classes of preferred stock which may be convertible into common stock. Existing stockholders will have no preemptive right to purchase shares in any subsequent offering of our securities. Any such offering could dilute a stockholder's investment in us.

We anticipate that any additional borrowings would be made through the Operating Partnership or its subsidiaries. We might, however, incur borrowings that would be reloaned to the Operating Partnership. Borrowings may be in the form of bank borrowings, publicly and privately placed debt instruments, or purchase money obligations to the sellers of properties. Any of such indebtedness may be unsecured or may be secured by any or all of our assets, the Operating Partnership or any existing or new property-owning partnership. Any such indebtedness may also have full or limited recourse to all or any portion of the assets of any of the foregoing. Although we may borrow to fund the payment of dividends, we currently have no expectation that we will regularly be required to do so.

We may obtain unsecured or secured lines of credit. We also may determine to issue debt securities. Any such debt securities may be convertible into capital stock or be accompanied by warrants to purchase capital stock. We also may sell or securitize our lease receivables. The proceeds from any borrowings or financings may be used for the following:

- financing acquisitions;
- developing or redeveloping properties;
- refinancing existing indebtedness;
- working capital or capital improvements; or
- meeting the income distribution requirements applicable to REITs if we have income without the receipt of cash sufficient to enable us to meet such distribution requirements.

We also may determine to finance acquisitions through the following:

- issuance of additional units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership;
- issuance of shares of common stock;
- sale or exchange of ownership interests in Properties;
- issuance of shares of preferred stock;
- issuance of preferred units of the Operating Partnership; or
- issuance of other securities.

The ability to offer units of limited partnership interest to transferors may result in beneficial tax treatment for the transferors. This is because the exchange of units for properties may defer the recognition of gain for tax purposes by the transferor. It may also be an advantage for us since certain investors may be limited in the number of shares of our capital stock that they may purchase.

If the Board of Directors determines to obtain additional debt financing, we intend to do so generally through mortgages on Properties, drawings against revolving lines of credit or term loan facilities, or the issuance of unsecured debt through the Operating Partnership. We may do this directly or through an entity owned or controlled by us. The mortgages may be non-recourse, recourse, or cross-collateralized. We do not have a policy limiting the number or amount of mortgages that may be placed on any particular property. Mortgage financing instruments, however, usually limit additional indebtedness on such properties.

We only invest in or form special purpose entities to obtain permanent financing for properties on attractive terms. Permanent financing for properties is typically structured as a mortgage loan on one or a group of properties in favor of an institutional third party or as a joint venture with a third party or as a securitized financing. For securitized financings, we are required to create special purpose entities to own the properties. These special purpose entities are structured so that they would not be consolidated with us in the event we would ever become subject to a bankruptcy proceeding. We decide upon the structure of the financing based upon the best terms then available to us and whether the proposed financing is consistent with our other business objectives. For accounting purposes, we include the outstanding securitized debt of special purpose entities owning consolidated properties as part of our consolidated indebtedness.

Conflict of Interest Policies

We maintain policies and have entered into agreements designed to reduce or eliminate potential conflicts of interest. In 2003, we adopted governance principles governing our affairs and the Board of Directors, as well as written charters for each of the standing Committees of the Board of Directors. In addition, in 2003, the Board adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics which apply to all of our officers, directors, and employees. At least a majority of the members of our Board of Directors must qualify as independent under the listing standards for New York Stock Exchange companies and cannot be affiliated with the Simon and DeBartolo families. Any transaction between us and the Simons or the DeBartolos, including property acquisitions, service and property management agreements and retail space leases, must be approved by a majority of non-affiliated directors.

The sale by the Operating Partnership of any property that it owns may have an adverse tax impact on the Simons or the DeBartolos and the other limited partners of the Operating Partnership. In order to avoid any conflict of interest between Simon Property and the limited partners of the Operating Partnership, our charter requires that at least six of our independent directors must authorize and require the Operating Partnership to sell any property it owns. Any such sale is subject to applicable agreements with third parties. Noncompetition agreements executed by

each of the Simons contain covenants limiting the ability of the Simons to participate in certain shopping center activities in North America.

Policies With Respect To Certain Other Activities

We do not intend to make investments other than as previously described. We intend to make investments which are consistent with the REIT requirements of the Code, unless the Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in our best interests to qualify as a REIT. The Board of Directors may make such a determination because of changing circumstances or changes in the REIT requirements. We have authority to offer shares of our capital stock or other securities in exchange for property. We also have authority to repurchase or otherwise reacquire our shares or any other securities. We may engage in such activities in the future. We may in the future issue shares of our common stock to holders of units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership upon exercise of such holders' rights under the Operating Partnership agreement. We have not made loans to other entities or persons, including our officers and directors. It is now our policy to not make any loans to our directors and executive officers for any purpose and all loans previously made to current executive officers have been repaid in full. We may in the future make loans to the Management Company and to joint ventures in which we participate. We do not intend to engage in the following:

- trading, underwriting or agency distribution or sale of securities of other issuers; or
- the active trade of loans and investments.

Operating Strategies

We plan to achieve our primary business objectives through a variety of methods discussed below, although we cannot assure you that we will achieve such objectives.

Leasing. We pursue a leasing strategy that includes:

- marketing available space to maintain or increase occupancy levels;
- renewing existing leases and originating new leases at higher base rents per square foot;
- negotiating leases that allow us to recover from our tenants for the majority of our property operating, real estate tax, repairs and maintenance, and advertising and promotion expenditures; and
- executing leases that provide for percentage or overage rents and/or regular or periodic fixed contractual increases in base rents.

Management. We draw upon our expertise gained through management of a geographically diverse Portfolio, nationally recognized as comprising high quality retail and mixed-use Properties. In doing so, we seek to maximize cash flow through a combination of:

- an active merchandising program to maintain our shopping centers as inviting shopping destinations;
- efforts to minimize overhead and operating costs which not only benefits our operations but also reduces the costs reimbursed to us from our tenants. A tenant's ability to pay rent is affected by the percentage of its sales represented by occupancy costs, which consist of rent and expense recoveries. As sales levels increase, if expenses subject to recovery are controlled, the tenant can afford to pay higher base rent.
- coordinated marketing and promotional activities that establish and maintain customer loyalty; and
- systematic planning and monitoring of results.

We believe that if we are successful in our efforts to increase sales while controlling operating expenses we will be able to continue to increase base rents at the Properties.

We manage substantially all our Properties held as joint venture Properties and as a result we derive revenues from management fees and other fee revenues.

Other Revenues. Due to our size, tenant and vendor relationships, we also generate revenues from other sources, including:

- Simon Brand Venture ("Simon Brand") which obtains revenues from establishing our malls as leading market resource providers for retailers and other businesses and consumer-focused corporate alliances. Simon Brand revenues include payment services, national media contracts, a national beverage contract and other contracts with national companies.

- Simon Brand also pursues mall marketing initiatives, including the sale of gift cards. We tested a Simon Visa Gift Card in some of our regional malls in the fall of 2001 and completed the roll-out of our Simon Gift Card program to substantially all our regional malls during 2002 and 2003. The gift card program has replaced our existing paper certificates.
- Simon Business Network ("Simon Business") obtains revenues from offering products and property operating services, resulting from its relationships with vendors, to our tenants and others. These services include such items as energy services, facility services, waste handling, vertical transportation, as well as major capital expenditures such as roofing, parking lots and energy systems. The tenant services provided through Simon Business include a national waste management services program, a national total facility service program which includes operational and maintenance services, a national automatic teller machine program, a national security services program, and parking service programs.

We also generate other revenues through the sale of land adjacent to our Properties commonly referred to as "outlots" or "outparcels." We create value in these outparcels through the operating performance of our Properties and replenish the inventory of these parcels by the development of new Properties and the redevelopment of existing or acquired Properties.

International Expansion. Our investments in Europe are currently conducted through two joint ventures, GCI and European Retail Enterprises, B.V. ("ERE"). We do not derive any significant consolidated revenues from European activities since our investments are held through joint ventures and therefore are accounted for under the equity method as defined by accounting policies generally accepted in the United States.

We believe that the expertise we have gained through the development, leasing, management, and marketing of our domestic Properties can be utilized in retail properties abroad. We may pursue additional international opportunities to enhance shareholder value under the right circumstances. There are risks inherent in international operations that may be beyond our control. These include the following risks that may have a negative impact on our results of operations:

- changes in foreign currency exchange rates;
- declines in economic conditions abroad;
- changes in foreign political environments; and

- changes in foreign laws.

Competition

We consider our principal competitors to be seven other major United States or internationally publicly-held, companies that own or operate regional malls in the United States. We also compete with many commercial developers, real estate companies and other owners of retail real estate that operate in our trade areas. Some of our Properties are of the same type and are within the same market area as other competitive properties. The existence of competitive properties could have a material adverse effect on our ability to lease space and on the level of rents we can obtain. This results in competition for both the acquisition of prime sites (including land for development and operating properties) and for tenants to occupy the space that we and our competitors develop and manage. In addition, our malls compete against non-physical based forms of retailing such as catalog companies and e-commerce websites that offer similar retail products.

We believe that our Portfolio is the largest, as measured by gross leasable area ("GLA"), of any publicly-traded retail REIT. In addition, we own more regional malls than any other publicly-traded REIT. We believe that we have a competitive advantage in the retail real estate business as a result of:

- the size, quality and diversity of our Properties
- our management and operational expertise
- our extensive experience and relationships with retailers and lenders
- our mall marketing initiatives and consumer focused strategic corporate alliances including those developed by Simon Brand and Simon Business, and
- our ability to use our size to reduce the total occupancy cost of our tenants.

Our size has allowed us to reduce dependence upon individual retail tenants. More than 3,800 different retailers occupy more than 20,800 stores in our Properties and no retail tenant represents more than 4.6% of our Properties' total minimum rents.

Environmental Matters

General Compliance. We believe that the Portfolio is in compliance, in all material respects, with all Federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations regarding hazardous or toxic substances. Nearly all of the Portfolio has been subjected to Phase I or similar environmental audits (which generally involve only a review of records and visual inspection of the property without soil sampling or ground water analysis) by independent environmental consultants. Phase I environmental audits are intended to discover information regarding, and to evaluate the environmental condition of, the surveyed properties and surrounding properties. These environmental audits have not revealed, nor are we aware of, any environmental liability that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We cannot assure you that:

- existing environmental studies with respect to the Portfolio reveal all potential environmental liabilities;
- any previous owner, occupant or tenant of a Property did not create any material environmental condition not known to us;
- the current environmental condition of the Portfolio will not be affected by tenants and occupants, by the condition of nearby properties, or by other unrelated third parties; or
- future uses or conditions (including, without limitation, changes in applicable environmental laws and regulations or the interpretation thereof) will not result in environmental liabilities.

Asbestos-Containing Materials. Asbestos-containing materials are present in most of the Properties, primarily in the form of vinyl asbestos tile, mastics and roofing materials, which we believe are generally in good condition. Fireproofing and insulation containing asbestos is also present in certain Properties in limited concentrations or in limited areas. The presence of such asbestos-containing materials does not violate currently applicable laws. Generally, we remove asbestos-containing materials as required in the ordinary course of any renovation, reconstruction, or expansion, and in connection with the retensing of space.

Underground Storage Tanks. Several of the Properties contain, or at one time contained, underground storage tanks used to store waste oils or other petroleum products primarily related to auto service center establishments or emergency electrical generation equipment. We believe that regulated tanks have been removed, upgraded or abandoned in accordance with applicable environmental laws. Site assessments have revealed certain soil and groundwater contamination associated with such tanks at some of these Properties. Subsurface investigations (Phase II assessments) and remediation activities are either completed, ongoing, or scheduled to be conducted at such Properties. The costs of remediation with respect to such matters has not been material and we do not expect these costs will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Properties to be Developed or Acquired. Land held for mall development or that may be acquired for development may contain residues or debris associated with the use of the land by prior owners or third parties. In certain instances, such residues or debris could be or contain hazardous wastes or hazardous substances. Prior to exercising any option to acquire properties, we typically conduct environmental due diligence consistent with acceptable industry standards.

Certain Activities

During the past three years, we have:

- issued 14,383,201 shares of common stock upon the conversion of Series A and B preferred, stock;
- issued 19,817 shares of common stock in lieu of preferred dividends on Series A preferred stock;
- issued 4,013,250 shares of common stock upon the conversion of units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership;
- issued 814,491 restricted shares of common stock, net of forfeitures, under The Simon Property Group 1998 Stock Incentive Plan;
- issued 1,805,479 shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options under The Simon Property Group 1998 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Issued 3,328,540 shares of Series H preferred stock in 2003 and repurchased 3,250,528 shares in 2003 and 78,012 shares in 2004;
- borrowed a maximum amount of \$863.0 million under our \$1.25 billion unsecured revolving credit facility; the outstanding amount of borrowings as of December 31, 2003 was \$327.9 million;

9

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- as a co-borrower with the Operating Partnership, borrowed a maximum of \$1.4 billion under a \$1.4 billion unsecured acquisition loan taken out in connection with our merger in 1998 with Corporate Property Investors, Inc.; the outstanding balance of this loan was paid off on August 6, 2001;
 - as a co-borrower with the Operating Partnership, borrowed a maximum of \$600 million under a \$600 million 12-month acquisition credit facility taken out in connection with the Rodamco acquisition; the outstanding balance of this acquisition credit facility was paid off during the third quarter of 2002;
 - not made loans to other entities or persons, including our officers and directors, other than to the Management Company and certain officers to pay income taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock; all loans previously made to current executive officers have been repaid in full;
 - not invested in the securities of other issuers for the purpose of exercising control, other than the Operating Partnership and certain wholly-owned subsidiaries and to acquire interests in real estate, except for 11,000 shares of Taubman Centers, Inc. common stock acquired in connection with our withdrawn tender offer for Taubman Centers, Inc.;
 - not underwritten securities of other issuers;
 - not engaged in the purchase and sale or turnover of investments; and
 - provided annual reports containing financial statements certified by independent public accountants and quarterly reports containing unaudited financial statements to our security holders.

Employees

At February 9, 2004 we and our affiliates employed approximately 4,040 persons at various properties and offices throughout the United States, of which approximately 1,600 were part-time. Approximately 860 of these employees were located at our corporate headquarters.

Corporate Headquarters

Our corporate headquarters are located at National City Center, 115 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204, and our telephone number is (317) 636-1600.

Available information

Our Internet website address is www.simon.com. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act are available or may be accessed free of charge through the About Simon//Investor Relations section of our Internet website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. Our internet website and the information contained therein or connected thereto are not intended to be incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The following corporate governance documents are also available through the About Simon/Investor Relations/Corporate Governance section of our Internet website or may be obtained in print form by request of our Investor Relations Department: Governance Principles, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Audit Committee Charter, Compensation Committee Charter, Nominating Committee Charter, and Governance Committee Charter.

10

Executive Officers of the Registrants

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the executive officers of Simon Property as of December 31, 2003.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Melvin Simon (1)	77	Co-Chairman

Herbert Simon (1)	69	Co-Chairman
David Simon (1)	42	Chief Executive Officer
Richard S. Sokolov	54	President and Chief Operating Officer
Hans C. Mautner	66	Chairman, Simon Global Limited and President, International Division
Gary L. Lewis	45	Executive Vice President — Leasing
Stephen E. Sterrett	48	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
J. Scott Mumphrey	52	Executive Vice President — Property Management
John Rulli	47	Executive Vice President — Chief Operating Officer — Operating Properties
James M. Barkley	52	General Counsel; Secretary
Andrew A. Juster	51	Senior Vice President and Treasurer

(1) Melvin Simon is the brother of Herbert Simon and the father of David Simon.

Set forth below is a summary of the business experience of the executive officers of Simon Property. The executive officers of Simon Property serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. For biographical information of Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon, David Simon, Hans C. Mautner, and Richard S. Sokolov, see Item 10 of this report.

Mr. Lewis is the Executive Vice President — Leasing of Simon Property. Mr. Lewis joined MSA in 1986 and held various positions with MSA and Simon Property prior to becoming Executive Vice President in charge of Leasing of Simon Property in 2002.

Mr. Sterrett serves as Simon Property's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. He joined MSA in 1989 and held various positions with MSA until 1993 when he became Simon Property's Senior Vice President and Treasurer. He became Simon Property's Chief Financial Officer in 2001.

Mr. Mumphrey serves as Simon Property's Executive Vice President — Property Management. He joined MSA in 1974 and also held various positions with MSA before becoming Senior Vice President of property management in 1993. In 2000, he became the President of Simon Business Network. Mr. Mumphrey became Executive Vice President — Property Management in 2002.

Mr. Rulli serves as Simon Property's Executive Vice President — Chief Operating Officer — Operating Properties and served as Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer for the majority of 2003. He joined MSA in 1988 and held various positions with MSA before becoming Simon Property's Executive Vice President in 1993 and Chief Administrative Officer in 2000. In December 2003, he was appointed to Executive Vice President — Chief Operating Officer — Operating Properties.

Mr. Barkley serves as Simon Property's General Counsel and Secretary. Mr. Barkley holds the same position for MSA. He joined MSA in 1978 as Assistant General Counsel for Development Activity.

Mr. Juster serves as Simon Property's Senior Vice President and Treasurer. He joined MSA in 1989 and held various financial positions with MSA until 1993 and thereafter has held various positions with Simon Property. Mr. Juster became Treasurer in 2001.

Item 2. Properties

North American Properties

Our Properties primarily consist of regional malls and community shopping centers. Our Properties contain an aggregate of approximately 190.3 million square feet of GLA, of which we own 108.4 million square feet ("Owned GLA"). Total estimated retail sales at the Properties in 2003 were approximately \$40 billion.

Regional malls generally contain two or more anchors and a wide variety of smaller stores ("Mall" stores) located in enclosed malls connecting the anchors. Additional stores ("Freestanding" stores) are usually located along the perimeter of the parking area. Our 175 regional malls range in size from approximately 200,000 to 2.9 million square feet of GLA, with all but four regional malls over 400,000 square feet. Our regional malls contain in the aggregate more than 18,500 occupied stores, including over 700 anchors, which are mostly national retailers.

Community shopping centers are generally unenclosed and smaller than regional malls. Our 67 community shopping centers generally range in size from approximately 50,000 to 950,000 square feet of GLA. Community shopping centers generally are of three types. First, we own "power centers" that are designed to serve a larger trade area and contain at least two anchors, and usually as many as 5 to 7, that are usually national retailers among the leaders in their markets and occupy more than 70% of the GLA in the center. Second, we own traditional community centers that focus primarily on value-oriented and convenience goods and services. These centers are usually anchored by a supermarket, discount retailer, or drugstore and are designed to service a neighborhood area. Finally, we also own open air centers adjacent to our regional malls designed to take advantage of the drawing power of the mall.

We also own lifestyle centers that are included in regional malls, community centers, and properties under development. These centers are typically open air centers and contain at least 50,000 square feet of GLA of specialty retail regional mall type tenants as well as restaurants.

We also have interests in four office and mixed-use Properties. The four office and mixed-use Properties range in size from approximately 496,000 to 1,214,000 square feet of GLA. Two of these Properties are regional malls with connected office buildings, and two are located in mixed-use developments and contain primarily office space.

The following table provides data as of December 31, 2003:

	Regional Malls	Community Centers	Office and Other
% of total annualized base rent	91.3%	5.6%	3.1%
% of total GLA	89.0%	9.4%	1.6%
% of Owned GLA	85.5%	11.7%	2.8%

As of December 31, 2003, approximately 92.4% of the Mall and Freestanding Owned GLA in regional malls and the retail space in the mixed-use Properties was leased, and approximately 90.2% of Owned GLA in the community shopping centers was leased.

We own 100% of 156 of our 246 Properties, control 14 Properties in which we have a joint venture interest, and hold the remaining 76 Properties through unconsolidated joint venture interests. We are the managing or co-managing general partner or member of 235 of our Properties. Substantially all of our joint venture Properties are subject to rights of first refusal, buy-sell provisions, or other sale rights for all partners which are customary in real estate partnership agreements and the industry. Our partners in our joint ventures may initiate these provisions at any time, which will result in either the use of available cash or borrowings to acquire their partnership interest or the disposal of our partnership interest.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
UNITED STATES REGIONAL MALLS										
1. Alton Square	IL	Alton (St. Louis)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1993	79.2%	426,315	212,746	639,061	Sears, JCPenney,
2. Anderson Mall	SC	Anderson	Fee	100.0%	Built 1972	94.7%	404,394	212,337	616,731	Famous Barr Belk, Belk Mens & Home Store, JCPenney, Sears, Goody's
3. Apple Blossom Mall	VA	Winchester	Fee	49.1% (4)	Acquired 1999	90.8%	229,011	214,414	443,425	Belk, JCPenney, Sears
4. Arsenal Mall	MA	Watertown (Boston)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1999	77.3%	191,395	310,476	501,871 (20)	Marshalls, Home Depot, Linens-N- Things, Filene's Basement, Old Navy
5. Atrium Mall	MA	Chestnut Hill (Boston)	Fee	49.1% (4)	Acquired 1999	97.7%		205,477	205,477	Border Books & Music, Cheesecake Factory, Tiffany
6. Auburn Mall	MA	Auburn (Boston)	Fee	49.1% (4)	Acquired 1999	95.8%	417,620	174,632	592,252	Filene's, Filene's Home Store, Sears
7. Aurora Mall	CO	Aurora (Denver)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	76.2%	566,015	448,381	1,014,396	JCPenney, Foley's, Foley's Mens & Home, Sears
8. Aventura Mall (5)	FL	Miami Beach	Fee	33.3% (4)	Built 1983	96.8%	1,242,098	661,951	1,904,049	Macy's, Sears, Bloomingdales, JCPenney, Lord & Taylor (17), Burdines- Macy's
9. Avenues, The	FL	Jacksonville	Fee	25.0% (14) (4)	Built 1990	95.7%	754,956	362,343	1,117,299	Belk, Dillard's, JCPenney, Parisian, Sears
10. Bancor Mall	ME	Bancor	Fee	32.6% (4)	Acquired 2003	86.4%	417,757	236,125	653,882	Filene's.

11. Barton Creek Square	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0%	Built 1981	97.5%	922,266	507,248	1,429,514	JCPenney, Porteous, Sears Dillard's Womens & Home, Dillard's Mens & Children, Foley's, Sears, Nordstrom, JCPenney
12. Battlefield Mall	MO	Springfield	Fee and Ground Lease (2056)	100.0%	Built 1970	96.9%	770,111	405,857	1,175,968	Dillard's Womens, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home, Famous Barr, Sears, JCPenney
13. Bay Park Square	WI	Green Bay	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	99.5%	447,508	268,282	715,790	Younkers, Elder-Beerman, Kohl's, Shopko
14. Biltmore Square	NC	Asheville	Fee	100.0%	Built 1989	83.0%	242,576	251,372	493,948	Belk, Dillard's, Proffitt's, Goody's
15. Bowie Town Center	MD	Bowie (Washington, D.C.)	Fee	100.0%	Built 2001	100.0%	338,567	325,684	664,251	Hecht's, Sears, Safeway, Barnes & Noble, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Old Navy
16. Boynton Beach Mall	FL	Boynton Beach	Fee	100.0%	Built 1985	97.6%	883,720	300,005	1,183,725	Macy's, Burdines-Macy's, Sears, Dillard's
17. Brea Mall	CA	Brea	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	98.4%	874,802	441,126	1,315,928	Mens & Home, Dillard's Womens, JCPenney, Macy's, JCPenney, Robinsons-May, Nordstrom, Sears

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
18. Broadway Square	TX	Tyler	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1994	97.0%	427,730	191,011	618,741	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears
19. Brunswick Square	NJ	East Brunswick (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1973	93.9%	467,626	305,355	772,981	Macy's, JCPenney, Barnes & Noble
20. Burlington Mall	MA	Burlington (Boston)	Ground Lease (2048)	100.0%	Acquired 1998	99.8%	836,236	417,847	1,254,083	Macy's, Lord & Taylor, Filene's, Sears
21. Cape Cod Mall	MA	Hyannis	Ground Leases (7) (2009-2073)	49.1% (4)	Acquired 1999	100.0%	420,199	303,574	723,773	Macy's, Filene's, Marshalls, Sears, Best Buy, Barnes & Noble
22. Castleton Square	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0%	Built 1972	97.2%	1,105,913	366,272	1,472,185	Galyan's, L.S. Ayres, Lazarus-Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, Von Maur
23. Century III Mall	PA	West Mifflin (Pittsburgh)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1979	88.2%	773,439	507,556	1,280,995	JCPenney, Sears, Kaufmann's, Kaufmann's Home Store, Wickes Furniture, Steve & Barry's
24. Charlottesville Fashion Square	VA	Charlottesville	Ground Lease (2076)	100.0%	Acquired 1997	98.5%	381,153	191,288	572,441	Belk Womens & Children, Belk Mens & Home, JCPenney, Sears

25.	Chautauqua Mall	NY	Lakewood	Fee	100.0%	Built 1971	95.0%	213,320	219,014	432,334	Sears, JCPenney, Office Max, The Bon Ton
26.	Cheltenham Square	PA	Philadelphia	Fee	100.0%	Built 1981	97.0%	368,266	270,987	639,253	Burlington Coat Factory, Home Depot, Value City, Seaman's Furniture, Shop Rite
27.	Chesapeake Square	VA	Chesapeake	Fee and Ground Lease (2062)	75.0% (13)	Built 1989	96.9%	537,279	272,040	809,319	Dillard's Women, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home, JCPenney, Sears, Hecht's, Target
28.	Cielo Vista Mall	TX	El Paso	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2005)	100.0%	Built 1974	97.7%	793,716	399,062	1,192,778	Dillard's Womens & Furniture, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home, JCPenney, Foley's, Sears
29.	Circle Centre	IN	Indianapolis	Property Lease (2097)	14.7% (4)	Built 1995	96.7%	350,000	441,116	791,116	Nordstrom, Parisian, Gameworks
30.	College Mall	IN	Bloomington	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2048)	100.0%	Built 1965	83.5%	439,766	266,006	705,772	Sears, L. S. Ayres, Target, (8)
31.	Columbia Center	WA	Kennewick	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	97.8%	408,052	333,553	741,605	Sears, JCPenney, Barnes & Noble, Bon-Macy's, Bon-Macy's Mens & Children
32.	Coral Square	FL	Coral Springs (Miami-Ft. Lauderdale)	Fee	97.2%	Built 1984	97.4%	648,144	296,619	944,763	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Burdines-Macy's Mens, Children & Home, Burdines-Macy's Women
33.	Cordova Mall	FL	Pensecola	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	89.8%	488,263	345,563	833,826	Parisian, Dillard's Men, Dillard's Women, Best Buy, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Cost Plus World Market (6)

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total		
34.	Cottonwood Mall	NM	Albuquerque	Fee	100.0%	Built 1996	84.8%	631,556	409,743	1,041,299	Dillard's, Foley's, JCPenney, Mervyn's, Sears
35.	Crossroads Mall	NE	Omaha	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1994	94.6%	609,669	248,914	858,583	Dillard's, Sears, Younkers, Barnes & Noble
36.	Crystal Mall	CT	Waterford	Fee	74.6% (4)	Acquired 1998	97.8%	442,311	351,425	793,736	Macy's, Filene's, JC Penney, Sears
37.	Crystal River Mall	FL	Crystal River	Fee	100.0%	Built 1990	96.7%	302,495	121,798	424,293	JCPenney, Sears, Belk, Kmart
38.	Dadeland Mall	FL	North Miami Beach	Fee	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1997	97.9%	1,062,072	334,404	1,396,476	Saks Fifth Avenue, JCPenney, Burdines-

39.	DeSoto Square	FL	Bradenton	Fee	100.0%	Built 1973	92.1%	435,467	255,776	691,243	Macy's, Burdines-Macy's Home Gallery, The Limited, Nordstrom (6) JCPenney, Sears, Dillard's, Burdines-Macy's
40.	Eastland Mall	IN	Evansville	Fee	50.0%	(4)Acquired 1998	90.5%	532,955	365,646	898,601	JCPenney, Famous Barr, Lazarus-Macy's, (8)
41.	Eastland Mall	OK	Tulsa	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	69.3%	305,732	177,166	482,898	Dillard's, Mervyn's, Mickey's, (8)
42.	Edison Mall	FL	Fort Meyers	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	98.1%	742,667	299,405	1,042,072	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Burdines-Macy's Mens, Children & Home, Burdines-Macy's Women
43.	Emerald Square	MA	North Attleboro	Fee	49.1%	(4)Acquired 1999	98.5%	647,372	375,149	1,022,521	Filene's, JCPenney, Lord & Taylor, Sears
44.	Empire Mall (5)	SD	Sioux Falls	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2013)	50.0%	(4)Acquired 1998	92.4%	497,341	549,942	1,047,283	JCPenney, Younkers, Sears, Richman Gordman, Marshall Field's
45.	Fashion Mall at Keystone at the Crossing, The	IN	Indianapolis	Ground Lease (2067)	100.0%	Acquired 1997	91.4%	249,721	408,678	658,399	(20)Parisian, Saks Fifth Avenue
46.	Fashion Valley Mall	CA	San Diego	Fee	50.0%	(4)Acquired 2001	99.4%	1,053,305	653,913	1,707,218	JCPenney, Macy's, Neiman-Marcus, Nordstrom, Robinson-May, Saks Fifth Avenue
47.	Florida Mall, The	FL	Orlando	Fee	50.0%	(4) Built 1986	97.4%	1,232,416	615,247	1,847,663	Dillard's, JCPenney, Lord & Taylor (17), Saks Fifth Avenue, Sears, Burdines-Macy's, Nordstrom
48.	Forest Mall	WI	Fond Du Lac	Fee	100.0%	Built 1973	93.6%	327,260	173,994	501,254	JCPenney, Kohl's, Younkers, Sears, Staples
49.	Forum Shops at Caesars, The	NV	Las Vegas	Ground Lease (2050)	100.0%	Built 1992	97.3%		483,838	483,838	
50.	Granite Run Mall	PA	Media (Philadelphia)	Fee	50.0%	(4)Acquired 1998	94.9%	500,809	546,358	1,047,167	JCPenney, Sears, Boscovs
51.	Great Lakes Mall	OH	Mentor (Cleveland)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1961	92.5%	879,300	422,040	1,301,340	Dillard's Men, Dillard's Women, Kaufmann's, JCPenney, Sears
52.	Greendale Mall	MA	Worcester (Boston)	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2009)	49.1%	(4)Acquired 1999	98.8%	132,634	298,662	431,296	(20)Best Buy, Marshalls, T.J. Maxx & More, Family Fitness, DSW Shoe Warehouse
53.	Greenwood Park Mall	IN	Greenwood	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1979	98.2%	898,928	412,711	1,311,639	JCPenney, JCPenney Home Store, Lazarus-Macy's, L.S. Ayres, Sears, Von Maur, Dick's Sporting Goods (6)

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
54. Gulf View Square	FL	Port Richey (Tampa-St. Pete)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	97.1%	461,852	234,012	695,864	Sears, Dillard's, JCPenney, Burdines- Macy's, Linens N Things (6), Best Buy (6)
55. Gwinnett Place	GA	Duluth (Atlanta)	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	90.7%	843,609	433,571	1,277,180	Parisian, Rich's-Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, (8)
56. Haywood Mall	SC	Greenville	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2017)	100.0%	Acquired 1998	96.9%	913,633	329,971	1,243,604	Rich's-Macy's, Sears, Dillard's, JCPenney, Belk
57. Heritage Park Mall	OK	Midwest City	Fee	100.0%	Built 1978	59.4%	382,700	223,639	606,339	Dillard's, Sears, (8)
58. Highland Mall (5)	TX	Austin	Fee and Ground Lease (2070)	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	94.9%	732,000	358,685	1,090,685	Dillard's Women & Home, Dillard's Mens & Children, Foley's, JCPenney
59. Hutchinson Mall	KS	Hutchinson	Fee	100.0%	Built 1985	90.1%	277,665	247,703	525,368	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Hobby Lobby
60. Independence Center	MO	Independence (Kansas City)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1994	96.5%	499,284	522,772	1,022,056	Dillard's, Sears, The Jones Store Co.
61. Indian River Mall	FL	Vero Beach	Fee	50.0%	(4) Built 1996	88.3%	445,552	302,456	748,008	Sears, JCPenney, Dillard's, Burdines- Macy's
62. Ingram Park Mall	TX	San Antonio	Fee	100.0%	Built 1979	95.5%	751,704	377,536	1,129,240	Dillard's, Dillard's Home Center, Foley's, JCPenney, Sears, Beall's
63. Irving Mall	TX	Irving (Dallas- Ft. Worth)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1971	95.9%	726,574	376,567	1,103,141	Foley's, Dillard's, Mervyn's, Sears, Barnes & Noble, FYE, Circuit City (6)
64. Jefferson Valley Mall	NY	Yorktown Heights (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1983	97.1%	310,095	277,055	587,150	Macy's, Sears, H&M
65. King of Prussia Mall	PA	King of Prussia	Fee	12.9%	(4) Acquired 2003	98.0%	1,775,871	1,074,756	2,850,627	(20) JCPenney, Lord & Taylor, Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Sears, Strawbridge's, Bloomingdale's, Macy's
66. Knoxville Center	TN	Knoxville	Fee	100.0%	Built 1984	91.9%	597,028	381,539	978,567	Dillard's, JCPenney, Proffitt's, Sears, The Rush
67. La Plaza Mall	TX	McAllen	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2040)	100.0%	Built 1976	99.6%	778,768	426,751	1,205,519	Dillard's, JCPenney, Foley's, Foley's Home Store, Sears, Beall's, Joe Brand-Lady Brand
68. Lafayette Square	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0%	Built 1968	97.5%	937,223	272,091	1,209,314	JCPenney, L.S. Ayres, Sears, Burlington Coat Factory, Steve &

Barry's, Kittles
Rooms
Express, (8)
Macy's,
JCPenney,
Sears
JCPenney,
Sears, Belk,
Target
Dillard's,
Foley's, Sears,
JCPenney,
Mervyn's

69.	Laguna Hills Mall	CA	Laguna Hills (Orange County)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	95.8%	536,500	331,133	867,633
70.	Lake Square Mall	FL	Leesburg	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	91.8%	296,037	264,930	560,967
71.	Lakeline Mall	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0%	Built 1995	94.3%	745,179	355,192	1,100,371
72.	Las Vegas Premium Outlets (5)	NV	Las Vegas	Fee	50.0%	(4) Built 2003	96.3%		432,478	432,478

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
73. Lehigh Valley Mall	PA	Whitehall	(15)	(15)	Acquired 2003	91.2%	564,353	502,908	1,067,261	(20) JCPenney, Macy's, Strawbridge's
74. Lenox Square	GA	Atlanta	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	89.6%	821,356	662,867	1,484,223	Neiman Marcus, Rich's-Macy's, Bloomingdale's
75. Liberty Tree Mall	MA	Danvers (Boston)	Fee	49.1%	(4) Acquired 1999	97.6%	498,000	359,018	857,018	Marshalls, Sports Authority, Target, Old Navy, Stop and Shop, Best Buy, Staples, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Kohl's
76. Lima Mall	OH	Lima	Fee	100.0%	Built 1965	98.3%	541,861	203,238	745,099	Elder-Beerman, Sears, Lazarus-Macy's, JCPenney
77. Lincolnwood Town Center	IL	Lincolnwood (Chicago)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1990	98.1%	220,830	201,045	421,875	Kohl's, Carson
78. Lindale Mall (5)	IA	Cedar Rapids	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	89.5%	305,563	385,392	690,955	Pirie Scott
79. Livingston Mall	NJ	Livingston (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	99.6%	616,128	369,449	985,577	Von Maur, Sears, Younkers
80. Longview Mall	TX	Longview	Fee	100.0%	Built 1978	90.3%	402,843	210,112	612,955	Macy's, Sears, Lord & Taylor
81. Mall at Chestnut Hill	MA	Newton (Boston)	Lease (2039) (9)	47.2%	(4) Acquired 2002	96.5%	297,253	180,932	478,185	Dillard's, Dillard's Men, JCPenney, Sears, Beall's, (8)
82. Mall at Rockingham Park	NH	Salem (Boston)	Fee	24.6%	(4) Acquired 1999	100.0%	638,111	382,110	1,020,221	Bloomingdale's, Filene's
83. Mall of America	MN	Bloomington (Minneapolis-St. Paul)	Fee	27.5%	(4) (12) Acquired 1999	92.7%	1,220,305	1,558,937	2,779,242	Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, Bloomingdales, Nordstrom, Sears, Knott's Camp Snoopy, Barnes & Noble, Old Navy, DSW Shoe Warehouse, Marshalls, Sportmart, Nordstrom Rack
84. Mall of Georgia	GA	Mill Creek (Atlanta)	Fee	50.0%	(13) (4) Built 1999	94.2%	989,590	795,581	1,785,171	Lord & Taylor (17), Rich's-Macy's, Dillard's, Galyan's, Haverty's, JCPenney, Nordstrom,

85. Mall of New Hampshire	NH	Manchester (Boston)	Fee	49.1% (4)	Acquired 1999	97.8%	444,889	361,605	806,494	Bed, Bath & Beyond Filene's, JCPenney, Sears, Best Buy
86. Maplewood Mall	MN	Minneapolis	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 2002	88.5%	578,060	330,337	908,397	Sears, Marshall Field's, Kohl's, Mervyn's Lazarus-Macy's, Sears, Target
87. Markland Mall	IN	Kokomo	Ground Lease (2041)	100.0%	Built 1968	98.7%	273,094	140,070	413,164	Sears, Target
88. McCain Mall	AR	N. Little Rock	Fee and Ground Lease (10) (2032)	100.0%	Built 1973	99.7%	554,156	222,306	776,462	Sears, Dillard's, JCPenney, M.M. Cohn
89. Melbourne Square	FL	Melbourne	Fee	100.0%	Built 1982	92.0%	471,173	258,236	729,409	Belk, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home, Dillard's Women, JCPenney, Burdines- Macy's, Office Max
90. Menlo Park Mall	NJ	Edison (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	92.1%	527,591	756,111	1,283,702 (20)	Macy's Women, Macy's Men, Macy's Children & Home, Nordstrom, Barnes & Noble
91. Mesa Mall (5)	CO	Grand Junction	Fee	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1998	92.4%	425,817	435,741	861,558	Sears, Herberger's, JCPenney, Target, Mervyn's, Gant Sports

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PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
92. Metrocenter	AZ	Phoenix	Fee	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1998	94.0%	876,027	515,828	1,391,855	Macy's, Dillard's, Robinsons-May, JCPenney, Sears, ZeroG Sports & Entertainment
93. Miami International Mall	FL	South Miami	Fee	47.8% (4)	Built 1982	95.8%	783,308	290,791	1,074,099	Sears, Dillard's, JCPenney, Burdines- Macy's Mens & Home, Burdines- Macy's Women & Children
94. Midland Park Mall	TX	Midland	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	94.3%	339,113	278,980	618,093	Dillard's, Dillard's Mens & Juniors, JCPenney, Sears, Beall's, Ross Dress for Less
95. Miller Hill Mall	MN	Duluth	Ground Lease (2008)	100.0%	Built 1973	98.7%	429,508	375,911	805,419	JCPenney, Sears, Younkers, Barnes & Noble
96. Montgomery Mall	PA	Montgomeryville	Fee	23.1% (4)	Acquired 2003	91.9%	684,855	435,540	1,120,395	JCPenney, Macy's, Sears, Strawbridge's
97. Muncie Mall	IN	Muncie	Fee	100.0%	Built 1970	97.3%	435,756	218,986	654,742	JCPenney, L.S. Ayres, Sears, Elder Beerman

98.	Nanuet Mall	NY	Nanuet (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	90.7%	583,711	331,915	915,626	Macy's, Boscov, Sears Saks Fifth Avenue, Nordstrom, Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Foley's, (8) Sears, JCPenney, Carson Pirie Scott Womens, Carson Pirie Scott Mens, Children & Home Nordstrom, JCPenney, Gottschalk, Bon-Macy's, Toys "R" Us Parisian, Rich's-Macy's, Sears, JCPenney Von Maur, Younkens, Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Barnes & Noble Macy's, Filene's, JCPenney, Lord & Taylor, Sears, Filene's Basement, Bally Total Fitness Famous Barr, JCPenney, Sears
99.	North East Mall	TX	Hurst (Dallas-Ft. Worth)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1971	97.9%	1,194,589	357,283	1,551,872	
100.	Northfield Square Mall	IL	Bourbonnais (Chicago)	Fee	31.6%	(13) (4) Built 1990	83.7%	310,994	247,375	558,369	
101.	Northgate Mall	WA	Seattle	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	99.2%	688,391	308,873	997,264	
102.	Northlake Mall	GA	Atlanta	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	94.9%	665,745	296,402	962,147	
103.	Northpark Mall	IA	Davenport	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	92.5%	651,533	426,420	1,077,953	
104.	Northshore Mall	MA	Peabody (Boston)	Fee	49.1%	(4) Acquired 1999	97.7%	989,277	695,441	1,684,718	
105.	Northwoods Mall	IL	Peoria	Fee	100.0%	Built 1983	98.7%	472,969	222,415	695,384	
106.	Oak Court Mall	TN	Memphis	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	86.6%	535,000	318,375	853,375	
107.	Ocean County Mall	NJ	Toms River (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	96.6%	620,755	276,246	897,001	
108.	Orange Park Mall	FL	Orange Park	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1994	97.2%	534,180	390,175	924,355	
109.	Orland Square	IL	Orland Park (Chicago)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	96.6%	773,295	433,648	1,206,943	
110.	Oxford Valley Mall	PA	Langhorne	Fee	65.8%	Acquired 2003	94.3%	762,558	509,674	1,272,232	(20) JCPenney, Macy's, Sears, Strawbridge's

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
111. Paddock Mall	FL	Ocala	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	95.3%	387,378	172,786	560,164	JCPenney, Sears, Belk, Burdines-Macy's
112. Palm Beach Mall	FL	West Palm Beach	Fee	100.0%	Built 1967	96.9%	749,288	335,941	1,085,229	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Burdines-Macy's, Borders

113.	Penn Square	OK	Oklahoma City	Ground Lease (2060)	94.5%	Acquired 2002	97.4%	588,137	425,255	1,013,392	Books & Music, DSW Shoe Warehouse, Old Navy		
114.	Pheasant Lane Mall	NH	Nashua (Boston)	(16)	(16)	(4)	Acquired 2002	98.5%	675,759	313,135	988,894	Foley's, JCPenney, Dillard's Womens, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home	
115.	Phipps Plaza	GA	Atlanta	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	96.9%	472,385	348,931	821,316	Macy's, Filene's, JC Penney, Sears, Target		
116.	Port Charlotte Town Center	FL	Port Charlotte	Ground Lease (2064)	80.0%	(13)	Built 1989	88.9%	458,554	321,928	780,482	Lord & Taylor (17), Parisian, Saks Fifth Avenue	
117.	Prien Lake Mall	LA	Lake Charles	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2025)	100.0%	Built 1972	97.9%	631,762	178,931	810,693	Dillard's, JCPenney, Beall's, Sears, Burdines-Macy's, DSW Shoe Warehouse		
118.	Quaker Bridge Mall	NJ	Lawrenceville	Fee	39.6%	(4)	Acquired 2003	95.9%	686,760	423,047	1,109,807	Dillard's, JCPenney, Foley's (19), Sears	
119.	Raleigh Springs Mall	TN	Memphis	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2018)	100.0%	Built 1971	45.0%	691,230	226,369	917,599	JCPenney, Lord & Taylor, Macy's, Sears		
120.	Richardson Square	TX	Richardson (Dallas-Ft. Worth)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1977	73.4%	471,436	283,900	755,336	Sears, (8)		
121.	Richmond Town Square	OH	Richmond Heights (Cleveland)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1966	99.5%	685,251	331,526	1,016,777	Dillard's, Sears, Target, Ross Dress for Less, Barnes & Noble, Oshman's		
122.	River Oaks Center	IL	Calumet City (Chicago)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	90.0%	834,588	544,223	1,378,811	(20)Sears, JCPenney, Carson Pirie Scott, Marshall Field's		
123.	Rockaway Townsquare	NJ	Rockaway (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	95.3%	786,626	461,697	1,248,323	Macy's, Lord & Taylor, JCPenney, Sears		
124.	Rolling Oaks Mall	TX	San Antonio	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	68.3%	460,857	276,312	737,169	Sears, Dillard's, Foley's, Tony Hawk's Skate Park, JC Penney (6)		
125.	Roosevelt Field Mall	NY	Garden City (New York)	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2090)	100.0%	Acquired 1998	98.2%	1,430,425	750,101	2,180,526	Macy's, Bloomingdale's, JCPenney, Nordstrom, Gaylans, Bloomingdale's Furniture (6)		
126.	Ross Park Mall	PA	Pittsburgh	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	97.5%	827,015	407,583	1,234,598	Lazarus-Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, Kaufmann's, Media Play, DSW Shoe Warehouse		
127.	Rushmore Mall (5)	SD	Rapid City	Fee	50.0%	(4)	Acquired 1998	98.1%	470,660	364,948	835,608	JCPenney, Sears, Herberger's, Hobby Lobby, Target, Scheel's	
128.	Santa Rosa Plaza	CA	Santa Rosa	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	93.6%	428,258	270,487	698,745	Sports Macy's, Mervyn's, Sears		
129.	Seminole Towne Center	FL	Sanford	Fee	45.0%	(14)	(4)	Built 1995	93.8%	768,798	384,802	1,153,600	Dillard's, JCPenney, Parisian, Sears, Burdines-Macy's
130.	Shops at Mission Viejo Mall, The	CA	Mission Viejo (Orange County)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1979	98.6%	677,215	472,699	1,149,914	Macy's, Saks Fifth Avenue, Robinsons-May, Nordstrom		

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
131. Shops at Sunset Place, The	FL	Miami	Fee	37.5%	(4) Built 1999	88.7%		500,143	500,143	Niketown, Barnes & Noble, Gameworks, Virgin Megastore, Z Gallerie
132. Smith Haven Mall	NY	Lake Grove (New York)	Fee	25.0%	(4) Acquired 1995	96.7%	902,595	455,400	1,357,995	Macy's, Sears, JCPenney, H&M, Stern's
133. Solomon Pond Mall	MA	Marlborough (Boston)	Fee	49.1%	(4) Acquired 1999	100.0%	538,843	373,754	912,597	Filene's, Sears, JCPenney, Linens-N-Things
134. Source, The	NY	Westbury (New York)	Fee	25.5%	(4) Built 1997	93.5%	210,798	518,354	729,152	Off 5th-Saks Fifth Avenue, Fortunoff, Nordstrom Rack, Old Navy, Circuit City, Virgin Megastore, Rosewood Home Furnishings, H&M
135. South Hills Village	PA	Pittsburgh	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1997	96.5%	655,987	454,033	1,110,020	Sears, Kaufmann's, Lazarus-
136. South Shore Plaza	MA	Braintree (Boston)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	98.3%	847,603	614,037	1,461,640	Macy's, Filene's, Lord & Taylor, Sears, Filene's Basement
137. Southern Hills Mall (5)	IA	Sioux City	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	71.0%	372,937	428,619	801,556	Younkers, Sears, Sheel's Sporting Goods, Barnes & Noble (6), (8)
138. Southern Park Mall	OH	Boardman	Fee	100.0%	Built 1970	97.5%	811,858	385,922	1,197,780	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Kaufmann's
139. Southgate Mall	AZ	Yuma	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1988	99.7%	252,264	69,310	321,574	Sears, Dillard's, JCPenney, Albertson's
140. SouthPark	NC	Charlotte	Fee & Ground Lease (11) (2040)	100.0%	Acquired 2002	87.9%	857,254	332,104	1,189,358	Nordstrom (6), Hecht's, Belk, Dillard's, Gaylans (6)
141. Southpark Mall	IL	Moline	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	93.5%	578,056	447,997	1,026,053	JCPenney, Younkers, Sears, Von Maur
142. SouthRidge Mall (5)	IA	Des Moines	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	71.2%	497,806	504,732	1,002,538	Sears, Younkers, JCPenney, Target, (8)
143. Square One Mall	MA	Saugus (Boston)	Fee	49.1%	(4) Acquired 1999	99.4%	540,101	324,593	864,694	Filene's, Sears, Best Buy, T.J. Maxx N More, Filene's Basement
144. St. Charles Towne Center	MD	Waldorf (Washington, D.C.)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1990	96.0%	631,602	354,007	985,609	Sears, JCPenney, Kohl's, Hecht's, Hecht's Home Store
145. Stanford Shopping Center	CA	Palo Alto (San Francisco)	Ground Lease (2054)	100.0%	Acquired 2003	97.8%	849,153	522,459	1,371,612	Macy's, Neiman Marcus, Nortstrom,

146.	Summit Mall	OH	Akron (Cleveland)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1965	94.1%	432,936	331,297	764,233	Bloomingdales Dillard's Women & Children, Dillard's Mens & Home, Kaufmann's
147.	Sunland Park Mall	TX	El Paso	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	89.9%	575,837	342,131	917,968	JCPenney, Mervyn's, Sears, Dillard's Women & Children, Dillard's Mens & Home
148.	Tacoma Mall	WA	Tacoma	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	98.7%	924,045	370,419	1,294,464	Nordstrom, Sears, JCPenney, Bon-Macy's, Mervyn's
149.	The Galleria	TX	Houston	Fee	31.5%	(4) Acquired 2002	88.3%	1,300,466	1,104,346	2,404,812	Macy's, Saks Fifth Avenue, Neiman Marcus, Lord & Taylor (17), Nordstrom, Foley's, University Club
150.	Tippecanoe Mall	IN	Lafayette	Fee	100.0%	Built 1973	98.5%	568,373	291,153	859,526	L.S. Ayres, JCPenney, Sears, Kohl's, (8)

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
151. Town Center at Boca Raton	FL	Boca Raton	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	99.4%	1,061,076	494,247	1,555,323	Lord & Taylor (17), Saks Fifth Avenue, Bloomingdale's, Sears, Burdines- Macy's, Nordstrom
152. Town Center at Cobb	GA	Kennesaw (Atlanta)	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	97.9%	851,346	421,107	1,272,453	Rich's-Macy's, Parisian, Sears, JCPenney, Rich's-Macy's Furniture
153. Towne East Square	KS	Wichita	Fee	100.0%	Built 1975	95.9%	779,490	399,619	1,179,109	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Von Maur
154. Towne West Square	KS	Wichita	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	89.4%	619,269	336,062	955,331	Dillard's Women & Home, Dillard's Mens & Children, Sears, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods
155. Treasure Coast Square	FL	Jensen Beach	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	91.7%	511,372	358,197	869,569	Dillard's, Sears, Borders, JCPenney, Burdines- Macy's
156. Trolley Square	UT	Salt Lake City	Fee	90.0%	Acquired 1986	81.2%		221,863	221,863	—
157. Tyrone Square	FL	St. Petersburg (Tampa-St. Pete)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1972	99.1%	748,269	380,012	1,128,281	Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, Borders, Burdines- Macy's
158. University Mall	AR	Little Rock	Ground Lease (2026)	100.0%	Built 1967	89.8%	412,761	153,192	565,953	JCPenney, M.M. Cohn

159.	University Mall	FL	Pensacola	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1994	82.8%	478,449	228,579	707,028	JCPenney, Sears, McRae's
160.	University Park Mall	IN	Mishawaka	Fee	60.0%	Built 1979	98.4%	622,508	320,315	942,823	L.S. Ayres, JCPenney, Sears, Marshall Field's
161.	Upper Valley Mall	OH	Springfield	Fee	100.0%	Built 1971	93.3%	479,418	271,132	750,550	Lazarus-Macy's, JCPenney, Sears, Elder-Beerman
162.	Valle Vista Mall	TX	Harlingen	Fee	100.0%	Built 1983	97.5%	389,781	266,579	656,360	Dillard's, Mervyn's, Sears, JCPenney, Marshalls, Beall's, Office Max
163.	Valley Mall	VA	Harrisonburg	Fee	50.0%	(4) Acquired 1998	99.2%	307,798	179,631	487,429	JCPenney, Belk, Wal-Mart, Peebles
164.	Virginia Center Commons	VA	Glen Allen	Fee	100.0%	Built 1991	96.5%	506,639	280,855	787,494	Dillard's Women, Dillard's Mens, Children & Home, Hecht's, JCPenney, Sears
165.	Walt Whitman Mall	NY	Huntington Station (New York)	Ground Rent (2012)	100.0%	Acquired 1998	95.7%	742,214	292,533	1,034,747	Macy's, Lord & Taylor, Bloomingdale's, Saks Fifth Avenue, Organized Living
166.	Washington Square	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0%	Built 1974	87.0%	706,174	308,064	1,014,238	L.S. Ayres, Target, Sears, Burlington Coat Factory (6), (8)
167.	West Ridge Mall	KS	Topeka	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	66.1%	716,811	310,002	1,026,813	Dillard's, JCPenney, The Jones Store, Sears, (8)
168.	West Town Mall	TN	Knoxville	Ground Lease (2042)	50.0%	Acquired 1991	96.7%	878,311	450,691	1,329,002	Parisian, Dillard's, JCPenney, Proffitt's, Sears
169.	Westchester, The	NY	White Plains (New York)	Fee	40.0%	Acquired 1997	99.5%	349,393	475,026	824,419	Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom
170.	Westminster Mall	CA	Westminster (Orange County)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	86.5%	716,939	503,533	1,220,472	Sears, JCPenney, Robinsons-May, Macy's
171.	White Oaks Mall	IL	Springfield	Fee	77.5%	Built 1977	95.1%	601,708	347,497	949,205	Famous Barr, Sears, Bergner's, Dick's Sporting Goods (6)
172.	Wolfchase Galleria	TN	Memphis	Fee	94.5%	Acquired 2002	96.9%	761,648	506,453	1,268,101	Goldsmith's-Macy's, JC Penney, Sears, Dillard's
173.	Woodland Hills Mall	OK	Tulsa	Fee	47.2%	(4) Acquired 2002	96.8%	709,447	382,848	1,092,295	Foley's, JCPenney, Sears, Dillard's
174.	Woodville Mall	OH	Northwood	Fee	100.0%	Built 1969	79.6%	518,792	254,613	773,405	Sears, Elder-Beerman, Andersons, Woodville Skate Park

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total		
COMMUNITY SHOPPING CENTERS											
1.	Arboretum, The	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	94.9%	35,773	170,738	206,511	Barnes & Noble, Cheesecake Factory

2.	Bloomington Court	IL	Bloomington	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	94.1%	436,255	168,256	604,511	Best Buy, T.J. Maxx N More, Frank's Nursery, Office Max, Old Navy, Linens-N-Things, Wal-Mart, Circuit City, Dress Barn, JoAnn Etc (6)
3.	Boardman Plaza	OH	Youngstown	Fee	100.0%	Built 1951	72.4%	375,502	265,273	640,775	Burlington Coat Factory, Giant Eagle, Michael's, Linens-N-Things, T.J. Maxx, Steinmart, Sav-A-Lot, (8)
4.	Bridgeview Court	IL	Bridgeview	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	86.9%	216,491	57,187	273,678	Northwestern Business College, (8)
5.	Brightwood Plaza	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0%	Built 1965	100.0%	0	38,493	38,493	Preston Safeway (8)
6.	Celina Plaza	TX	El Paso	Fee and Ground Lease (11) (2005)	100.0%	Built 1978	26.7%	23,927	8,695	32,622	
7.	Charles Towne Square	SC	Charleston	Fee	100.0%	Built 1976	100.0%	199,693	0	199,693	Regal Cinema, (8)
8.	Chesapeake Center	VA	Chesapeake	Fee	100.0%	Built 1989	70.4%	213,670	85,934	299,604	K-Mart, Petsmart, Michael's, Movies 10, (8)
9.	Cobblestone Court	NY	Victor	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2038)	35.0% (14) (4)	Built 1993	98.8%	206,680	58,819	265,499	Dick's Sporting Goods, Kmart, Office Max
10.	Countryside Plaza	IL	Countryside	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2058)	100.0%	Built 1977	80.4%	290,216	145,392	435,608	Best Buy, Old Country Buffet, Burlington Coat, Home Depot, (8)
11.	Crystal Court	IL	Crystal Lake	Fee	35.0% (14) (4)	Built 1989	86.1%	201,993	76,978	278,971	Cub Foods, Wal-Mart
12.	Dekalb Plaza	PA	King of Prussia	Fee	52.4%	Acquired 2003	46.4%	81,368	20,345	101,713	ACME
13.	Eastland Convenience Center	IN	Evansville	Ground Lease (2075)	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1998	96.2%	60,000	115,639	175,639	Marshalls, Kids "R" Us (17), Toys "R" Us, Bed, Bath & Beyond
14.	Eastland Plaza	OK	Tulsa	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	84.7%	152,451	33,698	186,149	Marshalls, Target, Toys "R" Us
15.	Empire East (5)	SD	Sioux Falls	Fee	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1998	97.9%	253,388	44,875	298,263	Kohl's, Target
16.	Fairfax Court	VA	Fairfax	Fee	26.3% (14) (4)	Built 1992	89.2%	168,743	80,614	249,357	Burlington Coat Factory, Circuit City Superstore, (8)
17.	Forest Plaza	IL	Rockford	Fee	100.0%	Built 1985	98.0%	325,170	100,588	425,758	Kohl's, Marshalls, Media Play, Michael's, Factory Card Outlet, Office Max, T.J. Maxx, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Petco
18.	Gaitway Plaza	FL	Ocala	Fee	23.3% (14) (4)	Built 1989	89.1%	123,027	93,328	216,355	Books-A-Million, Office Depot, T.J. Maxx, Ross Dress for Less, Bed, Bath & Beyond
19.	Great Lakes Plaza	OH	Mentor (Cleveland)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1976	100.0%	142,229	21,875	164,104	Circuit City, Best Buy, Michael's, Cost Plus World Market
20.	Great Northeast Plaza	PA	Philadelphia	Fee	50.0% (4)	Acquired 1989	100.0%	238,158	57,600	295,758	Sears
21.	Greenwood Plus	IN	Greenwood	Fee	100.0%	Built 1979	100.0%	134,141	25,790	159,931	Best Buy, Kohl's
22.	Griffith Park Plaza	IN	Griffith	Ground Lease (2060)	100.0%	Built 1979	34.5%	175,595	98,640	274,235	K-mart, (8)
23.	Grove at Lakeland Square, The	FL	Lakeland	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	91.9%	142,317	73,274	215,591	Sports Authority
24.	Henderson Square	PA	King of Prussia	Fee	79.1%	Acquired 2003	97.2%	72,683	34,661	107,344	ACME, Staples

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

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25. Highland Lakes Center	FL	Orlando	Fee	100.0%	Built 1991	77.3%	372,316	105,764	478,080	Marshalls, Bed, Bath & Beyond, American Signature Home, Save-Rite, Ross Dress for Less, Office Max, Burlington Coat
26. Indian River Commons	FL	Vero Beach	Fee	50.0% (4)	Built 1997	90.8%	233,358	27,510	260,868	Factory, (8) Lowe's, Best Buy, Ross Dress for Less, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Michael's
27. Ingram Plaza	TX	San Antonio	Fee	100.0%	Built 1980	100.0%	0	111,518	111,518	—
28. Keystone Shoppes	IN	Indianapolis	Ground Lease (2067)	100.0%	Acquired 1997	88.7%	0	29,140	29,140	—
29. Knoxville Commons	TN	Knoxville	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	100.0%	91,483	88,980	180,463	Office Max, Circuit City
30. Lake Plaza	IL	Waukegan	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	98.7%	170,789	44,673	215,462	Pic 'N Save, Home Owners Bargain Outlet
31. Lake View Plaza	IL	Orland Park (Chicago)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	91.7%	270,628	100,852	371,480	Best Buy, Marshalls, Ulta Cosmetics, Factory Card Outlet, Golf Galaxy, Linens-N-Things, Petco Supplies & Fish, Value City Furniture, (8) Old Navy, Best Buy, Cost Plus World Market, Linens-N-Things, Office Max, PetSmart, Ross Dress for Less, T.J. Maxx, Party City, Ulta Cosmetics, Ultimate Electronics
32. Lakeline Plaza	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0%	Built 1998	98.4%	306,317	79,431	385,748	Kohl's, Hobby Lobby
33. Lima Center	OH	Lima	Fee	100.0%	Built 1978	94.2%	159,584	47,294	206,878	Wal-Mart, PetsMart
34. Lincoln Crossing	IL	O'Fallon	Fee	100.0%	Built 1990	100.0%	134,935	13,446	148,381	Burlington Coat Factory, Circuit City
35. Lincoln Plaza	PA	King of Prussia	Fee	65.8%	Acquired 2003	100.0%	143,649	123,582	267,231	Target, Nordstrom Rack, Best Buy, Staples, T.J. Maxx N More, American Signature Home
36. Mall of Georgia Crossing	GA	Mill Creek (Atlanta)	Fee	50.0% (4)	Built 1999	97.8%	341,503	99,109	440,612	Best Buy, Bed, Bath & Beyond
37. Markland Plaza	IN	Kokomo	Fee	100.0%	Built 1974	90.0%	49,552	41,675	91,227	Rose's
38. Martinsville Plaza	VA	Martinsville	Space Lease (2046)	100.0%	Built 1967	97.1%	60,000	42,105	102,105	—
39. Matteson Plaza	IL	Matteson	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	43.5%	230,885	44,570	275,455	Dominick's, Michael's Arts & Crafts, Value City, (8) Kohl's, Office Max, Shoe Carnival.
40. Muncie Plaza	IN	Muncie	Fee	100.0%	Built 1998	100.0%	271,656	27,195	298,851	—

41. New Castle Plaza	IN	New Castle	Fee	100.0%	Built 1966	97.3%	24,912	66,736	91,648	T. J. Maxx, Target
42. North Ridge Plaza	IL	Joliet	Fee	100.0%	Built 1985	74.3%	190,323	114,747	305,070	Goody's, Minnesota Fabrics, Hobby Lobby, Office Max, (8)
43. Northland Plaza	OH	Columbus	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2085)	100.0%	Built 1988	62.7%	118,304	91,230	209,534	Marshalls, Hobby Lobby, (8)
44. Northwood Plaza	IN	Fort Wayne	Fee	100.0%	Built 1974	92.0%	99,028	71,841	170,869	Target, Cinema Grill
45. Park Plaza	KY	Hopkinsville	Fee and Ground Lease (7) (2039)	100.0%	Built 1968	95.2%	82,398	32,626	115,024	Big Lots, Wal-Mart (18)
46. Plaza at Buckland Hills, The	CT	Manchester	Fee	35.0% (14) (4)	Built 1993	84.6%	252,179	82,308	334,487	Toys "R" Us, Jo-Ann Etc., Kids "R" Us (17), Comp USA, Linens-N-Things, Party City, Petsmart, (8)

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
47. Regency Plaza	MO	St. Charles	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	100.0%	210,627	76,899	287,526	Wal-Mart, Sam's Wholesale, Petsmart
48. Ridgewood Court	MS	Jackson	Fee	35.0% (14) (4)	Built 1993	100.0%	185,939	54,723	240,662	T. J. Maxx, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Best Buy, Marshalls, Lifeway Christian Stores, Michael's
49. Rockaway Convenience Center	NJ	Rockaway (New York)	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1998	100.0%	131,438	100,184	231,622	Kids "R" Us (17), AMCE Grocery, Best Buy, Borders Books & Music, Linens N Things, Michael's
50. Royal Eagle Plaza	FL	Coral Springs (Miami-Ft. Lauderdale)	Fee	35.0% (14) (4)	Built 1989	100.0%	124,479	74,643	199,122	Kmart, Stein Mart
51. St. Charles Towne Plaza	MD	Waldorf (Washington, D.C.)	Fee	100.0%	Built 1987	68.7%	292,752	113,202	405,954	Value City Furniture, T. J. Maxx, Jo Ann Fabrics, CVS, Shoppers Food Warehouse, Dollar Tree, (8)
52. Shops at Northeast Mall, The	TX	Hurst	Fee	100.0%	Built 1999	98.9%	265,595	98,989	364,584	Old Navy, Nordstrom Rack, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Office Max, Michael's, Petsmart, T. J. Maxx, Ulta Cosmetics, Best Buy, Pier 1 Imports

53.	Teal Plaza	IN	Lafayette	Fee	100.0%	Built 1962	100.0%	98,337	2,750	101,087	Circuit City, Hobby-Lobby, The Pep Boys
54.	Terrace at the Florida Mall	FL	Orlando	Fee	100.0%	Built 1989	73.8%	281,446	47,531	328,977	Marshalls, Target, American Signature Home, Bed, Bath & Beyond
55.	Tippecanoe Plaza	IN	Lafayette	Fee	100.0%	Built 1974	95.5%	85,811	8,787	94,598	Best Buy, Barnes & Noble
56.	University Center	IN	Mishawaka	Fee	60.0%	Built 1980	87.1%	104,359	46,177	150,536	Best Buy, Michaels
57.	Village Park Plaza	IN	Carmel (Indianapolis)	Fee	35.0%	(14) (4) Built 1990	98.3%	431,018	112,430	543,448	Wal-Mart, Galyan's, Frank's Nursery, Kohl's, Marsh, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Regal Cinema (8)
58.	Wabash Village	IN	West Lafayette	Ground Lease (2063)	100.0%	Built 1970	12.2%	109,388	15,148	124,536	(8)
59.	Washington Plaza	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0%	Built 1976	57.1%	21,500	28,607	50,107	(8)
60.	Waterford Lakes Town Center	FL	Orlando	Fee	100.0%	Built 1999	100.0%	622,244	329,559	951,803	L.A. Fitness, T.J. Maxx, Barnes & Noble, Ross Dress for Less, Petsmart, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Old Navy, Best Buy, Office Max, Ashley Furniture, Jo-Ann Fabrics, Target
61.	West Ridge Plaza	KS	Topeka	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	100.0%	182,161	55,622	237,783	Target, T.J. Maxx, Toys "R" Us, Famous Footwear
62.	West Town Corners	FL	Altamonte Springs	Fee	23.3%	(14) (4) Built 1989	99.1%	263,782	121,285	385,067	Wal-Mart, Sports Authority, PetsMart, Winn Dixie, American Signature Furniture
63.	Westland Park Plaza	FL	Orange Park	Fee	23.3%	(14) (4) Built 1989	96.3%	123,548	39,606	163,154	Burlington Coat Factory, PetsMart, Sports Authority, Sound Advice
64.	Whitehall Mall	PA	Whitehall	Fee	39.6%	(4) Acquired 2003	99.0%	378,642	175,079	553,721	Kohl's, Sears, Bed, Bath and Beyond
65.	White Oaks Plaza	IL	Springfield	Fee	100.0%	Built 1986	98.3%	275,703	115,723	391,426	Kohl's, Kids "R" Us (17), Office Max, T.J. Maxx, Toys "R" Us, Cub Foods
66.	Willow Knolls Court	IL	Peoria	Fee	35.0%	(14) (4) Built 1990	100.0%	309,440	72,937	382,377	Kohl's, Sam's Wholesale Club, Willow Knolls Cinema, Burlington Coat Factory
67.	Yards Plaza, The	IL	Chicago	Fee	35.0%	(14) (4) Built 1990	100.0%	228,813	36,607	265,420	Burlington Coat Factory, Value City, Ralphs Food for Less

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
North American Properties

Property Name	State	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (1)	Our Percentage Interest (2)	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (3)	Gross Leasable Area			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
							Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
OFFICE CENTERS										
1. O'Hare International Center	IL	Rosemont	Fee	100.0%	Built 1988	85.2%	0	495,546	495,546	(20)—
2. Riverway	IL	Rosemont	Fee	100.0%	Acquired 1991	84.5%	0	819,201	819,201	(20)—
MIXED-USE CENTERS										
1. Copley Place	MA	Boston	Fee	98.1%	Acquired 2002	91.4%	104,332	1,109,880	1,214,212	(20)Neiman Marcus
2. Fashion Centre at Pentagon City, The	VA	Arlington	Fee	42.5% (4)	Built 1989	99.8%	472,729	514,979	987,708	(20)Macy's, Nordstrom
Total U.S. Portfolio							117,183,895	72,830,417	190,014,312	
CANADA REGIONAL MALLS										
1. Forum Entertainment Centre (5)		Montreal	Fee	35.6% (4)	Built 2001	88.7%	246,972	—	246,972	AMC Entertainment
Total North American Portfolio							117,430,867	72,830,417	190,261,284	

Expected Opening

PROPERTIES UNDER CONSTRUCTION										
1. Chicago Premium Outlets	IL	Aurora (Chicago)		50.0% (4)	2nd Quarter 2004					—
2. Clay Terrace	IN	Carmel (Indianapolis)		50.0% (4)	4th Quarter 2004					Dicks Sporting Goods, DSW Shoe Warehouse, Circuit City, Wild Oats
3. St. Johns Town Center	FL	Jacksonville		50.0% (13)	1st Quarter 2005					Target, JoAnn Fabrics, PetsMart
4. Firewheel Town Center	TX	Garland		100.0%	4th Quarter 2005					Foley's, Dillard's, Barnes & Noble, Circuit City, Sports Authority, Linens N Things
5. WolfRanch	TX	Georgetown (Austin)		100.0%	3rd Quarter 2005					Target, Kohl's, Linens N Things, Office Depot, Petsmart

(Footnotes on following page)

(Footnotes for preceding pages)

- (1) The date listed is the expiration date of the last renewal option available to the operating entity under the ground lease. In a majority of the ground leases, we have a right of first refusal or the right to purchase the lessor's interest. Unless otherwise indicated, each ground lease listed in this column covers at least 50% of its respective Property.
- (2) The Operating Partnership's direct and indirect interests in some of the Properties held as joint venture interests are subject to preferences on distributions in

favor of other partners or the Operating Partnership.

- (3) Regional Malls—Executed leases for all company-owned GLA in mall and freestanding stores, excluding majors. Also includes company owned retail space at specialty centers and mixed-use properties. Community Centers—Executed leases for all company-owned GLA including majors, mall stores and freestanding stores.
- (4) Joint Venture Properties accounted for under the equity method.
- (5) This Property is managed by a third party.
- (6) Indicates anchor is currently under construction or in predevelopment.
- (7) Indicates ground lease covers less than 50% of the acreage of this Property.
- (8) Indicates vacant anchor space(s).
- (9) The lease at the Mall at Chestnut Hill includes the entire premises including land and building.
- (10) Indicates ground lease covers all of the Property except for parcels owned in fee by anchors.
- (11) Indicates ground lease covers outparcel only.
- (12) This interest is currently subject to a constructive trust imposed by an order issued by the Federal District Court for the State of Minnesota. We have appealed that order. See footnote 11 of the accompanying financial statements for further discussion regarding Mall of America
- (13) The Operating Partnership receives substantially all the economic benefit of the property due to a partner preference or advances.
- (14) Outside partner receives substantially all of the economic benefit due to a partner preference.
- (15) The ownership of the property is evidenced by the Operating Partnership's note secured by an equity interest in the property.
- (16) The Operating Partnership owns a mortgage note that encumbers Pheasant Lane Mall that entitles it to 100% of the economics of this property.
- (17) Indicates anchor has announced its intent to close this location.
- (18) Indicates anchor has closed, but the Operating Partnership still collects rents and/or fees under an agreement.
- (19) This retailer operates multiple stores at this Property.
- (20) Mall & Freestanding GLA consists of a combination of Office and Retail space.

Mall	Retail GLA	Office GLA	Total Mall & Freestanding GLA
Arsenal Mall	204,669	105,807	310,476
Fashion Mall at Keystone at the Crossing, The	378,636	30,042	408,678
Greendale Mall	178,802	119,860	298,662
King of Prussia Mall	1,061,060	13,696	1,074,756
Lehigh Valley Mall	491,154	11,754	502,908
Menlo Park Mall	705,679	50,432	756,111
Oak Court Mall	188,434	129,941	318,375
O'Hare International Center	12,838	482,708	495,546
Oxford Valley Mall	399,116	110,558	509,674
River Oaks Center	426,168	118,055	544,223
Riverway	24,809	794,392	819,201
Copley Place	263,058	846,822	1,109,880
Fashion Centre at Pentagon City, The	345,890	169,089	514,979

International

The following summarizes our investments in Europe and the countries of real estate ownership and operation as of December 31, 2003:

Investment	Ownership Interest	Properties open and operating	Countries
Gallerie Commerciali Italia, S.p.A.	49.0%	38	Italy
European Retail Enterprises ("ERE"), B.V.	35.2%	9	France, Poland, Portugal

In addition, we jointly hold with a third party an interest in one parcel of land for development near Paris, France outside of these two joint ventures. ERE also operates through a wholly-owned subsidiary Groupe BEG, S.A. ("BEG"). ERE and BEG are fully integrated European retail real estate developers, lessors and managers.

Our properties in Europe consist primarily of hypermarket anchored shopping centers. Substantially all of our European properties are anchored by either the hypermarket retailer Auchan, primarily in Italy, who is affiliated with our partner in GCI, The Rinascente Group, or are anchored by the hypermarket Carrefour in France, Poland, and Portugal. Certain of these properties are subject to leaseholds that entitle the lessor to receive substantially all the economic benefits of the portion of the property subject to the leasehold.

As of December 31, 2003, our European properties were approximately 99.3% occupied. These properties contain an aggregate of approximately 8.9 million square feet of GLA, of which approximately 3.8 million square feet is Owned GLA.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
European Properties

Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	Our Percentage Interest	Year Built	Gross Leasable Area (1)			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
					Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
FRANCE								
1. Bay 2	Torcy (Paris)	Freehold	35.2%	2003	132,396	408,910	541,306	Carrefour, Leroy Merlin
2. Bel'Est	Bagnolet (Paris)	Freehold	12.3%	1992	150,695	62,980	213,675	Auchan
3. Villabé A6	Villabé (Paris)	Freehold	5.3%	1992	102,257	104,507	206,764	Carrefour
Subtotal France					385,348	576,397	961,745	
ITALY								
1. Ancona — Senigallia	Senigallia (Ancona)	Freehold	49.0%	1995	41,193	41,581	82,774	Cityper
2. Ascoli Piceno — Grottammare	Grottammare (Ascoli Piceno)	Freehold	49.0%	1995	38,901	55,929	94,830	Cityper
3. Ascoli Piceno — Porto Sant'Elpidio	Porto Sant'Elpidio (Ascoli Piceno)	Freehold	49.0%	1999	47,986	114,259	162,245	Cityper
4. Bari — Casamassima	Casamassima (Bari)	Freehold	49.0%	1995	159,015	388,825	547,840	Auchan, Coin, Upim, Leroy Merlin, Decathlon
5. Brescia — Mazzano	Mazzano (Brescia)	Freehold/Leasehold (2)	49.0%	1994	103,290	127,359	230,649	Auchan, Bricocenter, Upim
6. Cagliari — Santa Gilla	Cagliari	Freehold/Leasehold (2)	49.0%	1992	75,939	114,754	190,693	Auchan, Bricocenter
7. Catania — La Rena	Catania	Freehold	49.0%	1998	124,065	22,077	146,142	Auchan
8. Milano — Rescaldina	Rescaldina (Milano)	Freehold	49.0%	2000	165,108	212,017	377,125	Auchan, Bricocenter, Decathlon, Upim
9. Milano — Vimodrone	Vimodrone (Milano)	Freehold	49.0%	1989	110,384	80,202	190,586	Auchan, Bricocenter
10. Napoli — Pompei	Pompei (Napoli)	Freehold	49.0%	1990	74,314	17,147	91,461	Auchan
11. Padova	Padova	Freehold	49.0%	1989	73,324	32,485	105,809	Auchan
12. Palermo	Palermo	Freehold	49.0%	1990	73,065	9,849	82,914	Auchan
13. Pesaro — Fano	Fano (Pesaro)	Freehold	49.0%	1994	56,274	55,951	112,225	Auchan
14. Pescara	Pescara	Freehold	49.0%	1998	96,337	65,186	161,523	Auchan, Upim
15. Pescara — Cepagatti	Cepagatti (Pescara)	Freehold	49.0%	2001	80,213	189,617	269,830	Auchan
16. Piacenza — San Rocco al Porto	San Rocco al Porto (Piacenza)	Freehold	49.0%	1992	104,485	20,419	124,904	Auchan, Flunch
17. Roma — Collatina	Collatina (Roma)	Freehold	49.0%	1999	59,524	4,101	63,625	Auchan
18. Sassari — Predda Niedda	Predda Niedda (Sassari)	Freehold/Leasehold (2)	49.0%	1990	56,263	107,779	164,042	Auchan, Bricocenter, Upim
19. Taranto	Taranto	Freehold	49.0%	1997	75,240	126,508	201,748	Auchan, Bricocenter, Upim
20. Torino	Torino	Freehold	49.0%	1989	105,056	66,682	171,738	Auchan, Upim
21. Torino — Venaria	Venaria (Torino)	Freehold	49.0%	1982	101,557	64,045	165,602	Auchan, Bricocenter
22. Venezia — Mestre	Mestre (Venezia)	Freehold	49.0%	1995	114,076	132,644	246,720	Auchan
23. Vicenza	Vicenza	Freehold	49.0%	1995	78,415	20,064	98,479	Auchan
24. Brindisi — Mesagne	Mesagne (Brindisi)	Freehold	49.0%	2003	88,049	140,598	228,647	Auchan
25. Ancona	Ancona	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1993	82,947	82,333	165,280	Auchan, Upim
26. Bergamo	Bergamo	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1976	103,011	16,921	119,932	Auchan
27. Brescia — Concesio	Concesio (Brescia)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1972	89,932	27,566	117,498	Auchan
28. Cagliari — Marconi	Cagliari	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1994	83,549	109,943	193,492	Auchan, Bricocenter
29. Catania — Misterbianco	Misterbianco (Catania)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1989	83,259	15,984	99,243	Auchan
30. Merate — Lecco	Merate (Lecco)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1976	73,496	88,501	161,997	Auchan, Bricocenter
31. Milano — Cinisello — Balsamo	Cinisello — Balsamo (Milano)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1993	68,426	18,589	87,015	Auchan
32. Milano — Nerviano	Nerviano (Milano)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1991	83,840	27,782	111,622	Auchan
33. Napoli — Mugnano di Napoli	Mugnano di Napoli	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1992	97,952	94,852	192,804	Auchan, Bricocenter, Upim
34. Olbia	Olbia	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1993	48,976	48,814	97,790	Auchan
35. Roma — Casalbertone	Roma	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1998	62,667	84,927	147,594	Auchan, Upim
36. Sassari — Centro Azuni	Sassari	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1995	—	35,564	35,564	
37. Torino — Rivoli	Rivoli (Torino)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1986	61,785	32,346	94,131	Auchan
38. Verona — Bussolengo	Bussolengo (Verona)	Leasehold (3)	49.0%	1975	89,319	75,326	164,645	Auchan, Bricocenter
Subtotal Italy					3,131,232	2,969,526	6,100,758	

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
PROPERTY TABLE
European Properties

Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	Our Percentage Interest	Year Built	Gross Leasable Area (1)			Retail Anchors and Major Tenants
					Anchor	Mall & Freestanding	Total	
POLAND								
1. Borek Shopping Center	Wroclaw	Freehold	35.2%	1999	119,942	129,393	249,335	Carrefour
2. Dabrowka Shopping Center	Katowice	Freehold	35.2%	1999	120,986	172,868	293,854	Carrefour, Castorama
3. Turzyn Shopping Center	Szczecin	Freehold	35.2%	2001	87,188	120,943	208,131	Carrefour
4. Wilenska Station Shopping Center	Warsaw	Freehold	35.2%	2002	92,688	215,935	308,623	Carrefour
5. Zakopianka Shopping Center	Krakow	Freehold	35.2%	1998	120,190	432,688	552,878	Carrefour, Castorama
Subtotal Poland					540,994	1,071,827	1,612,821	
PORTUGAL								
1. Minho center	Braga (Porto)	Leasehold (3)	35.2%	1997	120,018	101,622	221,640	Carrefour
TOTAL EUROPEAN ASSETS					4,177,592	4,719,372	8,896,964	

FOOTNOTES:

- (1) All gross leasable area listed in square feet.
- (2) This property is held partially in fee and partially encumbered by a leasehold on the premise which entitles the lessor to the majority of the economics of the portion of the property subject to the leasehold.
- (3) This property is encumbered by a leasehold on the entire premises which entitles the lessor the majority of the economics of the property.

Land Held for Development

We have direct or indirect ownership interests in three parcels of land held for future development, containing an aggregate of approximately 275 acres located in three states.

Mortgage Financing on Properties

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the mortgages and other debt encumbering the Properties. Substantially all of the mortgage and property related debt is nonrecourse to us.

MORTGAGE AND OTHER DEBT ON PORTFOLIO PROPERTIES

As of December 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

Property Name	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Annual Debt Service	Maturity Date
Consolidated Indebtedness:				
Secured Indebtedness:				
Simon Property Group, LP:				
Anderson Mall	6.20%	\$ 29,763	\$ 2,216	10/10/12
Arsenal Mall — 1	6.75%	32,977	2,724	09/28/08
Arsenal Mall — 2	8.20%	1,796	286	05/05/16
Battlefield Mall	4.60%	100,000	4,603 (2)	07/01/13
Biltmore Square	7.95%	26,000	2,067 (2)	12/11/10 (30)
Bloomington Court	7.78%	28,695 (4)	2,578	11/01/09
Bowie Mall	2.62% (1)	52,700	1,381 (2)	12/14/05 (3)
Brunswick Square	2.62% (1)	45,000	1,179 (2)	06/12/05 (3)
Century III Mall	6.20%	87,859 (10)	6,541	10/10/12
Chesapeake Center	8.44%	6,563 (32)	554 (2)	06/15/05 (30)
Chesapeake Square	3.87% (13)	47,000	1,819 (2)	07/01/06 (3)

Cielo Vista Mall — 1	9.38%	51,033 (5)	5,828	05/01/07
Cielo Vista Mall — 2	8.13%	675	376	11/01/05
Cielo Vista Mall — 3	6.76%	36,614 (5)	3,039	05/01/07
CMBS Loan — Fixed (encumbers 7 Properties)	7.31%	172,290 (6)	14,065	12/15/04 (30)
CMBS Loan — Variable (encumbers 7 Properties)	6.20% (7)	48,157 (6)	1,722	12/15/04 (30)
College Mall — 1	7.00%	37,013 (8)	3,908	01/01/09
College Mall — 2	6.76%	11,281 (8)	935	01/01/09
Copley Place	7.44%	180,836	16,266	08/01/07
Coral Square	8.00%	88,946	8,065	10/01/10
Crossroads Mall	6.20%	44,127	3,285	10/10/12
Crystal River	7.63%	15,867	1,385	11/11/10 (30)
DeKalb Mall	9.35%	2,711	699	10/01/04
Forest Mall	6.20%	17,671 (11)	1,316	10/10/12
Forest Plaza	7.78%	15,738 (4)	1,414	11/01/09
Forum Shops at Caesars, The	4.78%	550,000	26,312 (2)	12/01/10
Greenwood Park Mall — 1	7.00%	31,000 (8)	3,273	01/01/09
Greenwood Park Mall — 2	6.76%	58,284 (8)	4,831	01/01/09
Grove at Lakeland Square, The	8.44%	3,750 (32)	317 (2)	06/15/05 (30)
Gulf View Square	8.25%	34,260	3,652	10/01/06
Henderson Square	6.94%	15,625	1,270	07/01/11
Highland Lakes Center	6.20%	16,288 (10)	1,213	10/10/12
Ingram Park Mall	6.99%	82,423 (24)	6,724	08/11/11
Jefferson Valley Mall	2.37% (1)	60,000	1,422 (2)	01/11/04
Keystone at the Crossing	7.85%	60,518	5,642	07/01/27
Knoxville Center	6.99%	62,415 (24)	5,092	08/11/11
Lake View Plaza	7.78%	20,921 (4)	1,880	11/01/09
Lakeline Mall	7.65%	68,549	6,300	05/01/07
Lakeline Plaza	7.78%	22,937 (4)	2,061	11/01/09
Lincoln Crossing	7.78%	3,167 (4)	285	11/01/09
Longview Mall	6.20%	33,070 (10)	2,462	10/10/12
Markland Mall	6.20%	23,397 (11)	1,742	10/10/12
Matteson Plaza	7.78%	9,213 (4)	828	11/01/09
McCain Mall — 1	9.38%	23,829 (5)	2,721	05/01/07
McCain Mall — 2	6.76%	16,900 (5)	1,402	05/01/07
Melbourne Square	7.42%	36,595	3,374	02/01/05
Midland Park Mall	6.20%	34,157 (11)	2,543	10/10/12
Muncie Plaza	7.78%	7,965 (4)	716	11/01/09
North East Mall	2.50% (1)	140,000	3,493 (2)	05/21/04
Northlake Mall	6.99%	72,003 (24)	5,874	08/11/11
Oxford Valley Mall	6.76%	86,418	7,801	01/10/11
Paddock Mall	8.25%	27,248	2,905	10/01/06
Palm Beach Mall	6.20%	54,641	4,068	10/10/12
Penn Square Mall	7.03%	71,319	6,003	03/01/09 (30)
Port Charlotte Town Center	7.98%	53,250	4,249 (2)	12/11/10 (30)
Raleigh Springs Mall	3.80% (31)	11,000	418 (2)	12/09/05
Regency Plaza	7.78%	4,318 (4)	388	11/01/09

Richmond Towne Square	6.20%	47,977 (11)	3,572	10/10/12
Riverway	2.27% (18)	110,000	2,497 (2)	10/01/06 (3)
St. Charles Towne Plaza	7.78%	27,639 (4)	2,483	11/01/09
St. Johns Town Center	2.37% (1)	37,500	889 (2)	03/02/04
Stanford Shopping Center	3.60% (34)	220,000	7,920 (2)	09/11/08
Sunland Park Mall	8.63% (14)	37,229	3,773	01/01/26
Tacoma Mall	7.00%	131,903	10,778	10/01/11
Terrace at Florida Mall, The	8.44%	4,688 (32)	396 (2)	06/15/05 (30)
Tippecanoe Mall — 1	8.45%	41,676	4,647	01/01/05
Tippecanoe Mall — 2	6.81%	15,049	1,253	01/01/05
Towne East Square — 1	7.00%	48,935 (8)	5,167	01/01/09
Towne East Square — 2	6.81%	23,513 (8)	1,958	01/01/09
Towne West Square	6.99%	53,952 (24)	4,402	08/11/11
Treasure Coast Square — 1	7.42%	50,254	3,729 (2)	01/01/06
Treasure Coast Square — 2	8.06%	11,736	946 (2)	01/01/06
Trolley Square	9.03%	29,133	2,880	08/01/10 (30)
University Park Mall	7.43%	58,799	4,958	10/01/07

Valle Vista Mall — 1	9.38%	31,561 (5)	3,604	05/01/07
Valle Vista Mall — 2	6.81%	7,515 (5)	626	05/01/07
Waterford Lakes	2.42% (1)	68,000	1,646 (2)	08/16/04
West Ridge Plaza	7.78%	5,567 (4)	500	11/01/09
White Oaks Mall	2.22% (1)	48,563	1,078 (2)	02/25/08 (3)
White Oaks Plaza	7.78%	16,987 (4)	1,526	11/01/09
Wolfchase Galleria	7.80%	74,437	6,911	06/30/07

Total Consolidated Secured Indebtedness		\$ 4,179,385		
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Unsecured Indebtedness:

Simon Property Group, LP:

Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility	1.77% (16)	\$ 327,901	\$ 5,804 (2)	04/16/06 (3)
Medium Term Notes — 1	7.13%	100,000	7,125 (15)	06/24/05
Medium Term Notes — 2	7.13%	180,000	12,825 (15)	09/20/07
SPG, L.P. Unsecured Term Loan — 1	1.92% (1)	65,000	1,248 (2)	03/15/04
SPG, L.P. Unsecured Term Loan — 2	1.77% (1)	150,000	2,655 (2)	02/28/04
SPG, L.P. Unsecured Euro Term Loan	2.70% (9)	204,679	5,527 (2)	12/16/06 (3)
Unsecured Notes — 1	6.88%	250,000	17,188 (15)	11/15/06
Unsecured Notes — 2A	6.75%	100,000	6,750 (15)	07/15/04
Unsecured Notes — 2B	7.00%	150,000	10,500 (15)	07/15/09
Unsecured Notes — 3	6.88%	150,000	10,313 (15)	10/27/05
Unsecured Notes — 4B	6.75%	300,000	20,250 (15)	06/15/05
Unsecured Notes — 4C	7.38%	200,000	14,750 (15)	06/15/18
Unsecured Notes — 5A	6.75%	300,000	20,250 (15)	02/09/04
Unsecured Notes — 5B	7.13%	300,000	21,375 (15)	02/09/09
Unsecured Notes — 6A	7.38%	300,000	22,125 (15)	01/20/06
Unsecured Notes — 6B	7.75%	200,000	15,500 (15)	01/20/11
Unsecured Notes — 7	6.38%	750,000	47,813 (15)	11/15/07
Unsecured Notes — 8A	6.35%	350,000	22,225 (15)	08/28/12
Unsecured Notes — 8B	5.38%	150,000	8,063 (15)	08/28/08
Unsecured Notes — 9A	4.88%	300,000	14,625 (15)	03/18/10
Unsecured Notes — 9B	5.45%	200,000	10,900 (15)	03/15/13
Mandatory Par Put Remarketed Securities	7.00%	200,000	14,000 (15)	06/15/08 (17)
Floating Rate Mandatory Extension Notes	1.92% (12)	113,100	2,172 (2)	11/15/14

5,340,680

Shopping Center Associates, subsidiary:

Unsecured Notes — SCA 1	6.75%	150,000	10,125 (15)	01/15/04
Unsecured Notes — SCA 2	7.63%	110,000	8,388 (15)	05/15/05

260,000

32

The Retail Property Trust, subsidiary:

Unsecured Notes — CPI 3	7.75%	150,000	11,625 (15)	08/15/04
Unsecured Notes — CPI 4	7.18%	75,000	5,385 (15)	09/01/13
Unsecured Notes — CPI 5	7.88%	250,000	19,688 (15)	03/15/16

475,000

Total Consolidated Unsecured Indebtedness		\$ 6,075,680		
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Total Consolidated Indebtedness at Face Amounts		\$ 10,255,065		
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Fair Value Interest Rate Swaps		1,195 (28)		
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Net Premium on Indebtedness		36,591		
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Net Discount on Indebtedness		(26,463)		
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Total Consolidated Indebtedness		\$ 10,266,388 (23)		
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Joint Venture Indebtedness:**Secured Indebtedness:**

Simon Property Group, LP:

Apple Blossom Mall	7.99%	\$ 39,567	\$ 3,607	09/10/09
Atrium at Chestnut Hill	6.89%	47,812	3,880	03/11/11 (30)
Auburn Mall	7.99%	46,322	4,222	09/10/09
Aventura Mall — A	6.55%	141,000	9,231 (2)	04/06/08
Aventura Mall — B	6.60%	25,400	1,675 (2)	04/06/08
Aventura Mall — C	6.89%	33,600	2,314 (2)	04/06/08
Avenues, The	5.29%	79,260	5,325	04/01/13
Bangor Mall	7.06%	24,051	2,302	12/01/07
Cape Cod Mall	6.80%	97,222	7,821	03/11/11
Circle Centre Mall	5.02%	79,268	5,165	04/11/13
Clay Terrace Partners	2.87% (1)	22,847	656 (2)	02/15/04
CMBS Loan — Fixed (encumbers 13 Properties)	7.52%	357,100 (19)	26,871 (2)	05/15/06
CMBS Loan — 1 Floating (encumbers 13 Properties)	1.53% (1)	186,500 (19)	2,853 (2)	05/15/06
CMBS Loan — 2 Floating (encumbers 13 Properties)	1.49% (1)	81,400 (19)	1,212 (2)	05/15/06
Cobblestone Court	7.64%	6,178 (20)	472 (2)	01/01/06
Crystal Court	7.64%	4,044 (20)	309 (2)	01/01/06
Crystal Mall	5.62%	104,344	7,319	09/11/12 (30)
Dadeland Mall	6.75%	196,290	15,566	02/11/12 (30)
Emerald Square Mall	5.13%	143,548	9,479	03/01/13
European Retail Enterprises — Fixed Components	6.49%	72,363	10,821	01/17/13
European Retail Enterprises — Variable Components	4.27% (29)	188,834	11,428	09/05/13
Fairfax Court	7.64%	10,318 (20)	788 (2)	01/01/06
Fashion Centre Pentagon Retail	6.63%	163,085	12,838	09/11/11 (30)
Fashion Centre Pentagon Office	2.62% (1)	33,000	865 (2)	09/10/04
Fashion Valley Mall — 1	6.49%	166,263	13,255	10/11/08 (30)
Fashion Valley Mall — 2	6.58%	29,124	1,915 (2)	10/11/08 (30)
Florida Mall, The	7.55%	262,948	22,766	12/10/10
Galleria Commerciali Italia	3.30% (33)	618,294	20,405 (2)	06/22/05 (3)
Gaitway Plaza	7.64%	7,348 (20)	561 (2)	01/01/06
Great Northeast Plaza	9.04%	16,751	1,744	06/01/06
Greendale Mall	8.23%	40,713	3,779	12/10/06
Gwinnett Place — 1	7.54%	37,454	3,412	04/01/07
Gwinnett Place — 2	7.25%	82,568	7,070	04/01/07
Highland Mall	6.83%	69,297	5,571	07/11/11
Houston Galleria — 1	7.93%	217,595	19,684	12/01/05 (30)
Houston Galleria — 2	2.62% (1)	83,558	2,189 (2)	06/25/07 (3)
Indian River Commons	7.58%	8,136	710	11/01/04
Indian River Mall	7.58%	45,145	3,941	11/01/04
King of Prussia — 1	7.49%	192,940	23,183	01/01/17
King of Prussia — 2	8.53%	13,259	1,685	01/01/17
Liberty Tree Mall	5.22%	35,000	1,827 (2)	10/11/13
Mall at Rockingham	7.88%	96,938	8,705	09/01/07
Mall at Chestnut Hill	8.45%	14,696	1,396	02/02/10

Mall of America	1.65% (21)	278,429	4,608 (2)	03/10/05 (3)
MOA Entertainment	1.65% (21)	33,571	556 (2)	03/10/05 (3)
Mall of Georgia	7.09%	200,000	14,180 (2)	07/01/10
Mall of Georgia Crossing	3.12% (1)	33,214	2,824	06/09/06
Mall of New Hampshire — 1	6.96%	100,395	8,345	10/01/08 (30)
Mall of New Hampshire — 2	8.53%	8,239	786	10/01/08
Metrocenter	8.45%	28,777	3,031	02/28/08
Miami International Mall	5.35%	97,500	5,216 (2)	10/01/13
Montgomery Mall	7.48%	27,000	2,020 (2)	08/10/06
Montreal Forum — Canada	5.76% (22)	43,159	2,486 (2)	08/08/06 (3)
Northfield Square	3.62% (25)	34,670	1,255 (2)	04/01/04
Northshore Mall	9.05%	161,000	14,571 (2)	05/14/04
Quaker Bridge Mall	7.03%	24,077	2,407	04/01/16
Plaza at Buckland Hills, The	7.64%	17,678 (20)	1,351 (2)	01/01/06
Ridgewood Court	7.64%	7,978 (20)	610 (2)	01/01/06
Royal Eagle Plaza	7.64%	7,920 (20)	605 (2)	01/01/06

Seminole Towne Center	3.62% (26)	69,355	3,445	07/01/05 (3)
Shops at Sunset Place, The	4.12% (1)	95,315	3,927 (2)	10/15/04
Smith Haven Mall	7.86%	115,000	9,039 (2)	06/01/06
Solomon Pond	3.97%	114,000	6,505	08/01/13
Source, The	6.65%	124,000	8,246 (2)	03/11/09
Square One	6.73%	93,363	7,380	03/11/12
Town Center at Cobb — 1	7.54%	47,718	4,347	04/01/07
Town Center at Cobb — 2	7.25%	62,837	5,381	04/01/07
Village Park Plaza	7.64%	8,482 (20)	648 (2)	01/01/06
West Town Corners	7.64%	10,328 (20)	789 (2)	01/01/06
West Town Mall	6.90%	76,000	5,244 (2)	05/01/08 (30)
Westchester, The — 1	8.74%	144,712	14,478	09/01/05
Westchester, The — 2	7.20%	51,178	4,399	09/01/05
Westin Hotel — NYC	3.87% (1)	182,500	7,063 (2)	06/05/06
Westland Park Plaza	7.64%	4,950 (20)	378 (2)	01/01/06
Whitehall Mall	6.77%	14,149	1,282	11/01/08
Willow Knolls Court	7.64%	6,488 (20)	496 (2)	01/01/06
Woodland Hills Mall	7.00%	85,244	7,185	01/01/09 (30)
Yards Plaza, The	7.64%	8,270 (20)	632 (2)	01/01/06

Total Joint Venture Secured Indebtedness at Face Amounts

\$ 6,638,876

Net Premium on Indebtedness

\$ 4,176

Total Joint Venture Indebtedness

\$ 6,643,052 (27)

(Footnotes on following page)

(Footnotes for preceding pages)

- (1) Variable rate loans based on LIBOR plus interest rate spreads ranging from 37 bps to 300 bps. LIBOR as of December 31, 2003 was 1.12%.
- (2) Requires monthly payment of interest only.
- (3) Includes applicable extension available at the Operating Partnership's option.
- (4) Loans secured by these eleven Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (5) Loans secured by these three Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (6) Secured by cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted mortgages encumbering seven of the Properties (Bay Park Square, Boardman Plaza, Cheltenham Square, De Soto Square, Upper Valley Mall, Washington Square, and West Ridge Mall).
- (7) LIBOR + 0.405%, through an interest rate protection agreement is effectively fixed at an all-in-one rate of 6.200%.
- (8) Loans secured by these three Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (9) Euribor + 0.600%. Euros 200 million term loan. As of December 31, 2003, Euros 37 million available after outstanding borrowings.
- (10) Loans secured by these three Properties are cross-collateralized.
- (11) Loans secured by these four Properties are cross-collateralized.
- (12) LIBOR + .8000% through November 15, 2004 at which time callable at our option or remarketed and resold via a competitive bid process.
- (13) LIBOR + 2.750%, with LIBOR capped at 6.500%.
- (14) Lender also participates in a percentage of certain gross receipts above a specified base.
- (15) Requires semi-annual payments of interest only.
- (16) \$1,250,000 Credit Facility. Currently, bears interest at LIBOR + 0.650% and provides for different pricing based upon the Operating Partnership's investment grade rating. Two interest rate caps currently limit LIBOR on \$90,000 and \$49,023 of this indebtedness to 11.530% and 12.664% respectively. As of December 31, 2003, \$898,018 was available after outstanding borrowings and letters of credit. As of December 31, 2003, Euros 48.5 million was drawn on the EURO sub-tranche.
- (17) The MOPPRS have an actual maturity of June 15, 2028, but are subject to mandatory tender on June 15, 2008.
- (18) LIBOR + 1.150% with LIBOR capped at 8.100%.
- (19) These Commercial Mortgage Notes are secured by cross-collateralized mortgages encumbering thirteen Properties (Eastland Mall, Empire East, Empire Mall, Granite Run Mall, Mesa Mall, Lake Square, Lindale Mall, Northpark Mall, Southern Hills Mall, Southpark Mall, Southridge Mall, Rushmore Mall, and Valley Mall). A weighted average rate is used for each component. The floating components have interest protection agreements which caps LIBOR at 10.630% and 11.830% respectively.
- (20) Loans secured by these twelve Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (21) LIBOR + 0.5348%, with LIBOR capped at 8.716%.

- (22) Canadian Prime + 3.000%.
- (23) Our share of consolidated indebtedness was \$10,141,126.
- (24) Loans secured by these four Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (25) LIBOR + 2.500%, with LIBOR capped at 8.500%.
- (26) LIBOR + 2.500%, with LIBOR capped at 8.000%.
- (27) Our share of joint venture indebtedness was \$2,739,630.
- (28) Represents the fair market value of interest rate swaps entered into by the Operating Partnership.
- (29) EURIBOR + 2.169%
- (30) The maturity date shown represents the Anticipated Maturity Date of the loan which is typically 10-20 years earlier than the stated Maturity Date of the loan. Should the loan not be repaid at the Anticipated Repayment Date the applicable interest rate shall increase as specified in each loan agreement.
- (31) LIBOR + 2.000%, with LIBOR floor at 1.800%.
- (32) Loans secured by these three Properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (33) Debt is denominated in Euros and bears interest at Euribor + 1.200%. Debt consists of a Euros 400 million tranche which is fully drawn and a Euros 100 million tranche facility of which Euros 32.4 million is drawn.
- (34) Simultaneous with the issuance of this loan, the Operating Partnership entered into a \$70 million notional amount variable rate swap agreement which is designated as a hedge against this loan. As of December 31, 2003, after including the impacts of this swap, the terms of the loan are effectively \$150 million fixed at 3.60% and \$70 million variable rate at 1.16%.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Triple Five of Minnesota, Inc., a Minnesota corporation, v. Melvin Simon, et. al. On or about November 9, 1999, Triple Five of Minnesota, Inc. commenced an action in the District Court for the State of Minnesota, Fourth Judicial District, against, among others, Mall of America, certain members of the Simon family and entities allegedly controlled by such individuals, and us. The action was later removed to federal court. Two transactions form the basis of the complaint: (i) the sale by Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America of one-half of its partnership interest in Mall of America Company and Minntertainment Company to the Operating Partnership and related entities; and (ii) a financing transaction involving a loan in the amount of \$312.0 million obtained from The Chase Manhattan Bank that is secured by a mortgage placed on Mall of America's assets. The complaint, which contains twelve counts, seeks remedies of unspecified damages, rescission, constructive trust, accounting, and specific performance. Although the complaint names all defendants in several counts, we are specifically identified as a defendant in connection with the sale by Teachers. On August 12, 2002, the court granted in part and denied in part motions for partial summary judgment filed by the parties.

Trial on all of the equitable claims in this matter began June 2, 2003. On September 10, 2003, the court issued its decision in a Memorandum and Order (the "Order"). In the Order, the court found that certain entities and individuals, breached their fiduciary duties to Triple Five. The court did not award Triple Five damages but instead awarded Triple Five equitable and other relief and imposed a constructive trust on that portion of the Mall of America owned by us. Specifically, as it relates to us, the court ordered that Triple Five was entitled to purchase from us the one-half partnership interest that we purchased from Teachers in October 1999, provided Triple Five remits to us the sum of \$81.38 million within nine months of the Order. The court further held that we must disgorge all net profits that we received as a result of our ownership interest in the Mall from October 1999 to the present. The court has appointed a Special Master to determine net profits. The court also held that the current day-to-day management of the Mall remains unchanged unless and until Triple Five purchases our interest in the Mall.

We disagree with many aspects of the Order and have appealed the Order to the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. We are currently working with the Special Master appointed by the court. It is not possible to provide an assurance of the ultimate outcome of the litigation.

As a result of the Order, we recorded a \$6.0 million loss that is included in "Gain (loss) on sales of assets and other, net" in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income, reflecting our estimate of the financial impact to us from complying with the Order and we have ceased recording any contribution to either net income or Funds from Operations ("FFO") from Mall of America.

We are currently not subject to any other material litigation other than routine litigation, claims and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. We believe that such routine litigation, claims and administrative proceedings will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position or our results of operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Part II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Market Information

Our common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "SPG". The quarterly price range on the NYSE for the shares and the distributions declared per share for each quarter in the last two fiscal years are shown below:

	High	Low	Close		Declared Distribution
2003					
1 st Quarter	37.18	31.70	35.83	\$	0.60
2 nd Quarter	40.04	35.85	39.03	\$	0.60
3 rd Quarter	43.96	38.59	43.58	\$	0.60
4 th Quarter	48.59	43.58	46.34	\$	0.60
2002					
1 st Quarter	33.07	28.80	32.63	\$	0.525
2 nd Quarter	36.95	32.52	36.84	\$	0.550
3 rd Quarter	36.84	29.40	35.73	\$	0.550
4 th Quarter	35.81	31.00	34.07	\$	0.550

There is no established public trading market for Simon Property's Class B common stock or Class C common stock. Distributions per share of the Class B and Class C common stock are identical to the common stock.

Holdings

The number of holders of record of common stock outstanding was 2,239 as of February 12, 2004. The Class B common stock is held entirely by a voting trust to which Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon, David Simon and certain of their affiliates are parties and is exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into shares of common stock, and the Class C common stock is held entirely by NID Corporation, the successor corporation of Edward J. DeBartolo Corporation, and is also exchangeable on a one-for-one basis into shares of common stock.

Distributions

Simon Property qualifies as a REIT under the Code. To maintain our status as a REIT, we are required each year to distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our taxable income after certain adjustments. Future distributions are determined in the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on our actual cash flow, financial condition, capital requirements, the annual REIT distribution requirements and such other factors as our Board of Directors deem relevant.

Simon Property offers an Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan for its common shares that allows shareholders, at their election, to acquire additional shares by automatically reinvesting cash dividends. Shares are acquired pursuant to the plan at a price equal to the prevailing market price of such shares, without payment of any brokerage commission or service charge.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

We issued 3,328,540 shares of Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock on December 15, 2003 to a single institutional investor for cash proceeds in the amount of \$83.2 million. We used a portion of the proceeds to fund the redemption of our 6.5% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock which were called for redemption on December 15, 2003. The Series H Preferred Stock was not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemption contained in Section 4(2) regarding private transactions.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the Selected Financial Data section of the 2003 Annual Report to Shareholders filed as Exhibit 13.1 to this Form 10-K.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the 2003 Annual Report to Shareholders filed as Exhibit 13.1 to this Form 10-K.

Item 7A. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosure About Market Risk

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations section of the 2003 Annual Report to Shareholders under the caption "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Market Risk", filed as Exhibit 13.1 to this Form 10-K.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Reference is made to the Index to Financial Statements contained in Item 15.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. We carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with participation of management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, our management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as that date.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f)) that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2003 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

38

Part III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to Simon Property's definitive Proxy Statement for its annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A and the information included under the caption "Executive Officers of the Registrants" in Part I hereof.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to Simon Property's definitive Proxy Statement for its annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to Simon Property's definitive Proxy Statement for its annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to Simon Property's definitive Proxy Statement for its annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to Simon Property's definitive Proxy Statement for its annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

39

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statements, Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) (1) *Financial Statements*

Simon Property Group, Inc.'s financial statements and independent auditors' reports are incorporated herein by reference to the financial statements and independent auditors' reports in the 2003 Annual Report to Shareholders, filed as Exhibit 13.1 to this Form 10-K.

		Page No.
(2)	<i>Financial Statement Schedules</i>	
	Report of Independent Public Accountants	43
	Simon Property Group, Inc. Schedule III — Schedule of Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	44
	Notes to Combined Schedule III	49
(3)	<i>Exhibits</i>	
	The Exhibit Index attached hereto is hereby incorporated by reference to this Item.	50
(b)	<i>Reports on Form 8-K</i>	
	Two Form 8-Ks were filed or furnished during the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2003.	
	On October 8, 2003 under Item 5 — Other Events and Regulation FD Disclosure, Simon Property issued a press release announcing that its joint tender offer with Westfield America, Inc. for all outstanding common shares of Taubman Centers, Inc was being withdrawn. A copy of Simon Property's press release was attached as an exhibit.	
	On October 31, 2003 under Item 9 — Regulation FD Disclosure, Simon Property reported that it made available additional ownership and operational information concerning Simon Property, the Operating Partnership, and the properties owned or managed as of September 30, 2003, in the form of a Supplemental Information Package. A copy of the package was included as an exhibit to the 8-K filing. In addition, under Item 12 — Results of Operation and Financial Condition, Simon Property reported that, on October 30, 2003, it issued a press release containing information on earnings as of September 30, 2003 and other matters. A copy of the press release was included as an exhibit.	

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

By /s/ David Simon

David Simon
Chief Executive Officer

March 12, 2004

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ David Simon	Chief Executive Officer And Director (Principal Executive Officer)	March 12, 2004
David Simon		
/s/ Herbert Simon	Co-Chairman of the Board of Directors	March 12, 2004
Herbert Simon		

<u>/s/ Melvin Simon</u>	Co-Chairman of the Board of Directors	March 12, 2004
Melvin Simon		
<u>/s/ Richard S. Sokolov</u>	President, Chief Operating Officer and Director	March 12, 2004
Richard S. Sokolov		
<u>/s/ Birch Bayh</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Birch Bayh		
<u>/s/ Melvyn E. Bergstein</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Melvyn E. Bergstein		
<u>/s/ Linda Walker Bynoe</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Linda Walker Bynoe		
<u>/s/ Pieter S. van den Berg</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Pieter S. van den Berg		

41

<u>/s/ G. William Miller</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
G. William Miller		
<u>/s/ Fredrick W. Petri</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Fredrick W. Petri		
<u>/s/ J. Albert Smith, Jr.</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
J. Albert Smith, Jr.		
<u>/s/ Philip J. Ward</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
Philip J. Ward		
<u>/s/ M. Denise DeBartolo York</u>	Director	March 12, 2004
M. Denise DeBartolo York		
<u>/s/ Stephen E. Sterrett</u>	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	March 12, 2004
Stephen E. Sterrett		
<u>/s/ John Dahl</u>	Senior Vice President (Principal Accounting Officer)	March 12, 2004
John Dahl		

42

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SCHEDULE

To the Board of Directors of
Simon Property Group, Inc.:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003, and

for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2004 (included elsewhere in this Form 10-K). Our audit also included the accompanying "Schedule III: Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation" as of December 31, 2003, for Simon Property Group, Inc. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our audit.

In our opinion, the financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
February 5, 2004

43

SCHEDULE III

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
December 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

Name, Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost (Note 3)		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Note 3)		Gross Amounts At Which Carried At Close of Period			Accumulated Depreciation (2)	Date of Construction
		Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Total (1)		
Regional Malls										
Alton Square, Alton, IL	\$ 0	\$ 154	\$ 7,641	\$ 0	\$ 10,556	\$ 154	\$ 18,197	\$ 18,351	5,660	1993 (Note 4)
Anderson Mall, Anderson, SC	29,763	1,712	15,227	1,363	8,176	3,075	23,403	26,478	7,385	1972
Arsenal Mall, Watertown, MA	34,773	15,505	47,680	0	813	15,505	48,493	63,998	5,824	1999 (Note 4)
Aurora Mall, Aurora, CO	0	11,400	55,692	6	5,831	11,406	61,523	72,929	12,080	1998 (Note 4)
Barton Creek Square, Austin, TX	0	2,903	20,699	7,983	51,409	10,886	72,108	82,994	20,707	1981
Battlefield Mall, Springfield, MO	100,000	3,919	27,310	3,225	40,990	7,144	68,300	75,444	27,477	1970
Bay Park Square, Green Bay, WI	24,345	6,358	25,623	4,133	22,357	10,491	47,980	58,471	7,507	1980
Biltmore Square, Asheville, NC	26,000	6,641	23,582	0	1,475	6,641	25,057	31,698	5,971	1989
Bowie Town Center, Bowie, MD	52,700	2,710	65,044	235	5,619	2,945	70,663	73,608	6,627	2001
Boynton Beach Mall, Boynton Beach, FL	0	22,240	79,226	0	14,410	22,240	93,636	115,876	18,008	1985
Brea Mall, Brea, CA	0	39,500	209,202	0	8,348	39,500	217,550	257,050	33,238	1998 (Note 4)
Broadway Square, Tyler, TX	0	11,470	32,439	0	6,541	11,470	38,980	50,450	11,469	1994 (Note 4)
Brunswick Square, Brunswick, NJ	45,000	8,436	55,838	0	22,868	8,436	78,706	87,142	16,912	1973
Burlington Mall, Burlington, MA	0	46,600	303,618	0	6,255	46,600	309,873	356,473	46,610	1998 (Note 4)
Castleton Square, Indianapolis, IN	0	26,250	98,287	2,500	30,476	28,750	128,763	157,513	26,286	1972
Century III Mall, Pittsburgh, PA	87,859	17,380	102,364	10	4,123	17,390	106,487	123,877	31,917	1979
Charlottesville Fashion Square, Charlottesville, VA	0	0	54,738	0	11,399	0	66,137	66,137	11,493	1997 (Note 4)
Chautauqua Mall, Lakewood, NY	0	3,257	9,641	0	14,816	3,257	24,457	27,714	6,569	1971
Cheltenham Square, Philadelphia, PA	33,533	14,227	43,699	0	4,681	14,227	48,380	62,607	11,123	1981
Chesapeake Square, Chesapeake, VA	47,000	11,534	70,461	0	5,137	11,534	75,598	87,132	18,198	1989
Cielo Vista Mall, El Paso, TX	88,322	1,307	18,512	608	22,812	1,915	41,324	43,239	20,484	1974
College Mall, Bloomington, IN	48,294	1,003	16,245	722	21,541	1,725	37,786	39,511	15,974	1965
Columbia Center, Kennewick, WA	0	18,285	66,580	0	8,136	18,285	74,716	93,001	15,408	1987
Coral Square, Coral Springs, FL	88,946	13,556	93,720	0	1,247	13,556	94,967	108,523	22,207	1984
Cordova Mall, Pensacola, FL	0	18,633	75,880	0	3,419	18,633	79,299	97,932	14,069	1998 (Note 4)
Cottonwood Mall, Albuquerque, NM	0	11,585	68,958	0	441	11,585	69,399	80,984	19,131	1996
Crossroads Mall, Omaha, NE	44,127	881	37,263	409	30,269	1,290	67,532	68,822	18,546	1994 (Note 4)
Crystal River Mall, Crystal River, FL	15,867	5,661	20,241	0	4,463	5,661	24,704	30,365	4,913	1990
DeSoto Square, Bradenton, FL	38,094	9,380	52,716	0	6,655	9,380	59,371	68,751	13,493	1973
Eastland Mall, Tulsa, OK	0	3,124	24,035	518	7,023	3,642	31,058	34,700	12,512	1986
Edison Mall, Fort Myers, FL	0	11,529	107,381	0	6,056	11,529	113,437	124,966	20,756	1997 (Note 4)
Fashion Mall at Keystone at the Crossing, Indianapolis, IN	60,518	0	120,579	0	14,379	0	134,958	134,958	23,223	1997 (Note 4)
Forest Mall, Fond Du Lac, WI	17,671	728	4,498	0	7,415	728	11,913	12,641	4,884	1973
The Forum Shops at Caesars, Las Vegas, NV	550,000	0	276,378	0	132,332	0	408,710	408,710	28,513	1992

Great Lakes Mall, Mentor, OH	0	12,304	100,362	432	7,685	12,736	108,047	120,783	23,636	1961
Greenwood Park Mall, Greenwood, IN	89,284	2,559	23,445	5,277	70,029	7,836	93,474	101,310	27,713	1979
Gulf View Square, Port Richey, FL	34,260	13,690	39,997	2,023	14,761	15,713	54,758	70,471	11,567	1980
Haywood Mall, Greenville, SC	0	11,604	133,893	6	1,603	11,610	135,496	147,106	30,029	1998 (Note 4)
Heritage Park, Midwest City, OK	0	598	6,213	0	1,726	598	7,939	8,537	4,331	1978
Hutchinson Mall, Hutchinson, KS	0	1,412	18,411	0	3,017	1,412	21,428	22,840	8,451	1985

44

SCHEDULE III

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
December 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

Name, Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost (Note 3)		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Note 3)		Gross Amounts At Which Carried At Close of Period			Accumulated Depreciation (2)	Date of Construction
		Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Total (1)		
Independence Center, Independence, MO	0	5,042	45,822	2	20,461	5,044	66,283	71,327	17,273	1994 (Note 4)
Ingram Park Mall, San Antonio, TX	82,423	764	17,163	169	16,001	933	33,164	34,097	14,277	1979
Irving Mall, Irving, TX	0	6,737	17,479	2,533	29,935	9,270	47,414	56,684	21,435	1971
Jefferson Valley Mall, Yorktown Heights, NY	60,000	4,868	30,304	0	19,475	4,868	49,779	54,647	15,730	1983
Knoxville Center, Knoxville, TN	62,415	5,006	21,965	3,712	33,986	8,718	55,951	64,669	17,869	1984
La Plaza, McAllen, TX	0	1,375	9,828	6,569	30,868	7,944	40,696	48,640	11,065	1976
Lafayette Square, Indianapolis, IN	0	14,251	54,589	50	12,600	14,301	67,189	81,490	15,800	1968
Laguna Hills Mall, Laguna Hills, CA	0	28,074	55,689	0	4,944	28,074	60,633	88,707	11,522	1997 (Note 4)
Lakeline Mall, N. Austin, TX	68,549	10,383	81,568	14	1,202	10,397	82,770	93,167	18,825	1995
Lenox Square, Atlanta, GA	0	38,213	492,411	0	6,382	38,213	498,793	537,006	75,030	1998 (Note 4)
Lima Mall, Lima, OH	0	7,910	35,495	0	7,923	7,910	43,418	51,328	10,413	1965
Lincolnwood Town Center, Lincolnwood, IL	0	7,907	63,480	28	6,485	7,935	69,965	77,900	22,201	1990
Livingston Mall, Livingston, NJ	0	30,200	105,250	0	7,068	30,200	112,318	142,518	17,282	1998 (Note 4)
Longview Mall, Longview, TX	33,070	270	3,602	124	7,283	394	10,885	11,279	4,426	1978
Maplewood Mall, Minneapolis, MN	0	17,119	83,477	0	726	17,119	84,203	101,322	4,712	2002 (Note 4)
Markland Mall, Kokomo, IN	23,397	0	7,568	0	7,133	0	14,701	14,701	4,884	1968
Mc Cain Mall, N. Little Rock, AR	40,729	0	9,515	0	9,221	0	18,736	18,736	10,732	1973
Melbourne Square, Melbourne, FL	36,595	15,762	55,891	0	12,357	15,762	68,248	84,010	13,136	1982
Menlo Park Mall, Edison, NJ	0	65,684	223,252	0	18,295	65,684	241,547	307,231	43,009	1997 (Note 4)
Midland Park Mall, Midland, TX	34,157	687	9,213	0	9,300	687	18,513	19,200	7,761	1980
Miller Hill Mall, Duluth, MN	0	2,537	18,092	0	21,141	2,537	39,233	41,770	14,564	1973
Muncie Mall, Muncie, IN	0	172	5,849	52	23,258	224	29,107	29,331	8,648	1970
Nanuet Mall, Nanuet, NY	0	27,548	162,993	0	2,119	27,548	165,112	192,660	24,889	1998 (Note 4)
North East Mall, Hurst, TX	140,000	912	13,340	19,010	141,380	19,922	154,720	174,642	30,563	1971
Northgate Mall, Seattle, WA	0	28,626	115,992	0	28,729	28,626	144,721	173,347	22,968	1987
Northlake Mall, Atlanta, GA	72,003	33,400	98,035	0	3,338	33,400	101,373	134,773	16,075	1998 (Note 4)
Northwoods Mall, Peoria, IL	0	1,200	12,779	1,449	29,071	2,649	41,850	44,499	17,335	1983
Oak Court Mall, Memphis, TN	0	15,673	57,304	0	3,998	15,673	61,302	76,975	11,569	1997 (Note 4)
Ocean County Mall, Toms River, NJ	0	20,404	124,945	0	15,540	20,404	140,485	160,889	19,725	1998 (Note 4)
Orange Park Mall, Jacksonville, FL	0	13,345	65,121	0	18,062	13,345	83,183	96,528	21,991	1994 (Note 4)
Orland Square, Orland Park, IL	0	35,514	129,906	0	11,905	35,514	141,811	177,325	25,445	1997 (Note 4)
Oxford Valley Mall, Langhorne, PA	86,418	25,391	112,312	0	35	25,391	112,347	137,738	16,789	2003 (Note 4)
Paddock Mall, Ocala, FL	27,248	11,198	39,727	0	7,146	11,198	46,873	58,071	9,138	1980
Palm Beach Mall, West Palm Beach, FL	54,641	11,962	112,741	0	37,095	11,962	149,836	161,798	38,185	1967
Penn Square Mall, Oklahoma City, OK	71,319	2,043	156,808	0	14,607	2,043	171,415	173,458	13,642	2002 (Note 4)
Phipps Plaza, Atlanta, GA	0	19,200	210,610	0	7,728	19,200	218,338	237,538	33,227	1998 (Note 4)
Port Charlotte Town Center, Port Charlotte, FL	53,250	5,561	59,387	0	10,741	5,561	70,128	75,689	16,215	1989
Prien Lake Mall, Lake Charles, LA	0	1,842	2,813	3,091	35,602	4,933	38,415	43,348	11,938	1972
Raleigh Springs Mall, Memphis, TN	11,000	9,137	28,604	0	12,166	9,137	40,770	49,907	9,799	1971

45

SCHEDULE III

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
December 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

Name, Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost (Note 3)		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Note 3)		Gross Amounts At Which Carried At Close of Period			Accumulated Depreciation (2)	Date of Construction
		Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Total (1)		
Richardson Square, Dallas, TX	0	4,532	6,329	1,268	11,567	5,800	17,896	23,696	5,097	1977
Richmond Town Square, Richmond Heights, OH	47,977	2,600	12,112	0	60,793	2,600	72,905	75,505	18,393	1966
River Oaks Center, Calumet City, IL	0	30,884	101,224	0	6,362	30,884	107,586	138,470	18,955	1997 (Note 4)
Rockaway Townsquare, Rockaway, NJ	0	46,742	212,257	0	6,784	46,742	219,041	265,783	32,734	1998 (Note 4)
Rolling Oaks Mall, San Antonio, TX	0	2,577	38,609	0	2,223	2,577	40,832	43,409	17,817	1988
Roosevelt Field, Garden City, NY	0	165,006	702,008	2,117	12,194	167,123	714,202	881,325	107,564	1998 (Note 4)
Ross Park Mall, Pittsburgh, PA	0	23,350	90,394	0	23,830	23,350	114,224	137,574	30,172	1986
Santa Rosa Plaza, Santa Rosa, CA	0	10,400	87,864	0	3,831	10,400	91,695	102,095	14,330	1998 (Note 4)
Shops at Mission Viejo Mall, Mission Viejo, CA	0	9,139	54,445	7,491	144,399	16,630	198,844	215,474	38,533	1979
South Hills Village, Pittsburgh, PA	0	23,453	125,840	0	6,786	23,453	132,626	156,079	23,165	1997 (Note 4)
South Shore Plaza, Braintree, MA	0	101,200	301,495	0	8,280	101,200	309,775	410,975	46,814	1998 (Note 4)
Southern Park Mall, Youngstown, OH	0	16,982	77,767	97	18,906	17,079	96,673	113,752	22,191	1970
Southgate Mall, Yuma, AZ	0	1,817	7,974	0	3,577	1,817	11,551	13,368	4,730	1988
SouthPark Mall, Charlotte, NC	0	32,141	193,686	100	63,446	32,241	257,132	289,373	12,469	2002 (Note 4)
St Charles Towne Center, Waldorf, MD	0	7,710	52,974	1,180	12,489	8,890	65,463	74,353	24,756	1990
Standford Shopping Center, Palo Alto, CA	220,000	0	359,666	0	13	0	359,679	359,679	4,046	2003 (Note 4)
Summit Mall, Akron, OH	0	15,374	51,137	0	17,006	15,374	68,143	83,517	14,732	1965
Sunland Park Mall, El Paso, TX	37,229	2,896	28,900	0	3,997	2,896	32,897	35,793	14,150	1988
Tacoma Mall, Tacoma, WA	131,903	38,662	125,826	0	20,300	38,662	146,126	184,788	30,866	1987
Tippecanoe Mall, Lafayette, IN	56,725	2,897	8,474	5,517	35,703	8,414	44,177	52,591	20,731	1973
Town Center at Boca Raton, Boca Raton, FL	0	64,200	307,511	0	62,510	64,200	370,021	434,221	55,230	1998 (Note 4)
Towne East Square, Wichita, KS	72,448	9,113	18,479	2,042	21,968	11,155	40,447	51,602	17,840	1975
Towne West Square, Wichita, KS	53,952	972	21,203	76	7,185	1,048	28,388	29,436	12,477	1980
Treasure Coast Square, Jensen Beach, FL	61,990	11,124	73,108	3,067	17,181	14,191	90,289	104,480	19,353	1987
Trolley Square, Salt Lake City, UT	29,133	4,827	27,512	435	10,931	5,262	38,443	43,705	13,347	1986
Tyrone Square, St. Petersburg, FL	0	15,638	120,962	0	15,227	15,638	136,189	151,827	28,888	1972
University Mall, Little Rock, AR	0	123	17,411	0	760	123	18,171	18,294	7,753	1967
University Mall, Pensacola, FL	0	4,706	26,657	0	4,136	4,706	30,793	35,499	8,926	1994
University Park Mall, Mishawaka, IN	58,799	15,105	61,283	0	14,036	15,105	75,319	90,424	66,375	1996 (Note 4)
Upper Valley Mall, Springfield, OH	30,314	8,421	38,745	0	3,353	8,421	42,098	50,519	9,901	1979
Valle Vista Mall, Harlingen, TX	39,076	1,398	17,159	372	10,977	1,770	28,136	29,906	11,003	1983
Virginia Center Commons, Richmond, VA	0	9,764	50,547	4,149	6,516	13,913	57,063	70,976	13,638	1991
Walt Whitman Mall, Huntington Station, NY	0	51,700	111,258	3,789	33,804	55,489	145,062	200,551	29,942	1998 (Note 4)
Washington Square, Indianapolis, IN	32,862	17,201	41,248	100	14,501	17,301	55,749	73,050	13,055	1974
West Ridge Mall, Topeka, KS	43,392	5,514	34,132	197	6,175	5,711	40,307	46,018	14,251	1988
Westminster Mall, Westminster, CA	0	43,464	84,709	0	12,316	43,464	97,025	140,489	14,706	1998 (Note 4)
White Oaks Mall, Springfield, IL	48,563	3,024	35,692	2,413	23,640	5,437	59,332	64,769	15,895	1977
Wolfchase Galleria, Memphis, TN	74,437	16,470	128,909	0	8,375	16,470	137,284	153,754	17,730	2002 (Note 4)
Woodville Mall, Northwood, OH	0	1,818	4,244	0	1,592	1,818	5,836	7,654	2,241	1969

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
December 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Gross Amounts At Which

Indianapolis, IN	0	941	1,697	0	177	941	1,874	2,815	2,024	1976
Waterford Lakes, Orlando, FL	68,000	8,679	72,836	0	11,963	8,679	84,799	93,478	13,896	1999
West Ridge Plaza, Topeka, KS	5,567	1,376	4,560	0	1,269	1,376	5,829	7,205	1,661	1988
White Oaks Plaza, Springfield, IL	16,987	3,169	14,267	0	795	3,169	15,062	18,231	4,267	1986
Office, Mixed-Use Properties										
Copley Place, Boston, MA	180,836	147	378,876	0	2,900	147	381,776	381,923	14,534	2002 (Note 4)
O Hare International Center, Rosemont, IL	0	125	47,482	0	13,015	125	60,497	60,622	17,353	1988
Riverway, Rosemont, IL	110,000	8,739	106,462	16	14,268	8,755	120,730	129,485	36,962	1991 (Note 4)
Development Projects										
Wolf Ranch, Georgetown, TX	0	25,415	4,130	0	0	25,415	4,130	29,545	0	
St. Johns Town Center, Jacksonville, FL	37,500	22,617	17,505	0	0	22,617	17,505	40,122	0	
Firewheel Town Center, Garland, TX	0	12,150	3,948	0	0	12,150	3,948	16,098	0	
Other pre-development costs	0	16,188	4,483	0	0	16,188	4,483	20,671	0	
Other	0	7,917	7,808	279	930	8,196	8,738	16,934	1,967	
	\$ 4,179,385	\$ 1,965,559	\$ 10,556,141	\$ 102,705	\$ 2,210,038	\$ 2,068,264	\$ 12,766,179	\$ 14,834,443	\$ 2,482,955	

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO SCHEDULE III AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003
(Dollars in thousands)

(1) Reconciliation of Real Estate Properties:

The changes in real estate assets for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001 are as follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 14,129,739	\$ 13,095,005	\$ 12,955,080
Acquisitions and consolidations	761,179	1,107,581	—
Improvements	377,548	208,257	245,660
Disposals and abandonments	(434,023)	(281,104)	(58,735)
Impairment Write-Down	—	—	(47,000)
Balance, close of year	\$ 14,834,443	\$ 14,129,739	\$ 13,095,005

The unaudited aggregate cost of real estate assets for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2003 was \$10,740,729.

(2) Reconciliation of Accumulated Depreciation:

The changes in accumulated depreciation and amortization for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001 are as follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,168,281	\$ 1,827,140	\$ 1,443,127
Acquisitions and consolidations	21,111	16,491	—
Depreciation expense	461,546	417,064	419,841
Disposals and abandonments	(167,983)	(92,414)	(35,828)
Balance, close of year	\$ 2,482,955	\$ 2,168,281	\$ 1,827,140

Depreciation of Simon Property's investment in buildings and improvements reflected in the statements of operations is calculated over the estimated original lives of the assets as follows:

- Buildings and Improvements — typically 10 - 35 years for the structure, 15 years for landscaping and parking lot, and 10 years for HVAC equipment.
- Tenant Inducements — shorter of lease term or useful life.

- (3) Initial cost generally represents net book value at December 20, 1993 except for acquired properties and new developments after December 20, 1993. Cost capitalized subsequent to acquisition are generally net of related disposals.
- (4) Not developed/constructed by Simon Property or its predecessors. The date of construction represents acquisition date.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibits	Page
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on October 9, 1998).
3.2	Restated By-laws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002).
3.3	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 7.00% Series C Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 15, 1999).
3.3a	Certificate of Correction Filed to Correct Certain Errors in Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 7.00% Series C Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1a of the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 15, 1999).
3.4	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 8.00% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 15, 1999).
3.4a	Certificate of Correction Filed to Correct Certain Errors in Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 8.00% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2a of the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 15, 1999).
3.5	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 8.00% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 15, 1999).
3.6	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 8 ³ / ₄ % Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed by the Registrant on May 9, 2001 (Reg. No. 333-60526)).
3.7	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 7.89% Series G Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock, \$.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed by the Registrant on May 9, 2001 (Reg. No. 333-60526)).
3.8	Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value.
3.8a	Certificate of Correction Filed to Correct a Certain Error in Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value.
9.1	Amended and Restated Voting Trust Agreement, Voting Agreement and Proxy between MSA, on the one hand, and Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon and David Simon, on the other hand (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 9.1 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2000).
10.1	Credit Agreement, dated as of April 16, 2002, among Simon Property Group, L.P., the Lenders named therein, the Co-Agents named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K filed by the Operating Partnership on December 5, 2002).
10.2	Form of the Indemnity Agreement between the Registrant and its directors and officers. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Form S-4 filed by the Registrant on August 13, 1998 (Reg. No. 333-61399)).
10.3	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 24, 1998, by and among the Registrant and the persons named therein. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on October 9, 1998).
10.4(a)	Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Appendix G to the Registrants' Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A dated April 7, 2003).
10.5(a)	Form of Employment Agreement between Hans C. Mautner and the Companies (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.63 of the Form S-4 filed by CPI on August 13, 1998 (Reg. No. 333-61399)).
10.6(a)	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement between the Companies and Hans C. Mautner pursuant to the Operating Partnership 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.59 of the Form S-4 filed by CPI on August 13, 1998 (Reg. No. 333-61399)).
10.7(a)	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement between the Registrant and Hans C. Mautner pursuant to the Operating Partnership 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.61 of the Form S-4 filed by CPI on August 13, 1998 (Reg. No. 333-61399)).
10.8(a)	Employment Agreement between Hans C. Mautner and Simon Global Limited (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the 2000 Form 10-K filed by the Registrant).
10.9(a)	First Amendment to Employment Agreement Dated September 23, 1998 between Hans C. Mautner and the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the 2000 Form 10-K filed by the Registrant).
10.10(a)	Employment Agreement between Richard S. Sokolov, the Registrant, and Simon Property Group Administrative Services Partnership, L.P. Dated March 26, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the 2000 Form 10-K filed by the Registrant).
12.1	Statement regarding computation of ratios.

13.1	Selected Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Financial Statements of the Registrant as contained in the Registrant's 2003 Annual Report to Shareholders.
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of the Company.
23.1	Consent of Arthur Andersen LLP (omitted pursuant to Rule 437a of the Securities Act)
23.2	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP.
31.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- (a) Represents a management contract, or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement required to be filed pursuant to Regulation S-K.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I

Item 1. Business

Item 2. Properties

MORTGAGE AND OTHER DEBT ON PORTFOLIO PROPERTIES As of December 31, 2003 (Dollars in thousands)

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Part II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 7A. Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Part III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statements, Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

SIGNATURES

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE III

SCHEDULE III

SCHEDULE III

SCHEDULE III

SCHEDULE III

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
CERTIFICATE OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS,
PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS OF THE
SERIES H VARIABLE RATE PREFERRED STOCK
\$.0001 PAR VALUE

Pursuant to Section 151 of the General Corporation Law
of the State of Delaware

The following resolution was duly adopted by the Board of Directors (the "Board of Directors") of Simon Property Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), pursuant to the provisions of Section 151 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware:

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Corporation is authorized, within the limitations and restrictions stated in the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation (the "Charter") to provide by resolution or resolutions for the issuance of shares of preferred stock of the Corporation, in one or more series with such voting powers, full or limited, or no voting powers, and such preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and such qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as shall be stated in such resolution providing for the issue of such series of preferred stock as may be adopted from time to time by the Board of Directors;

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Corporation has determined by unanimous written consent that it is in the best interests of the Corporation and its stockholders to designate a new series of preferred stock of the Corporation; and

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, pursuant to its authority as aforesaid, to authorize and fix the terms of a series of preferred stock and the number of shares constituting such series;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

SECTION 1. *Designation and Number.* The designation of the series of preferred stock of the Corporation created by this Certificate of Designation shall be "Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock" (the "Series H Preferred Stock"). The authorized number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall be 453,000 par value \$.0001 per share.

SECTION 2. *Status of Reacquired Shares.* All shares of Series H Preferred Stock redeemed, purchased, exchanged, unissued (after the initial issuance) or otherwise acquired by the Corporation shall be restored to the status of authorized but unissued shares of Series H Preferred Stock and thereafter may be reclassified and issued, but not as Series H Preferred Stock.

SECTION 3. *Ranking.* The Series H Preferred Stock shall, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation and redemption rights, rank (A) junior to any other class or series of capital stock or other equity interests of the Corporation hereafter duly established by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, the terms of which shall specifically provide that such class or series shall rank prior to the Series H Preferred Stock as to the payment of dividends, distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation and redemption rights (the "Senior Stock"), (B) *pari passu* with the 6.50% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, 6.50% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, 6.50% Series A Excess Preferred Stock, 6.50% Series B Excess Preferred Stock, 7% Series C Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, 8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 8% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 8 ³/₄% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Corporation, and 7.89% Series G Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock and any other class or series of capital stock or other equity interests of

the Corporation hereafter duly established by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, the terms of which shall specifically provide that such class or series shall rank *pari passu* with the Series H Preferred Stock as to the payment of dividends, distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation and redemption rights (the "Parity Stock") and (C) prior to the Common Stock, the Class B Common Stock and the Class C Common Stock (as such terms are defined in the Charter) or any other class or series of capital stock or other equity interests in the Corporation, as to the payment of dividends, distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation and redemption rights (the "Junior Stock"). The term "capital stock" shall include convertible debt securities.

SECTION 4. *Dividends.*

(A) Subject to the preferential rights of the holders of any class or series of Senior Stock which may from time to time come into existence, from the date of original issuance of the Series H Preferred Stock (the "Issue Date") holders of the then outstanding Series H

Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors (the "Board"), out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends, cumulative quarterly preferential cash dividends computed by multiplying the liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share by the applicable dividend rate for the time period indicated:

<u>Time Period</u>	<u>Dividend Rate</u>
December 15, 2003 to January 15, 2004	LIBOR + 100 basis points
January 16, 2004 to February 15, 2004	LIBOR + 200 basis points
February 16, 2004 to March 15, 2004	LIBOR + 400 basis points
March 16, 2004 (the "Reset Date") and thereafter	LIBOR + 500 basis points

"LIBOR" means the rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for each day within the designated time period, which appears on display page 3750 of Moneyline's Telerate Service (or such other page as may replace that page on that service).

(B) Dividends on Series H Preferred Stock will begin to accrue and be fully cumulative from the Issue Date whether or not the Corporation has earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not such dividends are earned, declared or authorized. Dividends shall be payable quarterly in equal amounts of per share of Series H Preferred Stock when, as and if authorized by the Board, in equal amounts in arrears on the fifteenth day of each March, June, September and December (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"); provided that if any such Dividend Payment Date is not a Business Day (as defined herein), then the dividend which would otherwise have been payable on such Dividend Payment Date shall be paid on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if paid on such Dividend Payment Date, and no interest or additional dividends or other sums shall accrue on the amount so payable from the Dividend Payment Date to such next succeeding Business Day. The first dividend on the Series H Preferred Stock shall be paid on March 16, 2004, will be for more than a full quarter and will reflect dividends accumulated and accrued from the Issue Date through and excluding March 16, 2004. Any dividend (including the initial dividend) payable on the Series H Preferred Stock for any partial dividend period shall be prorated and computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Dividends shall be payable to holders of record as they appear in the stock transfer records of the Corporation at the close of business on the applicable record date, which shall be the first day of the calendar month in which the applicable Dividend Payment Date falls or such other date designated by the Board for the payment of dividends that is not more than 30 nor less than ten days prior to such Dividend Payment Date (each, a "Dividend Record Date"). As used herein, the term "dividend period" for the Series H Preferred Stock shall mean the period from the Issue Date and ending on and excluding the next Dividend Payment Date, and each subsequent period from but including such Dividend Payment Date and ending on and excluding the next following Dividend Payment Date. No

interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on Series H Preferred Stock which may be in arrears. Dividends paid on the Series H Preferred Stock in an amount less than the total amount of such dividends at the time accrued and payable on such shares shall be allocated pro rata on a per share basis among all such shares at the time outstanding.

(C) If, for any taxable year, the Corporation elects to designate as "capital gain distributions" (as defined in Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any successor revenue code or section (the "Code")) any portion (the "Capital Gains Amount") of the total distributions (as determined for federal income tax purposes) paid or made available for the year to holders of all classes of capital stock (the "Total Distributions"), then the portion of the Capital Gains Amount that shall be allocable to holders of Series H Preferred Stock shall be in the same percentage that the total distributions paid or made available to the holders of Series H Preferred Stock for the year bears to the Total Distributions.

(D) Except as provided in Section 4(D) hereof, if any shares of Series H Preferred Stock are outstanding, no distributions (other than in shares of common stock or other capital stock ranking junior to Series H Preferred Stock as to distributions and upon liquidation) shall be authorized, declared, paid or set apart for payment on, nor shall there be any redemption, purchase or other acquisition for any consideration (or monies to be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption) by the Corporation (except by conversion into or exchange for other capital stock of the Corporation ranking junior to Series H Preferred Stock as to distributions and amounts upon liquidation) of, any shares of any other class or series of stock of the Corporation ranking, as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation, on a parity with or junior to Series H Preferred Stock for any period unless full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or authorized declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for such payments on shares of Series H Preferred Stock for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period. When dividends are not paid in full (or a sum sufficient for such full payment is not set apart) upon the shares of Series H Preferred Stock and the shares of any other class or series of capital stock ranking on a parity as to the payment of shares of dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation with shares of Series H Preferred Stock, all dividends authorized and declared upon shares of Series H Preferred Stock and any other class or series of capital stock ranking on a parity as to the payment of shares of dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation with Series H Preferred Stock shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends authorized and declared per share on Series H Preferred Stock and such other class or series of capital stock shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accrued and accumulated dividends per share on Series H Preferred Stock and such other class or series of capital stock (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such class or series of capital stock does not have a cumulative dividend) bear to each other.

(E) Any dividend payment made on shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall first be credited against the earliest accrued and accumulated but unpaid dividends due with respect to shares of Series H Preferred Stock which remain payable.

(F) No distributions on the Series H Preferred Stock shall be authorized by the Board of Directors of the Corporation or be paid or set apart for payment by the Corporation at such time as the terms and provisions of any agreement of the Corporation, including any agreement relating to its indebtedness, prohibits such authorization, payment or setting apart for payment or provides that such authorization, payment or setting apart for payment would constitute a breach thereof or a default thereunder if such authorization or payment shall be restricted or prohibited by law.

(G) Except as provided in this Section 4, the Series H Preferred Stock shall not be entitled to participate in the earnings or assets of the Corporation.

SECTION 5. *Liquidation.*

(A) Subject to the rights of any class or series of capital stock which may from time to time come into existence, upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, then, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Junior Stock, the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of assets of the Corporation legally available for distribution to stockholders, liquidation distributions in the amount of the liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share in cash, plus an amount equal to all distributions (whether or not earned or authorized) accumulated, accrued and unpaid at the date of such liquidating payment. After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Corporation. In the event that, upon any such voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, the available assets of the Corporation are insufficient to pay the amount of the liquidation distributions on all outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on all shares of Parity Stock, then the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock and Parity Stock shall share ratably in any such distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

(B) A consolidation or merger of the Corporation with or into any other entity or entities, or a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or a statutory share exchange in which stockholders of the Corporation may participate, shall not be deemed to be a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation within the meaning of this Section 5.

(C) Written notice of any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, stating the payment date or dates when, and the place or places where, the amounts distributable in such circumstances shall be payable, shall be given by first class mail, postage pre-paid, not less than 30 or more than 60 days prior to the payment date stated therein, to each record holder of the Series H Preferred Stock at the respective addresses of such holders as the same shall appear on the stock transfer records of the Corporation.

SECTION 6. *Redemption by Holders.* Shares of Series H Preferred Stock are not redeemable at any time at the option of the holders thereof.

SECTION 7. *Redemption by the Corporation.*

(A) The Series H Preferred Stock shall not be subject to any sinking fund or mandatory redemption.

(B) Shares of Series H Preferred Stock are redeemable in whole or in part from the Issue Date through March 15, 2004 at the Corporation's option upon not less than ten nor more than 30 days' written notice to the holders thereof, at any time or from time to time unless waived by the holders of the Shares of Series H Preferred Stock, for cash at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus an amount equal to all dividends accumulated, accrued and unpaid (whether or not earned or authorized) thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without interest to the extent the Corporation will have funds legally available therefor. Holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock to be redeemed pursuant to this Section 7(B) shall surrender such shares of Series H Preferred Stock at the place designated in such notice and shall be entitled to the redemption price and any accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends payable upon such redemption following such surrender.

(C) On and after May 15, 2009, the Corporation, at its option, upon giving notice as provided below, may redeem the Series H Preferred Stock, in whole or from time to time in part, at a redemption price per share in cash equal to \$25.00 plus all dividends accumulated, accrued and unpaid (whether or not earned or authorized) on such Series H Preferred Stock to the date of such redemption. Any date fixed for redemption pursuant to this Section 7(C) is referred to herein as a "Redemption Date."

(D) If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock are to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation pursuant to Section 7(C) above, the number of shares to be redeemed shall be determined by the Board and the shares to be redeemed will be selected by the Board pro rata from the holders of record of such shares in proportion to the number of such shares held by such holders or by lot or by any other equitable manner as prescribed by the Board. If such redemption is to be by lot and, as a result of such redemption, any holder of shares of Series H Preferred Stock would own, or be deemed by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code to own, in excess of 8% of the issued and outstanding shares of all outstanding series of preferred stock or 50% in value of all outstanding capital stock of the Corporation,

as the case may be, because such holder's shares of Series H Preferred Stock were not redeemed, or were only redeemed in part, then, except as otherwise provided in the Charter, the Corporation will redeem the requisite number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock from such holder such that he will not hold in excess of the Ownership Limit (as defined in the Charter) subsequent to such redemption.

(E) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, unless full cumulative dividends on all shares of Series H Preferred Stock and Parity Stock shall have been or contemporaneously are authorized, declared and paid or authorized, declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period, no shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock or Junior Stock shall be redeemed unless all outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock and Junior Stock are simultaneously redeemed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock or Junior Stock pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock or Junior Stock, as the case may be. Furthermore, unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock and Junior Stock have been or contemporaneously are authorized, declared and paid or authorized, declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period, the Corporation shall not purchase or otherwise acquire directly or indirectly any shares of Series H Preferred Stock, Parity Stock or Junior Stock (except by conversion into or exchange for shares of capital stock of the Corporation ranking junior to Series H Preferred Stock and Parity Stock as to dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or dissolution of the Corporation).

(F) In the event shares of Series H Preferred Stock are to be redeemed pursuant to Section 7(C), notice of redemption will be (a) given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the City of New York, such publication to be made once a week for two successive weeks commencing not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date; and (b) mailed by, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date, to each holder of record of shares of Series H Preferred Stock to be redeemed, notifying such holder of the Corporation's election to redeem such shares; provided that if the Corporation shall have reasonably concluded, based upon the advice of independent tax counsel experienced in such matters, that any redemption and pursuant to this Section 7(F) must be made on a date (the "Subject Date") which is earlier than 30 days after the date of such mailing in order to preserve the status of the Corporation as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes or to comply with federal tax laws relating to the Corporation's qualification as a real estate investment trust, then the Corporation may give such shorter notice as is

necessary to effect such redemption on the Subject Date. A similar notice will be mailed, by First Class Mail, at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the Redemption Date, to each holder of record of shares of Series H Preferred Stock at the address shown on the share transfer books of the Corporation. Each notice shall state: (i) the Redemption Date; (ii) the number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (iii) the redemption price per share; (iv) the place or places where certificates for shares of Series H Preferred Stock are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; and (v) that distributions on shares of Series H Preferred Stock will cease to accrue and accumulate on such redemption date. No failure to give such notice or any defect thereto or in the mailing thereof shall affect the validity of the proceeding for the redemption of any Series H Preferred Stock except as to the holder to whom notice was defective or not given. If fewer than all shares of Series H Preferred Stock are to be redeemed, the notice mailed to each such holder thereof shall also specify the number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock to be redeemed from each such holder. If notice of redemption of any shares of Series H Preferred Stock has been given in accordance with this Section 7(F) and if the funds necessary for such redemption have been set aside by the Corporation in trust for the benefit of the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock so called for redemption, then from and after the redemption date (unless the Corporation defaults in the payment of the purchase price), distributions will cease to accrue on the shares of Series H Preferred Stock designated for redemption, such shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights of the holders of such shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price (including all accumulated and unpaid dividends up to the Redemption Date).

(G) The holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock at the close of business on a Distribution Record Date will be entitled to receive the distribution payable with respect to such shares of Series H Preferred Stock on the corresponding Distribution Payment Date notwithstanding the redemption thereof between such Distribution Record Date and the corresponding Distribution Payment Date or the Corporation's default in the payment of the distribution due. Except as provided above, the Corporation will make no payment or allowance for unpaid distributions, whether or not in arrears, on shares of Series H Preferred Stock which have been called for redemption pursuant to Section 7(C).

(H) Series H Preferred Stock have no stated maturity and will not be subject to any sinking fund or mandatory redemption, except as provided in Article NINTH of the Charter of the Corporation.

(I) On or after the Redemption Date, each holder of shares of Series H Preferred Stock to be redeemed shall present and surrender the certificates representing his shares of Series H Preferred Stock to the Corporation at the place designated in the notice of redemption and thereupon the cash redemption price of such shares shall be paid to or on the order of the person whose name appears on such certificate representing shares of Series H Preferred Stock as the owner thereof and each surrendered certificate shall be canceled. If fewer than all the shares represented by any such certificate representing shares of Series H Preferred Stock are to be redeemed, a new certificate shall be issued representing the unredeemed shares.

SECTION 8. *Voting.*

(A) Except as provided in this Section 8 or by law, shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall have no voting rights.

(B) If six quarterly distributions (whether or not consecutive) payable on shares of Series H Preferred Stock are in arrears, whether or not earned or declared (a "Preferred Dividend Default"), the number of directors then constituting the Board of Directors of the Corporation will be increased by two (except as provided in the proviso to paragraph (c) to Article FIFTH of the Charter), and the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock, voting together as a class with the holders of shares of any other class or series of capital stock ranking on a parity with the Series H Preferred Stock as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation upon which like voting rights have been conferred and

6

are exercisable (any such class or series, the "Voting Stock"), will have the right to elect two directors (the "Preferred Stock Directors") to serve on the Corporation's Board of Directors at any annual meeting of stockholders or a special meeting of the holders of Series H Preferred Stock and such other Voting Stock called by the holders of record of at least 10% of any class or series of Voting Stock so in arrears (unless such request is received less than 90 days before the date fixed for the next annual or special meeting of the stockholders), until all such distributions have been authorized, declared and paid or set aside for payment. The procedures in this Section 8(B) for the calling of meetings and the election of directors will, to the extent permitted by law, supercede anything inconsistent contained in the Charter or Bylaws of the Corporation. Notwithstanding any provisions of the Bylaws of the Corporation, subject to the limitations on the number of directors set forth in the Charter, the number of directors constituting the entire Board will be automatically increased to include the directors to be elected pursuant to this Section 8(B).

(C) On any matter on which the holders of Series H Preferred Stock are entitled to vote (as expressly provided herein or as may be required by law), including any action by written consent, each share of Series H Preferred Stock shall have one vote per share, except that when shares of Voting Stock shall have the right to vote with the Series H Preferred Stock as a single class on any matter, then the Series H Preferred Stock and such other series shall have with respect to such matters one vote per \$25.00 of stated liquidation preference. With respect to each matter on which the holders of Series H Preferred Stock are entitled to vote, the holder of each share of Series H Preferred Stock may designate a number of proxies equal to the number of votes to which the share is entitled, with each such proxy having the right to vote a whole number of votes on behalf of such holder.

(D) If and when all accumulated dividends and the dividend for the current dividend period on the Series H Preferred Stock shall have been paid in full or set aside for payment in full, the holders of shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall be divested of the voting rights set forth in Section 8(D) herein (subject to reversioning in the event of each and every Preferred Dividend Default) and, if all accumulated dividends and the dividend for the current dividend period have been paid in full or set aside for payment in full on all other series of Parity Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable, the term of office of each Preferred Stock Director so elected shall terminate. So long as a Preferred Dividend Default shall continue, any vacancy in the office of a Preferred Stock Director may be filled by written consent of the Preferred Stock Director remaining in office, or if there is no such remaining director, by vote of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock and any other such other series of Parity Stock voting as a single class. Any Preferred Stock Director may be removed at any time with or without cause by the vote of, and shall not be removed otherwise than by the vote of, the holders of record of a majority of the outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock when they have the voting rights set forth in Section 8(B) (voting separately as a class with all other series of Parity Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable). The Preferred Stock Directors shall each be entitled to one vote per director on any matter presented to the Board.

(E) So long as any shares of Series H Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the Corporation shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of Series H Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (such Series H Preferred Stock voting separately as a class), (i) authorize, create or issue, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of capital stock ranking senior to Series H Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation or reclassify any authorized capital stock of the Corporation into any such class or series of capital stock, or create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible or exchangeable into or evidencing the right to purchase any such class or series of capital stock; or (ii) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Charter or this Certificate of Designations, whether by merger or consolidation or otherwise (an "Event"), so as to

7

materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of the Series H Preferred Stock or the holders thereof; provided, however, with respect to the occurrence of any of the Events set forth in (ii) above, so long as shares of Series H Preferred Stock remain outstanding or are converted into like securities of the surviving or resulting entity, in each case with like preference, privilege or voting power and terms thereof materially unchanged, taking into account that, upon the occurrence of an Event, the Corporation may not be the surviving entity and such surviving entity may be a non-corporate entity, the occurrence of any such Event shall not be deemed to materially adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers of holders of Series H Preferred Stock; and provided further that (x) any increase in the amount of the authorized shares of Preferred Stock or the creation or issuance of any other series of Preferred Stock, or (y) the creation, issuance or increase in the amount of authorized shares of any other class or series of capital stock of the Corporation, or (z) any increase in the amount of authorized shares of Series H Preferred Stock, in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to the Series H Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, shall not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers. For the purposes of this Section 8(E), the filing in accordance with applicable law of a certificate of designation or any similar document setting forth or changing the designation, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications or

other terms of any class or series of capital stock of the Corporation will be deemed an amendment to the Charter.

(F) The foregoing voting provisions shall not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required shall be effected, all outstanding shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall have been redeemed or called for redemption upon proper notice and sufficient funds shall have been deposited in trust to effect such redemption.

SECTION 9. *Conversion.* The shares of Series H Preferred Stock are not convertible into or exchangeable for any other property or securities of the Corporation, except that each share of Series H Preferred Stock is convertible into Excess Stock as provided in Article NINTH of the Charter of the Corporation.

8

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this Certificate to be signed in its name and on its behalf by its Secretary on December 12, 2003.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ James M. Barkley

James M. Barkley

9

QuickLinks

[SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC. CERTIFICATE OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS, PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS OF THE SERIES H VARIABLE RATE PREFERRED STOCK \\$.0001 PAR VALUE](#)

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION
FILED TO CORRECT A CERTAIN ERROR IN
CERTIFICATE OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS,
PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS OF THE
SERIES H VARIABLE RATE PREFERRED STOCK,
\$.0001 PAR VALUE

OF

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF
THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF DELAWARE
ON DECEMBER 12, 2003

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware,

DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:

1. The name of the corporation is SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC. (the "Corporation").
2. That a Certificate of the Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights for the Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock of the Corporation (the "Designation Certificate") was filed by the Secretary of State of Delaware on December 12, 2003 and that said Designation Certificate requires correction as permitted by Section 103 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.
3. The inaccuracies or defects of the Designation Certificate to be corrected are as follows:
 - a. Section 1 currently reads as follows:

"SECTION 1. Designation and Number. The designation of the series of preferred stock of the Corporation created by this Certificate of Designation shall be "Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock" (the "Series H Preferred Stock"). The authorized number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall be 453,000, with par value \$.0001 per share."
4. The portion of the Designation Certificate in corrected form is as follows:
 - a. Section 1 shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced by the following:

"SECTION 2. Designation and Number. The designation of the series of preferred stock of the Corporation created by this Certificate of Designation shall be "Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock" (the "Series H Preferred Stock"). The authorized number of shares of Series H Preferred Stock shall be 4,530,000, with par value \$.0001 per share."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this Certificate to be signed by James M. Barkley, its Secretary, this 15th day of March, 2004.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ JAMES M. BARKLEY

James M. Barkley

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.
Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends

(in thousands)

	For the year ended December 31,				
	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Earnings:					
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$ 459,497	\$ 545,148	\$ 282,460	\$ 346,770	\$ 294,021
Add:					
Pre-tax income from 50% or greater than 50% owned unconsolidated entities	59,165	47,939	62,448	50,377	60,940
Minority interest in income of majority owned subsidiaries	7,277	10,498	10,593	10,370	10,719
Distributed income from less than 50% owned unconsolidated entities	42,939	37,811	51,740	45,948	30,169
Amortization of capitalized interest	1,850	1,876	1,706	1,323	724
Fixed Charges	703,948	695,209	726,007	776,347	692,984
Less:					
Income from unconsolidated entities	(99,645)	(78,695)	(67,116)	(56,773)	(51,140)
Interest capitalization	(11,059)	(5,507)	(10,325)	(20,108)	(24,377)
Preferred distributions of consolidated subsidiaries	(12,044)	(11,340)	(26,085)	(40,602)	(32,252)
Earnings	\$ 1,151,928	\$ 1,242,939	\$ 1,031,428	\$ 1,113,652	\$ 981,788
Fixed Charges:					
Portion of rents representative of the interest factor	5,620	4,298	4,977	5,078	4,913
Interest on indebtedness (including amortization of debt expense)	675,225	674,064	684,620	710,559	631,442
Interest capitalized	11,059	5,507	10,325	20,108	24,377
Preferred distributions of consolidated subsidiaries	12,044	11,340	26,085	40,602	32,252
Fixed Charges	\$ 703,948	\$ 695,209	\$ 726,007	\$ 776,347	\$ 692,984
Preferred Stock Dividends	55,138	64,201	51,360	36,808	37,071
Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends	\$ 759,086	\$ 759,410	\$ 777,367	\$ 813,155	\$ 730,055
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends					
	1.52x	1.64x	1.33x	1.37x	1.34x

For purposes of calculating the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, "earnings" have been computed by adding fixed charges, excluding capitalized interest, to income (loss) from continuing operations including income from minority interests and our share of income (loss) from 50%-owned affiliates which have fixed charges, and including distributed operating income from unconsolidated joint ventures instead of income from unconsolidated joint ventures. There are generally no restrictions on our ability to receive distributions from our joint ventures where no preference in favor of the other owners of the joint venture exists. "Fixed charges" consist of interest costs, whether expensed or capitalized, the interest component of rental expenses and amortization of debt issue costs.

The computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges has been restated to adopt SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of SFAS No. 13, and Technical Corrections." Among other items, SFAS No. 145 rescinds SFAS No. 4, "Reporting of Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt" and "Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements." As a result, gains and losses from extinguishment of debt should be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria of APB Opinion No. 30. Debt extinguishments as part of a company's risk management strategy would not meet the criteria for classification as extraordinary items. Therefore, we are required to reclassify all of the extraordinary items

related to debt transactions recorded in prior periods, including those recorded in the current period, to income from continuing operations.

Selected Financial Data

The following tables set forth selected financial data. The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto and with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Amounts represent the combined amounts for Simon Property and SPG Realty for all periods as of or for the years ended December 31, 1999 to December 31, 2002 and Simon Property thereafter. SPG Realty merged into Simon Property on December 31, 2002. Other data we believe is important in understanding trends in Simon Property's business is also included in the tables.

As of or for the Year Ended December 31,

	2003	2002(1)	2001(1)	2000(1)	1999(1)
(in thousands, except per share data)					
OPERATING DATA:					
Total consolidated revenue	\$ 2,313,653	\$ 2,124,152	\$ 2,048,835	\$ 2,020,751	\$ 1,892,703
Income from continuing operations	451,900	545,148	282,460	346,770	297,395
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 313,577	\$ 358,387	\$ 147,789	\$ 186,528	\$ 167,314
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.92	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.13	\$ 0.97
Discontinued operations	0.12	0.07	—	—	—
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	(0.01)	(0.05)	—
Net income	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.99	\$ 0.86	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.97
Weighted average shares outstanding	189,475	179,910	172,669	172,895	172,089
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.92	\$ 0.86	\$ 1.13	\$ 0.97
Discontinued operations	0.12	0.07	—	—	—
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	(0.01)	(0.05)	—
Net income	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.99	\$ 0.85	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.97
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	190,299	181,501	173,028	172,994	172,226
Distributions per share (2)	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.18	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.02	\$ 2.02
BALANCE SHEET DATA:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 535,623	\$ 397,129	\$ 259,760	\$ 223,111	\$ 157,632
Total assets	15,684,721	14,904,502	13,810,954	13,937,945	14,223,243
Mortgages and other notes payable	10,266,388	9,546,081	8,841,378	8,728,582	8,768,951
Shareholders' equity	\$ 3,338,627	\$ 3,467,733	\$ 3,214,691	\$ 3,064,471	\$ 3,253,658
OTHER DATA:					
Cash flow provided by (used in): (5)					
Operating activities	\$ 951,967	\$ 882,990	\$ 859,062	\$ 743,519	\$ 660,307
Investing activities	(761,663)	(785,730)	(351,310)	(134,237)	(661,051)
Financing activities	\$ (51,810)	\$ 40,109	\$ (471,103)	\$ (543,803)	\$ 29,181
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (3)	1.52x	1.64x	1.33x	1.37x	1.34x
Funds from Operations (FFO) (4)	\$ 1,041,105	\$ 936,356	\$ 786,635	\$ 781,937	\$ 703,518
FFO allocable to Simon Property	\$ 787,467	\$ 691,004	\$ 571,974	\$ 567,532	\$ 511,830

- (1) On May 3, 2002, Simon Property jointly acquired Rodamco North America N.V. In 1999, Simon Property acquired the assets of New England Development Company. In the accompanying financial statements, Note 2 describes the basis of presentation and Note 4 describes acquisitions and disposals.
- (2) Represents distributions declared per period.
- (3) The ratio for 2002 has been restated for the reclassification of discontinued operations described in Note 3. In 2002, includes \$162.0 million of gains on sales of assets, net, and excluding these gains the ratio would have been 1.42x in 2002. In 2001, includes a \$47,000 impairment charge (see Note 4 to the accompanying financial statements). Excluding this charge the ratio would have been 1.39x in 2001. In 1999, includes a \$12,000 unusual loss (see Note 11 to the accompanying financial statements) and a total of \$12,290 of asset write-downs. Excluding these items, the ratio would have been 1.39x in 1999.
- (4) FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure that we believe provides useful information to investors. Please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for a definition and reconciliation of FFO.
- (5) Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period cash flow information to conform to the current year presentation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto that are included in this Annual Report to Shareholders. Certain statements made in this section or elsewhere in this report may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Although we believe the expectations reflected in any forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained, and it is possible that our actual results may differ materially from those indicated by these forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks and uncertainties. Those risks and uncertainties incidental to the ownership and operation of commercial real estate include, but are not limited to: national, international, regional and local economic climates, competitive market forces, changes in market rental rates, trends in the retail industry, the inability to collect rent due to the bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants or otherwise, risks associated with acquisitions, the impact of terrorist activities, environmental liabilities, maintenance of REIT status, the availability of financing, and changes in market rates of interest and fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currencies. We undertake no duty or obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise.

Overview

Simon Property Group, Inc. ("Simon Property") is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT"). A REIT is a company that owns and, in most cases, operates income-producing real estate such as regional malls, community shopping centers, offices, apartments, and hotels. To qualify as a REIT, a company must distribute at least 90 percent of its taxable income to its shareholders annually. Taxes are paid by shareholders on the dividends received and any capital gains. Most states also follow this federal treatment and do not require REITs to pay state income tax. Simon Property Group, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership") is a majority-owned partnership subsidiary of Simon Property that owns all but one of our real estate properties. In this discussion, the terms "we", "us" and "our" refer to Simon Property, the Operating Partnership, and their subsidiaries.

We are engaged primarily in the ownership, operation, leasing, management, acquisition, expansion and development of real estate properties. Our real estate properties consist primarily of regional malls and community shopping centers. As of December 31, 2003, we owned or held an interest in 246 income-producing properties in North America, which consisted of 175 regional malls, 67 community shopping centers, and four office and mixed-use properties in 37 states and Canada (collectively, the "Properties", and individually, a "Property"). Mixed-use properties are properties that include a combination of retail space, office space, and/or hotel components. In addition, we also own interests in three parcels of land held for future development (together with the Properties, the "Portfolio"). Finally, we have ownership interests in 47 assets in Europe (France, Italy, Poland and Portugal).

Operating Philosophy

We seek growth in our earnings, funds from operations ("FFO"), and cash flow through:

- focusing on our core business of regional malls
- acquiring individual properties or portfolios of properties, focusing on quality retail real estate. As part of our acquisition strategy, we review and evaluate a limited number of acquisition opportunities.
- pursuing new development as well as strategic expansion and renovation activity to enhance existing assets' profitability and market share when we believe the investment of our capital meets our risk-reward criteria. We seek to selectively develop new properties in major metropolitan areas that exhibit strong population and economic growth.

To support this growth, our capital strategy is three-fold:

- to provide the capital necessary to fund growth,
- to maintain sufficient flexibility to access capital in many forms both public and private, and
- to manage our overall financial structure in a fashion that preserves our investment grade ratings.

We own and operate long-term properties which generate revenues primarily from long-term leases; therefore, as part of our financing strategy we believe that our properties should be financed primarily with long-term fixed rate

debt. As a result, we manage our effective amount of floating rate debt to be approximately 15-20% of total outstanding indebtedness and enter into interest rate swap agreements. We believe this strategy is the most appropriate for the long term health of our company. Our \$1.25 billion credit facility ("Credit Facility") provides a source of liquidity and flexibility in our capital strategy as our cash needs vary from time to time.

Finally, we derive our liquidity primarily from our leases that generate positive net cash flow from operations and distributions from unconsolidated entities that totaled \$1.1 billion in 2003. In addition, we generate the majority of our revenues from leases with retail tenants including:

- Base minimum rents, cart and kiosk rentals,
- Overage and percentage rents based on tenants' sales volume, and
- Recoveries of substantially all of our recoverable expenditures, which consist of property operating, real estate tax, repairs and maintenance, and advertising and promotional expenditures.

Revenues of M.S. Management Associates, Inc. (the "Management Company"), after intercompany eliminations, consist primarily of management fees that are typically based upon the revenues of the property being managed. We generate revenues from outlot land sales and, due to our size and tenant relationships, from the following:

- Simon Brand Ventures ("Simon Brand") mall marketing initiatives, including the sale of gift cards. We completed the roll-out of our Simon Gift Card program to substantially all our regional malls during 2003.
- Consumer focused strategic corporate alliances that Simon Brand enters into with third parties.
- Simon Business Network ("Simon Business") property operating services to our tenants and others resulting from its relationships with vendors.

Results overview

Our core business fundamentals remained stable during 2003. Regional mall comparable sales per square foot ("psf") strengthened in 2003, increasing 2.8% to \$402 psf from \$391 in 2002, as the overall economy begins to show signs of recovery and as a result of our dispositions of lower quality Properties. Our regional mall average base rents increased 5.1% to \$32.26 psf from \$30.70 psf. In addition, we maintained strong regional mall leasing spreads of \$8.29 psf in 2003 increasing from \$7.77 psf in 2002. The regional mall leasing spread for 2003 includes new store leases signed at an average of \$41.28 psf initial base rents as compared to \$32.99 psf for store leases terminating or expiring in the same period. Our same store leasing spread for 2003 was \$7.29 or a 19.2% growth rate and is calculated by comparing leasing activity completed in 2003 with the prior tenants rents for those exact same spaces. Finally, our regional mall occupancy was down by 30 basis points to 92.4% as of December 31, 2003 from 92.7% as of December 31, 2002 primarily due to retailer bankruptcy-related closings during the last four months of the year.

During 2003, we completed acquisitions or increases in ownership of core Properties through the following transactions:

- On March 14, 2003, we purchased the remaining minority interest in The Forum Shops at Caesars ("Forum Shops") in Las Vegas, NV from the minority limited partner.
- On August 20, 2003, we purchased a 100% leasehold stake in Stanford Shopping Center in Palo Alto, California from Stanford University. Stanford University holds, as lessor, a long-term ground lease underlying the asset.
- In the fourth quarter 2003, through a series of transactions we increased our ownership interest in Kravco Investments L.P. ("Kravco"), a Philadelphia, PA based owner of regional malls to approximately 80% and to 50% in its affiliated management company. The portfolio consists of six regional malls, five of which are in the Philadelphia metropolitan area, and four community centers.

In addition, during 2003, we realized the full year benefits of the acquisitions we made during 2002 consisting primarily of the Rodamco North America, N.V. acquisition (the "Rodamco acquisition"). These acquisitions increased consolidated total revenues in 2003 by \$74.3 million and consolidated operating income by \$22.1 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2002.

On October 8, 2003, we and Westfield America, Inc. ("Westfield"), the U.S. subsidiary of Westfield America Trust, withdrew our tender offer for the outstanding common shares of Taubman Centers, Inc. The withdrawal of the tender offer followed the enactment of a law, which amended the Michigan Control Share Acquisitions Act and which

allowed the Taubman family group to effectively block our ability to conclude the tender offer. As a result we expensed deferred acquisition costs of \$10.6 million, net, related to this acquisition during 2003.

We invested approximately \$292 million in development and redevelopment/expansion opportunities in 2003. Our openings in 2003 were highlighted by the opening of Las Vegas Premium Outlets in Las Vegas, NV consisting of 435,000 square feet of GLA and the expansion of the Galleria in Houston, TX consisting of 696,000 square feet of GLA. We expect to invest in excess of \$450 million in 2004 on development and redevelopment/expansion opportunities, highlighted by the opening of the phase three expansion of Forum Shops.

We lowered our overall borrowing rates by 27 basis points during the year as a result of our financing activities related to indebtedness. Our financing activities were highlighted by three significant transactions:

- We issued \$500.0 million of unsecured notes on March 18, 2003 at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 5.11% and weighted average term of 8.2 years. We used the net proceeds of \$498.7 million primarily to reduce borrowings on our Credit Facility.
- We negotiated a \$550.0 million leasehold financing for Forum Shops at a fixed-rate at 4.78% for a term of 7 years. This financing replaces a \$175.0 million mortgage that was effectively fixed at 6.67% including interest rate protection agreements. In addition, this financing generated excess proceeds of approximately \$371.0 million that we used to unencumber one asset and for general corporate purposes.
- The holders of all but 18,340 shares of our 4.3 million shares of 6.5% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock called for redemption on December 15, 2003, exercised their right to convert their preferred stock into our common stock prior to redemption. We issued approximately 11.1 million shares of common stock to those holders who exercised their conversion rights.

Finally, we increased our presence in Europe and expanded our relationships with Europe's leading retailers through our partnership with The Rinascente Group, an Italian retailer company. We jointly formed the joint venture Gallerie Commerciali Italia S.p.A ("GCI"), which owns a geographically diverse portfolio in Italy of 38 shopping centers as of December 31, 2003 and all but one of which are anchored by hypermarkets. The Rinascente Group contributed these 38 existing shopping centers as well as development opportunities to GCI and then sold 49% of GCI to us. The initial gross value of GCI was approximately €860 million and our initial equity investment was approximately €187 million, or \$232 million.

Based upon current business and market conditions, we expect to maintain similar operating trends in 2004.

Portfolio Data

The Portfolio data discussed in this overview includes the following key operating statistics: occupancy; average base rent per square foot; and comparable sales per square foot. We include acquired Properties in this data beginning in the year of acquisition and we do not include any Properties located outside of North America. The following table sets forth these key operating statistics for:

- Properties that we control and which are consolidated in our consolidated financial statements,
- Properties which we do not control that we account for under the equity method as unconsolidated joint ventures, and
- the foregoing two categories of Properties on a total Portfolio basis.

We believe the total Portfolio data provides you with information helpful in evaluating not only the quality and growth potential of the Portfolio, but also the effectiveness of our management.

	2003	% Change	2002	% Change	2001	% Change
Regional Malls						
<u>Occupancy</u>						
Consolidated	92.2%		92.3%		91.2%	
Unconsolidated	92.7%		93.5%		93.3%	
Total Portfolio	92.4%		92.7%		91.9%	
<u>Average Base Rent per Square Foot</u>						
Consolidated	\$ 31.28	5.5%	\$ 29.66	4.5%	\$ 28.39	4.2%
Unconsolidated	\$ 33.73	3.8%	\$ 32.50	5.3%	\$ 30.87	1.8%
Total Portfolio	\$ 32.26	5.1%	\$ 30.70	4.8%	\$ 29.28	3.4%
<u>Comparable Sales Per Square Foot</u>						
Consolidated	\$ 388	3.8%	\$ 374	1.6%	\$ 368	(0.7%)
Unconsolidated	\$ 427	0.5%	\$ 425	2.4%	\$ 415	0.3%
Total Portfolio	\$ 402	2.9%	\$ 391	2.0%	\$ 383	(0.2%)
Community Shopping Centers						
<u>Occupancy</u>						
Consolidated	87.1%		84.9%		89.8%	
Unconsolidated	96.3%		91.2%		90.4%	
Total Portfolio	90.2%		86.9%		89.3%	
<u>Average Base Rent per Square Foot</u>						
Consolidated	\$ 11.01	7.5%	\$ 10.24	4.6%	\$ 9.79	6.6%
Unconsolidated	\$ 9.77	(0.9%)	\$ 9.86	(0.6%)	\$ 9.92	1.6%
Total Portfolio	\$ 10.59	4.6%	\$ 10.12	2.5%	\$ 9.87	5.4%
<u>Comparable Sales Per Square Foot</u>						

Consolidated	\$	210	6.6%	\$	197	2.0%	\$	193	6.8%
Unconsolidated	\$	206	1.6%	\$	203	(6.6%)	\$	217	6.0%
Total Portfolio	\$	209	4.8%	\$	199	(1.1%)	\$	201	6.7%

Occupancy Levels and Average Base Rents. Occupancy and average base rent is based on mall and freestanding GLA owned by us ("Owned GLA") at mall and freestanding stores in the regional malls and all tenants at community shopping centers. We believe the continued stability in regional mall occupancy is primarily the result of the overall quality of our Portfolio. The result of the stability in occupancy is a direct or indirect increase in nearly every category of revenue. Our portfolio has maintained stable occupancy and increased average base rents, in the current economic climate.

Comparable Sales per Square Foot. Sales volume includes total reported retail sales at Owned GLA in the regional malls and all reporting tenants at community shopping centers. Retail sales at Owned GLA affect revenue and profitability levels because sales determine the amount of minimum rent that can be charged, the percentage rent realized, and the recoverable expenses (common area maintenance, real estate taxes, etc.) that tenants can afford to pay.

Significant Accounting Policies

Our significant accounting policies are described in detail in Note 3 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The following briefly describes those accounting policies we believe are most critical to understanding our business:

- We review investment properties for impairment on a Property-by-Property basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of investment properties held for use may not be recoverable. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, declines in cash flows, occupancy and comparable sales per square foot at the Property. We recognize an impairment of investment property when we estimate that the undiscounted operating income before depreciation and amortization is less than the carrying value of the Property. To the extent an impairment has occurred, we charge to income the excess of the carrying value of the Property over its estimated fair value. We may decide to sell Properties that are held for use and the sales prices of these Properties may differ from their carrying values. Changes in our

56

estimates of the future undiscounted operating income before depreciation and amortization as well as the holding period for each Property could affect our conclusion on whether an impairment charge to income is necessary.

- In order to maintain our status as a REIT, we are required to distribute 90% of our taxable income in any given year and meet certain asset and income tests in addition to other requirements. We monitor our business and transactions that may potentially impact our REIT status. If we fail to maintain our REIT status, then we would be required to pay federal income taxes at regular corporate income tax rates for a period of four years before we could reapply for REIT status. As a result, failing to maintain REIT status would result in a significant increase in the income tax expense recorded during those periods.
- We make estimates as part of our allocation of the purchase price of acquisitions to the various components of the acquisition based upon the relative value of each component. The most significant components of our allocations are typically related to the market value of in-place leases and the allocation of fair value to the buildings, as if vacant, and land. In the case of the market value of in-place leases, we make our best estimate of the tenants' ability to pay rents based upon the tenants' operating performance of the property, including the competitive position of the property in its market as well as sales psf, rents psf, and overall occupancy cost for the tenants in place at the acquisition date. Our assumptions affect the amount of future revenue that we will recognize over the remaining lease term for the acquired in-place leases. In the case of the fair value of the buildings and the allocation of value to land, our estimates of the values of these components will affect the amount of depreciation we record over the estimated useful life of the property acquired.

Results of Operations

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings affected our consolidated results from continuing operations in the comparative periods:

- On August 20, 2003, we acquired a 100% interest in Stanford Shopping Center.
- In the fourth quarter, we increased our ownership in Kravco that resulted in the consolidation of four Properties.
- On July 19, 2002, we acquired the remaining ownership interest in Copley Place that resulted in our consolidation of this Property. Our initial joint venture interest in this Property was acquired as part of the Rodamco acquisition.
- On May 3, 2002, we completed the Rodamco acquisition that added five new consolidated Properties.
- During 2002, we sold seven of the nine assets that were held for sale as of December 31, 2001. We also sold two other non-core Properties in the fourth quarter of 2002.

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings affected our income from unconsolidated entities in the comparative periods:

- The Kravco transactions increased our ownership percentages in the joint venture properties involved offset by the four Kravco Properties consolidated as noted above.
- On August 4, 2003, we and our joint venture partner completed construction and opened Las Vegas Premium Outlets.
- On May 31, 2002, we sold our interests in our five value oriented super-regional malls to Mills Corporation.
- On May 3, 2002, we completed the Rodamco acquisition that added six new joint venture Properties during the period,

including our initial interest in Copley Place.

- On April 1, 2002, we sold our interest in Orlando Premium Outlets.

For the purposes of the following comparison between the years ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the above transactions are referred to as the Property Transactions. In the following discussions of our results of operations, "comparable" refers to Properties open and operating throughout both the current and prior year.

Our discontinued operations resulted from the sale of the following Properties as of December 31, 2003 (date of sale):

- Richmond Square, Mounds Mall, Mounds Mall Cinema and Memorial Mall on January 9, 2003
- Forest Village Park Mall on April 29, 2003
- North Riverside Park Plaza on May 8, 2003
- Memorial Plaza on May 21, 2003
- Fox River Plaza on May 22, 2003
- Eastern Hills Mall on July 1, 2003
- New Orleans Center on October 1, 2003
- Mainland Crossing on October 28, 2003
- SouthPark Mall on November 3, 2003
- Bergen Mall on December 12, 2003

57

In addition to the Property Transactions, on March 14, 2003, we purchased the remaining ownership interest in Forum Shops which impacted our minority interest expense, depreciation expense, and interest expense. On January 1, 2003, the Operating Partnership acquired all of the remaining equity interests of the Management Company that resulted in the consolidation of the Management Company at that point. The Management Company was previously accounted for using the equity method during 2002 and 2001 .

Year Ended December 31, 2003 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2002

Minimum rents, excluding rents from our consolidated Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives, increased \$75.6 million during the period. The net effect of the Property Transactions increased minimum rents \$45.1 million and the purchase accounting estimation of the fair market value of in-place leases as part of our acquisitions, increased rents by \$6.2 million. Comparable rents increased \$24.3 million. This was primarily due to the leasing of space at higher rents that resulted in an increase in base rents of \$23.9 million. In addition, increased rents from carts, kiosks, and renting unoccupied in-line space increased comparable rents from temporary tenant income by \$4.4 million. These increases were offset by a \$4.1 million decrease in straight-line rent revenue.

The Management Company recorded fee revenues of \$58.5 million and insurance premium revenues of \$19.8 million.

Total other income, excluding consolidated Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives, decreased \$16.2 million. The impact of the consolidation of the Management Company included the addition of \$7.0 million of investment income primarily from the insurance subsidiaries and the elimination of consolidated intercompany interest and dividend income that totaled \$13.6 million in 2002 received from the Management Company previously recorded in other income in 2002. In addition, outlot land sales decreased by \$2.0 million due to higher than normal activity in 2002 and lease settlement income decreased \$2.2 million. In addition, other income in 2002 included the impact of our hedges of the Rodamco acquisition in 2002, of which \$7.8 million was included in other income and \$0.7 million of expense is included in other expenses.

Consolidated revenues from Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives increased \$19.3 million to \$100.2 million from \$80.9 million. This included a net \$6.9 million increase from the Property Transactions primarily due to acquired parking services. The increase in revenues is primarily due to:

- increased revenue from our gift card program,
- increased rents and fees from service providers,
- increased advertising rentals, and
- increased event and sponsorship income.

These increases were offset by revenues in 2002 that resulted from our settlement with Enron Corporation that totaled \$8.6 million, net. The increased revenues from Simon Brand and Simon Business were offset by a \$6.9 million increase in Simon Brand expenses that primarily resulted from increased gift card and other operating expenses included in property operating expenses.

Tenant reimbursements increased \$31.8 million of which the Property Transactions accounted for \$17.3 million of the increase. The remaining portion of the increase was primarily due to increases in comparable recoverable expenditures. Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$30.7 million primarily due to the net effect of the Property Transactions, the consolidation of the Management Company, and the Forum Shops acquisition. The costs related to the withdrawn tender offer of \$10.6 million relate to the write off of our deferred acquisition costs. Other expenses decreased \$2.3 million due to the \$4.0 million of expense related to a litigation settlement in 2002. This was offset by increased ground rent expense of \$4.0 million primarily due to the acquisition of Stanford Shopping Center. The increase in home office and regional office costs and general and administrative expenses was due to the consolidation of the Management Company that added \$52.9 million of total operating expenses in 2003.

Interest expense increased \$3.2 million. Our average borrowings increased as a result of the full year impact of the financing of the Rodamco acquisition, the unsecured note offering in March of 2003, and financing of acquisition activities in 2003. This increase was offset by an overall decrease in weighted average interest rates as a result of refinancing activity, an increase in capitalized imputed interest due to increased development, renovation and expansion activity, and slightly lower variable interest rate levels.

In 2003, we recorded a \$5.1 million net loss on the sale of assets, which primarily consisted of the \$6.0 million loss we recorded in connection with the Mall of America litigation. In 2002, gains on sales of assets and other, net, were \$162.0 million as we sold several Properties and partnership interests that resulted in net proceeds of

58

\$432.7 million. We sold our interest in the specialty retail center, Orlando Premium Outlets, during 2002 to our partner in the joint venture. We sold our interests in five value oriented regional malls to our partner, the Mills Corporation, and sold two of the acquired Rodamco partnership interests and one existing partnership interest to Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America to fund a portion of the Rodamco acquisition. We sold one community center, two regional malls and two jointly held assets acquired in the Rodamco acquisition. In addition, as part of our disposition strategy we disposed of seven of the nine assets held for sale as of December 31, 2001. Finally, we made the decision to no longer pursue certain development projects and wrote-off the carrying amount of our predevelopment costs and land acquisition costs associated with these projects that totaled \$17.1 million.

During 2002, we also recognized \$16.1 million in gains on the forgiveness of debt related to the disposition of two regional malls. Net cash proceeds from these dispositions were \$3.6 million. In addition, we recognized \$1.5 million of expenses related to the early extinguishment of debt that consisted of prepayment penalties and the write-off of unamortized mortgage costs. Our income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiaries of \$7.6 million is due to the consolidation of the Management Company.

Income from unconsolidated entities increased \$6.8 million in 2003 as compared to 2002. during the comparative periods. In 2002, income from unconsolidated entities included income from Management Company operations, excluding MerchantWired LLC, of approximately \$14.1 million. This included our share of the gain of \$8.4 million, net of tax, associated with the sale of land partnership interests previously discussed. In 2003, income from unconsolidated entities owned by the Management Company in 2003 totaled \$3.7 million. In addition, income from unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures, excluding the Management Company, increased \$17.2 million resulting from:

- the full year impact of the Rodamco acquisition,
- increased ownership interests in Kravco joint ventures,
- the opening of Las Vegas Premium Outlets, and
- our \$8.3 million share increase from outlot land sales.

These increases were offset by the loss of income due to the sale of our interests in the Mills Properties and Orlando Premium Outlets, and due to our cessation of recording any contribution to net income from Mall of America (see Note 11).

Losses from MerchantWired LLC in 2002 included our indirect share of operating losses of \$10.2 million, after a tax benefit of \$6.2 million. These operating losses included our share of an impairment charge of \$4.2 million, after tax, on certain technology assets. The Management Company recorded a net write-off of \$22.5 million, after a tax benefit of \$9.4 million, of its investment in MerchantWired LLC in September 2002. The total technology write-off related to MerchantWired LLC was \$38.8 million before tax.

Net income from the results of operations of the Management Company, excluding the losses of MerchantWired LLC, was flat during the period. Increased management fees as a result of the Rodamco acquisition and increased income from insurance subsidiaries were offset by the partnership interests sold in 2002 resulting in our share of a gain of \$8.4 million, net of tax.

We continued our disposition activities in 2003 with the sale of 13 non-core Properties consisting of seven regional malls, five community centers, and one mixed-use Property. These non-core Properties were sold for a total of \$275.1 million that resulted in a net gain of \$22.4 million. As a result of these transactions, we reclassified the results of operations from these consolidated Properties to discontinued operations. These dispositions will not have a material effect on our results of operations or liquidity.

Finally, preferred dividend expense decreased \$9.1 million due to the conversion of shares of 6.5% Series B Preferred Stock into common stock.

Year Ended December 31, 2002 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2001

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings affected our consolidated results of operations for the periods ended December 31, 2002 versus December 31, 2001:

- On May 3, 2002, we completed the Rodamco acquisition that added five newly consolidated Properties.

59

- On July 19, 2002, we acquired the remaining ownership interest in Copley Place that resulted in our consolidation of this

Property. Our initial joint venture partnership interest was acquired as part of the Rodamco acquisition.

- During 2002, we sold seven of the nine assets that were held for sale as of December 31, 2001. We also sold two other non-core assets in the fourth quarter of 2002.
- In 2001, we completed the construction of Bowie Towne Center that opened in October 2001 and we sold Century Consumer Mall, Golden Ring Mall and Rockaway office building in the first quarter 2001.

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings affected our income from unconsolidated entities in the comparative periods:

- The May 2002 Rodamco acquisition, which added six new joint venture partnership interests during the period, including our initial interest in Copley Place.
- The October 2001 acquisition of a 50% ownership interest in Fashion Valley Mall.
- The April 2002 sale of our interest in Orlando Premium Outlets
- The May 2002 sale of our interests in five Mills Properties.

For the purposes of the following comparison between the years ended December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the above transactions are referred to as the Property Transactions. In the following discussions of our results of operations, "comparable" refers to Properties open and operating throughout both the current and prior year.

Our discontinued operations resulted from the sale of the following Properties as of December 31, 2003 (date of sale):

- Richmond Square, Mounds Mall, Mounds Mall Cinema and Memorial Mall on January 9, 2003
- Forest Village Park Mall on April 29, 2003
- North Riverside Park Plaza on May 8, 2003
- Memorial Plaza on May 21, 2003
- Fox River Plaza on May 22, 2003
- Eastern Hills Mall on July 1, 2003
- New Orleans Center on October 1, 2003
- Mainland Crossing on October 28, 2003
- SouthPark Mall on November 3, 2003
- Bergen Mall on December 12, 2003

Total minimum rents, excluding rents from our consolidated Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives, increased \$24.9 million. The net effect of the Property Transactions increased these rents \$4.1 million. Comparable rents increased \$20.8 million during the period including a \$21.1 million increase in base rents due to increased occupancy and leasing space at higher rents. In addition, increased rents from carts, kiosks, and renting unoccupied in-line space increased comparable rents from temporary tenant income by \$6.7 million. The change in comparable rents was net of a decrease in straight-line rent income of \$6.0 million.

Total other income, excluding consolidated Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives, increased \$9.0 million. This included the net \$3.2 million decrease in other income from the Property Transactions and a \$19.9 million increase in outlot land parcel sales at comparable Properties. In addition, the increase included the impact of our hedges of the Rodamco acquisition, which positively impacted operating income by \$7.1 million in 2002 as compared to 2001 (\$7.8 million is included in other income and \$0.7 million of expense is included in other expenses). These increases were offset by \$5.7 million in fee income recorded in 2001 associated with services provided to the Management Company in connection with the right to designate persons or entities to whom the Montgomery Ward LLC real estate assets were to be sold (the "Kimsward transaction"). Also offsetting these increases was a \$2.7 million decrease in lease settlements and a \$3.8 million decrease in interest income due to the lower interest rate environment.

Consolidated revenues from Simon Brand and Simon Business initiatives increased \$6.1 million to \$80.9 million from \$74.8 million. The increase included the \$8.6 million of revenue, net, resulting from the settlement with Enron Corporation that was partially offset by a \$5.6 million contract cash termination payment recognized in 2001. The contract cash termination payment was received to terminate a provision within the overall Enron contract that eliminated our right to invest in and participate in savings from the contractor's installation of energy efficient capital equipment.

The increase in our recovery revenues of \$36.5 million resulted from the Property Transactions and increased recoverable expenditures including increased insurance costs and utility expenditures. The increased insurance costs were due to increased premiums for terrorism and general liability insurance. Utility expenses increased primarily due

to the loss of our energy contract with Enron. These expense increases were partially offset by decreased repairs and maintenance and advertising and promotional expenditures.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$13.8 million primarily from the increase in depreciation expense from the Property Transactions. In 2001, we recorded an impairment charge of \$47.0 million to adjust the nine assets held for sale to their estimated fair value.

Other expenses decreased \$3.7 million, including a \$5.5 million net decrease from the Property Transactions. These expenses include \$4.0 million of expense in 2002 related to litigation settlements and \$2.7 million from the write-off of our last remaining technology investment. In 2001, we wrote down an investment by \$3.0 million and we wrote off \$2.7 million of miscellaneous technology investments.

Interest expense during 2002 decreased \$8.4 million compared to the same period in 2001. This decrease resulted from lower variable interest rate levels offset by \$29.0 million of interest expense on borrowings used to fund the Rodamco acquisition, the purchase of the remaining ownership interest in Copley Place and the assumption of consolidated property level debt resulting from these acquisitions.

Income from unconsolidated entities increased \$10.3 million in 2002, resulting from an \$11.5 million increase in income from unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures, and a \$1.2 million decrease in income from the Management Company before losses from MerchantWired LLC. The increase in joint venture income resulted from the Rodamco acquisition, lower variable interest rate levels, and our acquisition of Fashion Valley Mall in October 2001. These increases were offset by the loss of income due to the sale of our interests in the Mills Properties and Orlando Premium Outlets.

The decrease in income from the Management Company before losses from MerchantWired LLC included our \$8.4 million share of the gain, net of tax, associated with the sale of land partnership interests to the Mills Corporation in 2002. This was offset by our \$12.0 million share of income, before tax, recorded in 2001 from the Kimsward transaction, net of fees charged by the Operating Partnership. In addition, in 2001, we recorded our net \$13.9 million share from the write-off of technology investments, primarily clixnmortar. The Management Company also had increased income tax expense, increased dividend expenses due to the issuance of two new series of preferred stock to us, and decreased income from land sale gains totaling \$11.1 million. Finally, the Management Company's core fee businesses were flat in 2002 versus 2001.

Losses from MerchantWired LLC increased \$14.6 million, net. This included our share of a \$4.2 million net impairment charge in 2002 on certain technology assets and the \$22.5 million net write-off of our investment in MerchantWired, LLC recorded in 2002. The write-off and the impairment charge have been added back as part of our funds from operations reconciliation. The total technology write-off related to MerchantWired LLC was \$38.8 million before tax. Offsetting these charges were reduced operating losses from MerchantWired LLC due to its ceasing operations in 2002.

As previously discussed, we sold several Properties and partnership interests in 2002 that resulted in a net gain of \$162.0 million and net proceeds of \$432.7 million. In 2001, we recognized a net gain of \$2.6 million on the sale of one regional mall, one community center, and one office building from net proceeds of approximately \$19.6 million.

During 2002, we recognized \$16.1 million in gains on the forgiveness of debt related to the disposition of two regional malls. Net cash proceeds from these disposals were \$3.6 million. In addition, we incurred \$1.5 million of expense during 2002 from the early extinguishment of debt that consisted of prepayment penalties and the write-off of unamortized mortgage costs.

In 2001, we recorded a \$1.7 million expense as a cumulative effect of an accounting change, which includes our \$1.5 million share from unconsolidated entities, due to the adoption of SFAS 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our balance of cash and cash equivalents increased \$138.5 million during 2003 to \$535.6 million as of December 31, 2003, including a balance of \$175.0 million related to our gift card program, which we do not consider available for general working capital purposes.

On December 31, 2003, the Credit Facility had available borrowing capacity of \$898.0 million net of outstanding borrowings of \$327.9 million, including borrowings of €48.5 million, and letters of credit of \$24.1 million. The Credit Facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 65 basis points with an additional 15 basis point facility fee on the entire

\$1.25 billion facility and provides for variable grid pricing based upon our corporate credit rating. The Credit Facility has an initial maturity of April 2005, with an additional one-year extension available at our option. During 2003, the maximum amount outstanding under the Credit Facility was \$667.1 million and the weighted average amount outstanding was \$396.3 million. The weighted average interest rate was 1.86% for the year ended December 31, 2003.

On June 27, 2003, we retired our existing €90 million EURO-denominated unsecured credit agreement (the "EURO Facility"), which had an initial maturity date of July 31, 2003, with available working capital of \$28.2 million and €34.7 million borrowed from a new EURO sub-tranche of our Credit Facility. We restructured our Credit Facility to establish a \$100 million EURO sub-tranche which provides availability for Euros at EURIBOR plus 65 basis points and dollars at LIBOR plus 65 basis points, at our option, and has the same maturity date as the overall Credit Facility. The amount available under the \$100 million EURO sub-tranche will vary with changes in the exchange rate, however, we may also borrow the amount available under this EURO sub-tranche in dollars, if necessary.

We and the Operating Partnership also have access to public equity and long term unsecured debt markets and we have access to private equity from institutional investors at the Property level. Our current senior unsecured debt ratings are Baa2 by Moody's Investors Service and BBB by Standard & Poor's and our current corporate rating is BBB+ by Standard & Poor's.

Cash Flows

Our net cash flow from operating activities and distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities totaled \$1.1 billion. This cash flow includes \$37.8 million of excess proceeds from refinancing activities primarily from two unconsolidated joint ventures. In addition, we consolidated \$48.9 million of cash from the acquisition of the remaining ownership interests in the Management Company. We also received \$278.1 million primarily from the sale of thirteen non-core Properties. Finally, we had net proceeds from all of our debt financing and repayment activities of \$609.5 million, as discussed below in "Financing and Debt". In addition, we used part of these proceeds to fund \$814.6 million in cash needs for our acquisitions which are detailed under the "Acquisitions" section of this discussion. We met our maturing debt obligations in 2003 primarily through refinancings and borrowings on our Credit Facility. We also:

- paid shareholder dividends and unitholder distributions totaling \$600.4 million,
- paid preferred stock dividends and preferred unit distributions totaling \$66.7 million,
- funded consolidated capital expenditures of \$353.9 million. These capital expenditures include development costs of \$104.9 million, renovation and expansion costs of \$186.5 million and tenant costs and other operational capital expenditures of \$62.5 million, and
- funded investments in unconsolidated entities of \$81.5 million of which \$70.5 million was used to fund new developments, redevelopments, and other capital expenditures.

In general, we anticipate that cash generated from operations will be sufficient, to meet operating expenses, monthly debt service, recurring capital expenditures, and distributions to shareholders necessary to maintain our REIT qualification for 2004 and on a long-term basis. In addition, we expect to be able to obtain capital for nonrecurring capital expenditures, such as acquisitions, major building renovations and expansions, as well as for scheduled principal maturities on outstanding indebtedness, from:

- excess cash generated from operating performance and working capital reserves,
- borrowings on our Credit Facility,
- additional secured or unsecured debt financing, or
- additional equity raised in the public or private markets.

Financing and Debt

Unsecured Financing

As previously discussed, on March 18, 2003 we issued two tranches of senior unsecured notes to institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A totaling \$500.0 million at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 5.11%. Subsequently, we exchanged notes that had been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 for the Rule 144A notes. The exchange notes and the Rule 144A notes have the same economic terms and conditions. The first tranche is \$300.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 4.875% due March 18, 2010 and the second tranche is \$200.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 5.45% due March 15, 2013.

On June 15, 2003, we paid off \$375.0 million of 6.625% senior unsecured notes that matured on that date with borrowings from our Credit Facility. The variable rate swap agreements designated as hedges against these unsecured notes also matured on the same date.

On November 15, 2003, we exchanged with the holders of our \$100.0 million of 6.75% Putable Asset Trust Securities (PATs), which had a call option settlement feature on that date, for \$113.1 million Floating Rate Mandatory Extension Notes (MAXES) due November 15, 2014. The MAXES bear interest during the first year at LIBOR plus 80 basis points. On January 20, 2004, the holders of the MAXES exchanged the MAXES for an equal principal amount of notes as part of the unsecured notes offering discussed below. The exchange of the PATs for the MAXES did not result in a significant modification of the terms in the debt arrangement.

On December 17, 2003, we obtained a €200 million capacity EURO-denominated one-year unsecured term loan with two one-year extensions available at our option. The loan bears interest at EURIBOR plus 60 basis points. The initial borrowing of €163 million was used to fund a portion of the acquisition of GCI.

On January 20, 2004, we issued two tranches of senior unsecured notes to institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A totaling \$500.0 million at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 4.21%. The first tranche is \$300.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 3.75% due January 30, 2009 and the second tranche is \$200.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 4.90% due January 30, 2014. We received cash and we exchanged, with the holder, the MAXES discussed above for a portion of the second tranche of the notes. We agreed to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 relating to an offer to exchange the notes of each series for registered notes with substantially identical economic terms. If we do not complete the exchange offer within 180 days after the issuance of the notes, the interest rates on the notes will be increased by 0.50% per year. We expect to complete the registration within the allotted time frame. The exchange of the MAXES for the notes instruments did not result in a significant modification of the terms in the debt arrangement.

Concurrently with the pricing of the notes, we entered into a five year variable rate \$300.0 million notional amount swap agreement to effectively convert the \$300.0 million tranche to floating rate debt at an effective rate of six-month LIBOR. We completed this swap agreement as our percentage of variable rate indebtedness was lower than our desired range.

Secured Financing

On April 1, 2003, using available cash flow, we paid off a \$34.0 million variable rate mortgage, at LIBOR plus 150 basis points, that encumbered one consolidated Property. In addition, we refinanced another consolidated mortgaged Property with a \$100.0 million 4.60%

fixed rate mortgage maturing on July 1, 2013. The refinanced mortgage had a balance of \$85.5 million at a weighted average fixed rate of 7.16% and was to mature on December 31, 2003.

On August 20, 2003, we secured a \$220.0 million, 3.60% fixed rate, interest only, five year mortgage to fund a portion of the acquisition of our leasehold interest in Stanford Shopping Center. Including the effects of a hedging transaction concurrently entered into, the initial blended interest rate is 2.81%.

On November 14, 2003, we secured a \$550.0 million leasehold financing for Forum Shops at a fixed-rate of 4.78% due December 1, 2010. This replaced a \$175.0 million mortgage that had an initial maturity of May 2004 and was effectively fixed at an average interest rate of 6.67%, including interest rate protection agreements. The financing generated excess proceeds of \$370.8 million that we used to unencumber one asset, to reduce borrowings on our Credit Facility and for general corporate purposes.

Summary of Financing

Overall, our fixed rate or effectively fixed rate indebtedness that matured or was refinanced in 2003 totaled \$863.7 million and had a weighted average interest rate 6.79% and a weighted average initial term of 6.4 years. Our fixed rate or effectively fixed rate indebtedness that we issued in 2003, including the \$200.0 million fixed rate portion of the unsecured notes issued on January 20, 2004, totaled \$1.5 billion and had a weighted average interest rate of 4.78% and a weighted average initial term of 7.8 years.

63

Our consolidated debt adjusted to reflect outstanding derivative instruments consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

Debt Subject to	Adjusted Balance as of December 31, 2003	Effective Weighted Average Interest Rate	Adjusted Balance as of December 31, 2002	Effective Weighted Average Interest Rate
Fixed Rate	\$ 8,499,750	6.71%	\$ 7,941,122	6.81%
Variable Rate	1,766,638	2.61%	1,604,959	3.58%
	\$ 10,266,388	6.00%	\$ 9,546,081	6.27%

As of December 31, 2003, we had interest rate cap protection agreements on \$296.0 million of consolidated variable rate debt. We had interest rate protection agreements effectively converting variable rate debt to fixed rate debt on \$48.1 million of consolidated variable rate debt. In addition, we hold a \$85.0 million of notional amount fixed rate swap agreement that has a pay rate of 5.89% and a weighted average receive rate of 1.18% at December 31, 2003. We also hold \$370.0 million of notional amount variable rate swap agreements that have a weighted average pay rate of 1.20% and a weighted average receive rate of 3.52% at December 31, 2003. As of December 31, 2003, the net effect of these agreements effectively converted \$237.0 million of fixed rate debt to variable rate debt. As of December 31, 2002, the net effect of these agreements effectively converted \$112.7 million of fixed rate debt to variable rate debt.

Contractual Obligations and Off-balance Sheet arrangements: The following table summarizes the material aspects of our future obligations as of December 31, 2003 (dollars in thousands):

	2004	2005 - 2006	2007 - 2009	After 2009	Total
Long Term Debt					
Consolidated (1)	\$ 1,480,850	\$ 2,321,085	\$ 3,058,613	\$ 3,394,517	\$ 10,255,065
Pro rata share of Long Term Debt:					
Consolidated (2)	\$ 1,459,433	\$ 2,306,513	\$ 3,014,232	\$ 3,351,893	\$ 10,132,071
Joint Ventures (2)	197,615	1,055,214	596,817	887,865	2,737,511
Total Pro Rata Share of Long Term Debt	1,657,048	3,361,727	3,611,049	4,239,758	12,869,582
Consolidated Capital expenditure commitments (3)	388,442	153,985	1,398	—	543,825
Joint Venture Capital expenditure commitments (3)	63,737	1,822	—	—	65,559
Consolidated Ground Lease commitments	11,180	27,127	41,763	594,886	674,956
Total	\$ 2,120,407	\$ 3,544,661	\$ 3,654,210	\$ 4,834,644	\$ 14,153,922

(1) Represents principal maturities only and therefore, excludes net premiums and discounts and fair value swaps of \$11,323.

(2) Represents our pro rata share of principal maturities and excludes net premiums and discounts.

(3) Represents our pro rata share of capital expenditure commitments

Capital expenditure commitments presented in the table above represent new developments, redevelopments or renovation/expansions that we have committed to the completion of construction. The timing of these expenditures may vary due to delays in construction or acceleration the opening date of a particular project. In addition, the amount includes our share of joint venture developments.

We expect to meet our 2004 debt maturities through refinancings, the issuance of new debt securities or borrowings on the Credit Facility. We expect to have the ability and financial resources to meet all future long term obligations. Specific financing decisions will be made based upon market rates, property values, and our desired capital structure at the maturity date of each transaction. We incurred interest expense during 2003 of \$602.5 million net of capitalized interest of \$10.7 million.

Our off-balance sheet arrangements consist primarily of our investments in real estate joint ventures which are common in the real estate industry and are described in Note 7 of the notes to the accompanying financial statements. Joint venture debt is the liability of the joint venture, is typically secured by the joint venture Property, and is non-recourse to us. As of December 31, 2003, we have guaranteed or have provided letters of credit to support \$93.8 million of our total \$2.7 billion share of joint venture mortgage and other indebtedness presented in the table above.

Convertible Preferred Stock

On November 13, 2003, we gave notice of redemption of the remaining 4,316,329 shares of our 6.5% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock on December 15, 2003 at a redemption price of 105% of the liquidated value plus accrued and unpaid distributions to the redemption date or \$106.34 per share. As previously discussed, the holders of all but 18,340 shares of the preferred stock exercised their right to convert each share of preferred stock into our common stock prior to the redemption. We issued 11,114,672 million shares of common stock to the holders who exercised their conversion rights. We issued a new series of preferred stock, the proceeds from which were used to pay the redemption price of the remaining shares of our 6.5% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock.

In addition, earlier in 2003 prior to the redemption, the holders of 513,728 shares of the preferred stock converted their preferred stock and we issued 1,328,523 shares of common stock to them.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions. We acquired our additional interests in Kravco from certain private investors, The Rouse Company ("Rouse") and Westfield America Trust ("Westfield"). We obtained our initial interest jointly with Rouse and Westfield in connection with the Rodamco acquisition in 2002. The total consideration paid in 2003 for these transactions was approximately \$293.4 million and consisted of:

- cash of \$82.0 million,
- issuance of \$107.4 million of perpetual preferred units by the Operating Partnership, and
- the assumption of our share of mortgage debt and other payables of \$104.0 million.

We purchased our interest in Forum Shops for \$174.0 million in cash and assumed the minority limited partner's \$74.2 million share of debt, and other partnership liabilities. In addition, we purchased our 100% stake in Stanford Shopping Center for \$333.0 million funded initially with borrowings from our Credit Facility and the proceeds from a \$220.0 million leasehold mortgage previously discussed.

Buy/sell provisions are common in real estate partnership agreements. Most of our partners are institutional investors who have a history of direct investment in regional mall properties. Our partners in our joint ventures may initiate these provisions at any time and if we determine it is in our shareholders' best interests for us to purchase the joint venture interest, we believe we have adequate liquidity to execute the purchases of the interests without hindering our cash flows or liquidity. Should we decide to sell any of our joint venture interests, we would expect to use the net proceeds from any such sale to reduce outstanding indebtedness.

Dispositions. As part of our strategic plan to own quality retail real estate we continue to pursue the sale of Properties, under the right circumstances, that no longer meet our strategic criteria. In 2003, we disposed of thirteen non-core Properties that no longer met our strategic criteria. These consisted of seven regional malls, five community centers, and one mixed-use property. We do not believe the sale of these Properties will have a material impact on our future results of operations or cash flows and their removal from service and sale will not materially affect our ongoing operations. We believe the disposition of these Properties will enhance the average overall quality of our Portfolio.

Development Activity

New Developments. The following describes our current new development projects, the estimated total cost, our share of the

estimated total cost and the construction in progress balance as of December 31, 2003 (dollars in millions):

Property	Location	Gross Leasable Area	Estimated Total Cost(b)	Our Share of Estimated Total Cost	Our Share of Construction in Progress(a)	Actual/Estimated Opening Date
Under construction						
Chicago Premium Outlets	Chicago, IL	438,000	\$ 67	\$ 33	29.6	2 nd Quarter 2004
Clay Terrace	Carmel, IN	570,000	100	50	17.8	Fall 2004
St. Johns Town Center	Jacksonville, FL	1,500,000	126	107(c)	34.8(c)	1st Quarter 2005
Wolf Ranch	Georgetown, TX	670,000	62	62	29.5	3rd Quarter 2005
Firewheel Center	Garland, TX	785,000	96	96	16.2	Fall 2005

(a) Amounts include the portion of the project placed in service as of December 31, 2003, if any.

(b) Represents the project costs net of land sales, tenant reimbursements for construction, and other items (where applicable).

(c) Due to our preference in the joint venture partnership, we are contributing 85% of the project costs.

We expect to fund these capital projects with either available cash flow from operations, borrowings from our Credit Facility, or project specific construction loans. We expect total 2004 new development costs during the year to be approximately \$200 million.

Strategic Expansions and Renovations. The following describes our significant renovation and/or expansion projects currently under construction, the estimated total cost, our share of the estimated total cost and our share of the construction in progress balance as of December 31, 2003 (dollars in millions):

Property	Location	Gross Leasable Area	Estimated Total Cost(b)	Our Share of Estimated Total Cost	Our Share of Construction in Progress(a)	Actual/Estimated Opening Date
Under Construction						
Forum Shops at Caesars	Las Vegas, NV	175,000	\$ 139	\$ 139	71.4	October 2004
Southpark Mall	Charlotte, NC	309,000	\$ 125	\$ 125	85.5	Spring 2004

(a) Amounts include the portion of the project placed in service as of December 31, 2003, if any.

(b) Represents the project costs net of land sales, tenant reimbursements for construction, and other items (where applicable).

We have renovation and/or expansion projects currently under construction or in preconstruction development and expect to invest a total of approximately \$250 million on redevelopment projects in 2004.

Capital Expenditures on Consolidated Properties

The following table summarizes total capital expenditures on consolidated Properties on a cash basis:

	2003	2002	2001
New Developments	\$ 105	\$ 11	\$ 68
Renovations and Expansions	187	95	124
Tenant Allowances	54	60	57
Operational Capital Expenditures	8	48	33
Total	\$ 354	\$ 214	\$ 282

International. As previously mentioned, we significantly increased our presence in Europe through our joint venture with the Rinascente Group, Gallerie Commerciali Italia. Our strategy is to invest capital internationally not only to acquire existing properties but also to use the net cash flow from the existing properties to fund other future developments. We believe reinvesting the cash flow derived in Euros in other Euro denominated development and redevelopment projects helps minimize our exposure to our initial investment and to the changes in the Euro on future investments that might otherwise significantly increase our cost and reduce our returns on these new projects and developments. In addition, to date we have funded the majority of our investments in Europe, with Euro-denominated borrowings that act as a natural hedge on our investments.

Currently, our net income exposure to changes in the volatility of the Euro is not material. In addition, since cash flow from operations is currently being reinvested in other development projects, we do not expect to repatriate Euros for the next few years. Therefore, we also do

not currently have a significant cash flow from operations exposure due to fluctuations in the value of the Euro.

The agreements for the Operating Partnership's 35.2% interest in European Retail Enterprises, B.V. ("ERE") are structured to allow us to acquire an additional 26.1% ownership interest over time. The future commitments to purchase shares from three of the existing shareholders of ERE are based upon a multiple of adjusted results of operations in the year prior to the purchase of the shares. Therefore, the actual amount of these additional commitments may vary. The current estimated additional commitment is approximately \$60 million to purchase shares of stock of ERE, assuming that the three existing shareholders exercise their rights under put options. We expect these purchases to be made from 2006-2008.

The carrying amount of our total investments as of December 31, 2003 in European subsidiaries net of the related cumulative translation adjustment was \$311.1 million, including subordinated debt in ERE, and both investments are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Currently a total of 8 developments are under construction which will add approximately 5.6 million square feet of GLA for a total net cost of approximately €356 million, of which our share is approximately €150 million.

Distributions

On February 5, 2004, our Board of Directors approved an increase in the annual distribution rate to \$2.60 per share. Dividends during 2003 aggregated \$2.40 per share and dividends during 2002 aggregated \$2.175 per share. We are required to pay a minimum level of dividends to maintain our status as a REIT. Our dividends and limited partner distributions typically exceed our net income generated in any given year primarily because of depreciation, which is a "non-cash" expense. Our future dividends and the distributions of the Operating Partnership will be determined by the Board of Directors based on actual results of operations, cash available for dividends and limited partner distributions, and what may be required to maintain our status as a REIT.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure — Funds from Operations

Industry practice is to evaluate real estate properties in part based on funds from operations ("FFO"). We consider FFO to be a key measure of our operating performance that is not specifically defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). We believe that FFO is helpful to investors because it is a widely recognized measure of the performance of REITs and provides a relevant basis for comparison among REITs. We also use this measure internally to measure the operating performance of our Portfolio.

As defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), FFO is consolidated net income computed in accordance with GAAP:

- excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization,
- excluding gains and losses from extraordinary items and cumulative effects of accounting changes,
- excluding gains and losses from the sales of real estate,
- plus the allocable portion of FFO of unconsolidated joint ventures based upon economic ownership interest, and
- all determined on a consistent basis in accordance with GAAP.

We have adopted NAREIT's clarification of the definition of FFO that requires us to include the effects of nonrecurring items not classified as extraordinary, cumulative effect of accounting change or resulting from the sale of depreciable real estate. However, you should understand that FFO:

- does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP,
- should not be considered as an alternative to net income determined in accordance with GAAP as a measure of operating performance, and
- is not an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity.

The following schedule sets forth total FFO before allocation to the limited partners of the Operating Partnership and FFO allocable to Simon Property. This schedule also reconciles net income, which we believe is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, to FFO for the periods presented.

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
	(in thousands)		
Funds From Operations	\$ 1,041,105	\$ 936,356	\$ 786,635
Increase in FFO from prior period	11.2%	19.0%	0.6%
Reconciliation:			
Net Income	\$ 368,715	\$ 422,588	\$ 199,149
Plus:			
Limited partners' interest in the Operating Partnership, Preferred			

distributions of the Operating Partnership, and preferred dividends of subsidiary	113,000	139,067	81,611
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	1,700
Depreciation and amortization from consolidated properties and discontinued operations	499,737	478,379	452,428
Our share of depreciation and amortization and other items from unconsolidated affiliates	147,629	150,217	138,814
Gain on sales of real estate and discontinued operations	(17,248)	(162,011)	(2,610)
Less:			
Management Company gain on sale of real estate, net	—	(8,400)	—
Minority interest portion of depreciation and amortization	(3,546)	(7,943)	(7,012)
Preferred distributions and dividends(Including those of subsidiaries)	(67,182)	(75,541)	(77,445)
Funds From Operations	\$ 1,041,105	\$ 936,356	\$ 786,635
FFO allocable to Simon Property	\$ 787,467	\$ 691,004	\$ 571,974

Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk due to changes in interest rates primarily relates to our long-term debt obligations. We manage our exposure to interest rate risk by a combination of interest rate protection agreements to effectively fix or cap a portion of our variable rate debt, or in the case of a fair value hedge, effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt. In addition, we manage this exposure by refinancing fixed rate debt at times when rates and terms are appropriate.

We are also exposed to foreign currency risk on financings of foreign operations. Our intent is to offset gains and losses that occur on the underlying exposures, with gains and losses on the derivative contracts hedging these exposures. We do not enter into either interest rate protection or foreign currency rate protection agreements for speculative purposes.

Our future earnings, cash flows and fair values relating to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market rates of interest, primarily LIBOR. Based upon consolidated indebtedness and interest rates at December 31, 2003, a 0.50% increase in the market rates of interest would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$8.8 million, and would decrease the fair value of debt by approximately \$196.2 million. A 0.50% decrease in the market rates of interest would increase future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$8.8 million, and would increase the fair value of debt by approximately \$203.1 million.

Retail Climate and Tenant Bankruptcies

Bankruptcy filings by retailers are normal in the course of our operations. We are continually releasing vacant spaces resulting from tenant terminations. Pressures that affect consumer confidence, job growth, energy costs and income gains can affect retail sales growth, and a continuing soft economic cycle may impact our ability to retenant property vacancies resulting from store closings or bankruptcies. We lost approximately 566,000 square feet of mall shop tenants in 2003. Our 2003 experience was less than historical levels and we expect to lose a greater amount of square feet to bankruptcies in 2004.

The geographical diversity of our Portfolio mitigates some of the risk of an economic downturn. In addition, the diversity of our tenant mix also is important because no single retailer represents either more than 2.0% of total GLA or more than 4.6% of our annualized base minimum rent. Bankruptcies and store closings may, in some circumstances, create opportunities for us to release spaces at higher rents to tenants with enhanced sales performance. We have demonstrated an ability to successfully retenant anchor and in line store locations during soft economic cycles. While these factors reflect some of the inherent strengths of our portfolio in a difficult retail environment, we cannot assure you that we will successfully execute our releasing strategy.

Insurance

We maintain commercial general liability, fire, flood, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on our Properties. Rosewood Indemnity, Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Management Company, has agreed to indemnify our general liability carrier for a specific layer of losses. The carrier has, in turn, agreed to provide evidence of coverage for this layer of losses under the terms and conditions of the carrier's policy. A similar policy written through Rosewood Indemnity, Ltd. also provides a portion of our initial coverage for property insurance and certain windstorm risks at the Properties located in Florida.

The events of September 11, 2001 affected our insurance programs. Although insurance rates remain high, since the President signed into Law the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act (TRIA) in November of 2002, the price of terrorism insurance has steadily decreased, while the available capacity has been substantially increased. As a result, we have purchased two separate terrorism insurance programs, one for an individual Property and a second covering all other Properties. Each program provides limits up to \$600 million per occurrence and covers both Certified (Foreign) and Non-Certified (Domestic) acts of terrorism. The coverage is written on an "all risk" policy form that eliminates the policy aggregates associated with our previous terrorism policies. These policies are in place throughout the remainder of

2004.

Inflation

Inflation has remained relatively low in recent years and has had minimal impact on the operating performance of the Properties. Nonetheless, substantially all of the tenants' leases contain provisions designed to lessen our exposure to the impact of inflation. These provisions include clauses enabling us to receive percentage rentals based on tenants' gross sales, which generally increase as prices rise, and/or escalation clauses, which generally increase rental rates during the terms of the leases. In addition, many of the leases are for terms of less than ten years, which may enable us to replace existing leases with new leases at higher base and/or percentage rentals if rents of the existing leases are below the then-existing market rate. Substantially all of the leases, other than those for anchors, require the tenants to pay a proportionate share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation.

However, inflation may have a negative impact on some of our other operating items. Interest and general and administrative expenses may be adversely affected by inflation as these specified costs could increase at a rate higher than rents. Also, for tenant leases with stated rent increases, inflation may have a negative effect as the stated rent increases in these leases could be lower than the increase in inflation at any given time.

Seasonality

The shopping center industry is seasonal in nature, particularly in the fourth quarter during the holiday season, when tenant occupancy and retail sales are typically at their highest levels. In addition, shopping malls achieve most of their temporary tenant rents during the holiday season. As a result, our earnings are generally highest in the fourth quarter of each year.

In addition, given the number of Properties in warm summer climates our utility expenses are typically higher in the months of June through September due to higher electricity costs to supply air conditioning to our Properties. As a result some seasonality results in increased property operating expenses during these months; however, the majority of these costs are recoverable from tenants.

Environmental Matters

Nearly all of the Properties have been subjected to Phase I or similar environmental audits. Such audits have not revealed nor is management aware of any environmental liability that we believe would have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results of operations. We are unaware of any instances in which we would incur significant environmental costs if any or all Properties were sold, disposed of or abandoned.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors of
Simon Property Group, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. The financial statements of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries and SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Companies") for the year ended December 31, 2001, were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations and whose report dated March 28, 2002, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements and included an explanatory paragraph that disclosed the adoption of SFAS No. 133 as discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the 2003 and 2002 consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As discussed above, the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations. As described in Note 3, certain reclassification adjustments have been made in the 2001 statement of cash flows to conform to the 2003 and 2002 presentation. These reclassification adjustments have no impact on the net income previously reported. We audited the reclassification adjustments that were applied to the 2001 statement of cash flows. Our procedures included (a) obtaining analyses prepared by management of total distributions received from joint venture properties and total distributions paid to minority investors in consolidated properties, (b) comparing said amounts to the sections of the statement of cash flows, as previously reported, without exception, and (c) testing that the portion of the distributions received from joint venture properties, which represented a return on investment, and distributions paid to minority investors in consolidated properties were appropriately reclassified as cash generated

by operating activities, consistent with their presentation in the 2003 and 2002 statements of cash flows. In our opinion, such reclassification adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. However, we were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the accompanying 2001 financial statements of the Company other than with respect to such reclassification adjustments and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2001 financial statements taken as a whole.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
February 5, 2004

70

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors of
Simon Property Group, Inc. and SPG Realty Consultants, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries and its paired share affiliate, SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. and subsidiaries (see Note 2), as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related combined statements of operations and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Simon Property Group, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. We have also audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Companies' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined financial position of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries and its paired share affiliate, SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. and subsidiaries, as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, the consolidated financial position of Simon Property Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, and the consolidated financial position of SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As explained in Note 13 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2001, the Companies adopted SFAS 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended in June of 2000 by SFAS 138, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS 133, as amended, establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments. As explained in Note 13 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2000, the Companies adopted Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, which addressed certain revenue recognition policies, including the accounting for overage rent by a landlord.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
March 28, 2002.

THIS REPORT IS A COPY OF THE PREVIOUSLY ISSUED ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP (ANDERSEN) AUDITOR'S REPORT. THIS REPORT HAS NOT BEEN REISSUED BY ANDERSEN.

71

Simon Property Group, Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Dollars in thousands, except share amounts)

	December 31, 2003		December 31, 2002
ASSETS:			
Investment properties, at cost	\$ 14,971,823	\$	14,249,615
Less — accumulated depreciation	2,556,578		2,222,242

	12,415,245	12,027,373
Cash and cash equivalents	535,623	397,129
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net	305,200	311,361
Notes and advances receivable from Management Company and affiliates	—	75,105
Investment in unconsolidated entities, at equity	1,811,773	1,665,654
Deferred costs, other assets, and minority interest, net	616,880	427,880
Total assets	\$ 15,684,721	\$ 14,904,502
LIABILITIES:		
Mortgages and other indebtedness	\$ 10,266,388	\$ 9,546,081
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and deferred revenues	667,610	624,505
Cash distributions and losses in partnerships and joint ventures, at equity	14,412	13,898
Other liabilities, minority interest and accrued dividends	280,414	228,508
Total liabilities	11,228,824	10,412,992
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 11)		
LIMITED PARTNERS' INTEREST IN THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	859,050	872,925
LIMITED PARTNERS' PREFERRED INTEREST IN THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	258,220	150,852
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
CAPITAL STOCK (750,000,000 total shares authorized, \$.0001 par value, 237,996,000 shares of excess common stock (Note 10)):		
All series of preferred stock, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 12,078,012 and 16,830,057 issued and outstanding, respectively. Liquidation values \$376,950 and \$858,006, respectively.	367,483	814,254
Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, 200,876,552 and 184,438,095 issued and outstanding, respectively	20	18
Class B common stock, \$.0001 par value, 12,000,000 shares authorized, 3,200,000 issued and outstanding	1	1
Class C common stock, \$.0001 par value, 4,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding	—	—
Capital in excess of par value	4,121,332	3,686,161
Accumulated deficit	(1,097,317)	(961,338)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	12,586	(8,109)
Unamortized restricted stock award	(12,960)	(10,736)
Common stock held in treasury at cost, 2,098,555 shares	(52,518)	(52,518)
Total shareholders' equity	3,338,627	3,467,733
	\$ 15,684,721	\$ 14,904,502

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Simon Property Group, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
REVENUE:			
		(Note 2)	(Note 2)

Minimum rent	\$	1,375,407	\$	1,297,047	\$	1,271,142
Overage rent		47,991		47,314		48,534
Tenant reimbursements		674,854		643,049		606,516
Management fees and other revenues (Note 3)		78,292		—		—
Other income		137,109		136,742		122,643
Total revenue		2,313,653		2,124,152		2,048,835

EXPENSES:

Property operating		327,819		307,411		285,955
Depreciation and amortization		498,136		467,395		453,557
Real estate taxes		219,274		210,181		198,190
Repairs and maintenance		84,623		74,098		77,940
Advertising and promotion		61,765		59,857		63,258
Provision for credit losses		14,253		9,014		8,415
Home and regional office costs (Note 3)		80,105		45,159		44,758
General and administrative (Note 3)		15,083		3,233		3,054
Costs related to withdrawn tender offer (Note 11)		10,581		—		—
Other		27,229		29,548		33,290
Impairment on investment properties		—		—		47,000
Total operating expenses		1,338,868		1,205,896		1,215,417

OPERATING INCOME

Interest expense		602,510		599,266		607,625
Income before minority interest		372,275		318,990		225,793
Minority interest		(7,277)		(10,498)		(10,593)
Gain (loss) on sales of assets and other, net (Note 4)		(5,146)		162,011		2,610
Gain from debt related transactions, net (Note 3)		—		14,576		273
Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiaries		(7,597)		—		—
Income before unconsolidated entities		352,255		485,079		218,083
Loss from MerchantWired, LLC, net (Note 7)		—		(32,742)		(18,104)
Income from other unconsolidated entities		99,645		92,811		82,481
Income from continuing operations		451,900		545,148		282,460
Results of operations from discontinued operations		7,421		16,507		—
Gain on disposal or sale of discontinued operations, net		22,394		—		—
Cumulative effect of accounting change		—		—		(1,700)
Income before allocation to limited partners		481,715		561,655		280,760

LESS:

Limited partners' interest in the Operating Partnership		100,956		127,727		55,526
Preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership		12,044		11,340		11,417
Preferred dividends of subsidiary		—		—		14,668

NET INCOME

Preferred dividends		(55,138)		(64,201)		(51,360)
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NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS

	\$	313,577	\$	358,387	\$	147,789
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BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:

Income from continuing operations	\$	1.53	\$	1.92	\$	0.87
Net income	\$	1.65	\$	1.99	\$	0.86

DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:

Income from continuing operations	\$	1.53	\$	1.92	\$	0.86
Net income	\$	1.65	\$	1.99	\$	0.85

Net Income	\$	368,715	\$	422,588	\$	199,149
Cumulative effect of accounting change		—		—		(1,995)
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate hedge agreements		21,135		4,431		(12,041)
Net (income) loss on derivative instruments reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into interest expense		(4,442)		(982)		4,071
Currency translation adjustment		2,993		(1,665)		72
Other		1,009		—		—
Comprehensive Income	\$	389,410	\$	424,372	\$	189,256

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Simon Property Group, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Dollars in thousands)

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,

2003	2002	2001
	(Note 2)	(Note 2)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income	\$	368,715	\$	422,588	\$	199,149
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities —						
Depreciation and amortization		518,560		491,306		464,892
Impairment on investment properties		—		—		47,000
Gain from debt related transactions, net		—		(14,307)		(273)
Cumulative effect of accounting change		—		—		1,700
(Gain) Loss on sales of assets and other, net		5,146		(162,011)		(2,610)
Gain on disposal or sale of discontinued operations, net		(22,394)		—		—
Limited partners' interest in the Operating Partnership		100,956		127,727		55,526
Preferred dividends of Subsidiary		—		—		14,668
Preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership		12,044		11,340		11,417
Straight-line rent		(3,630)		(6,785)		(11,014)
Minority interest		7,277		10,498		10,593
Minority interest distributions		(5,466)		(13,214)		(16,629)
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities		(99,645)		(60,069)		(64,377)
Distributions of income from unconsolidated entities		87,453		80,141		71,878
Changes in assets and liabilities —						
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue		34,277		14,237		2,335
Deferred costs and other assets		(26,396)		(15,778)		(37,932)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, deferred revenues and other liabilities		(24,930)		(2,683)		112,739
Net cash provided by operating activities		951,967		882,990		859,062

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Acquisitions	(814,629)	(1,129,139)	(164,295)
Capital expenditures, net	(353,903)	(213,990)	(282,545)
Cash from acquisitions	2,267	8,516	8,004
Cash from consolidation of the Management Company	48,910	—	—
Net proceeds from sale of assets, partnership interests, and discontinued operations	278,066	436,350	19,550
Investments in unconsolidated entities	(81,480)	(90,113)	(147,933)
Distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities and other	159,106	191,314	217,082

Notes and advances to Management Company and affiliate	—	11,332	(1,173)
Net cash used in investing activities	(761,663)	(785,730)	(351,310)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sales of common and preferred stock	99,725	341,445	8,085
Purchase of preferred stock and limited partner units	(93,954)	—	—
Minority interest contributions	—	779	2,647
Preferred dividends of Subsidiary	—	—	(14,668)
Preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership	(12,044)	(11,340)	(11,417)
Preferred dividends and distributions to shareholders	(507,569)	(457,085)	(428,968)
Distributions to limited partners	(147,492)	(138,789)	(134,711)
Mortgage and other note proceeds, net of transaction costs	2,536,498	2,408,685	2,454,994
Mortgage and other note principal payments	(1,926,974)	(2,103,586)	(2,347,065)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(51,810)	40,109	(471,103)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	138,494	137,369	36,649
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	397,129	259,760	223,111
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 535,623	\$ 397,129	\$ 259,760

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

74

Simon Property Group, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity
(Dollars in thousands, Note 2)

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Unamortized Restricted Stock Award	Common Stock Held in Treasury	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$ 538,684	\$ 18	\$ —	\$ 3,313,557	\$ (715,288)	\$ (19,982)	\$ (52,518)	\$ 3,064,471
Series A Preferred stock conversion (46,355 Common Shares)	(1,558)			1,558				—
Common stock issued as dividend (442 Common Shares)				12				12
Conversion of preferred stock of subsidiary (Note 10)	340,000							340,000
Conversion of Limited Partner Units (958,997 Common Shares, Note 10)				10,880				10,880
Stock options exercised (400,026 Common Shares)				8,831				8,831
Series E and Series G Preferred stock accretion	342							342
Stock incentive program (454,726 Common Shares, net)				11,827		(11,827)		—
Amortization of stock incentive						11,512		11,512
Other				(259)				(259)
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from increased ownership in the Operating Partnership				1,262				1,262
Distributions				(101)	(411,515)			(411,616)
Other comprehensive income			(9,893)					(9,893)
Net income					199,149			199,149
Balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 877,468	\$ 18	\$ (9,893)	\$ 3,347,567	\$ (927,654)	\$ (20,297)	\$ (52,518)	\$ 3,214,691
Series A Preferred stock conversion (1,893,651 Common Shares)	(63,688)			63,688				—

Common stock issued as dividend (19,375 Common Shares)			653					653								
Conversion of Limited Partner Units (173,442 Common Shares, Note 10)			5,709					5,709								
Common stock issued (9,000,000 Common Shares)	1		322,199					322,200								
Stock options exercised (671,836 Common Shares)			15,740					15,740								
Series E and Series G Preferred stock accretion	474							474								
Stock incentive program (- 21,070 Forfeited Common Shares)			(604)		604			—								
Amortization of stock incentive					8,957			8,957								
Other			399					399								
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from increased ownership in the Operating Partnership			(69,190)					(69,190)								
Distributions					(456,272)			(456,272)								
Other comprehensive income			1,784					1,784								
Net income					422,588			422,588								
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$	814,254	\$	19	\$	(8,109)	\$	3,686,161	\$	(961,338)	\$	(10,736)	\$	(52,518)	\$	3,467,733
Conversion of Limited Partner Units (2,880,810 Common Shares, Note 10)			1					39,704								39,705
Series B Preferred stock conversion (12,443,195 Common Shares)	(447,485)		1					447,484								—
Series B Preferred stock redemption for cash (18,340 Preferred Shares)	(1,711)															(1,711)
Series H Variable Rate Preferred stock issuance (3,328,540 preferred shares)	83,213															83,213
Series H Variable Rate Preferred stock repurchase (3,250,528 net preferred shares)	(81,263)															(81,263)
Stock options exercised (733,617 Common Shares)								17,451								17,451
Series E and Series G Preferred stock accretion	475															475
Stock incentive program (380,835 Common Shares, Net)								12,579		(12,579)						—
Amortization of stock incentive										10,355						10,355
Acquisition of minority interest in Management Company								(2,334)								(2,334)
Other								173								173
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from increased ownership in the Operating Partnership								(79,886)								(79,886)
Distributions										(504,694)						(504,694)
Other comprehensive income								20,695								20,695
Net income										368,715						368,715
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$	367,483	\$	21	\$	12,586	\$	4,121,332	\$	(1,097,317)	\$	(12,960)	\$	(52,518)	\$	3,338,627

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

1. Organization

Simon Property Group, Inc. ("Simon Property") is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Simon Property Group, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership") is a majority-owned partnership subsidiary of Simon Property that owns all but one of our real estate properties. In these notes, the terms "we", "us" and "our" refer to Simon Property, the Operating Partnership, and their subsidiaries.

We are engaged primarily in the ownership, operation, leasing, management, acquisition, expansion and development of real estate properties. Our real estate properties consist primarily of regional malls and community shopping centers. As of December 31, 2003, we owned or held an interest in 246 income-producing properties in North America, which consisted of 175 regional malls, 67 community

shopping centers, and four office and mixed-use properties in 37 states and Canada (collectively, the "Properties", and individually, a "Property"). Mixed-use properties are properties that include a combination of retail space, office space, and/or hotel components. In addition, we also own interests in three parcels of land held for future development (together with the Properties, the "Portfolio"). Finally, we have ownership interests in 47 assets in Europe (France, Italy, Poland and Portugal).

We generate the majority of our revenues from leases with retail tenants including:

- Base minimum rents and cart and kiosk rentals,
- Overage and percentage rents based on tenants' sales volume, and
- Recoveries of substantially all of our recoverable expenditures, which consist of property operating, real estate tax, repairs and maintenance, and advertising and promotional expenditures.

We also generate revenues due to our size and tenant relationships from:

- Pursuing mall marketing initiatives, including the sale of gift cards,
- Forming consumer focused strategic corporate alliances, and
- Offering property operating services to our tenants and others resulting from our relationships with vendors.

M.S. Management Associates, Inc. (the "Management Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary that provides leasing, management, and development services to most of the Properties. In addition, insurance subsidiaries of the Management Company insure the self-insured retention portion of our general liability program and the deductible associated with our workers' compensation programs. In addition, they provide reinsurance for the primary layer of general liability coverage to our third party maintenance providers while performing services under contract with us. Third party providers provide coverage above the insurance subsidiaries' limits.

We are subject to risks incidental to the ownership and operation of commercial real estate. These risks include, among others, the risks normally associated with changes in the general economic climate, trends in the retail industry, creditworthiness of tenants, competition for tenants and customers, changes in tax laws, interest rate and foreign currency levels, the availability of financing, and potential liability under environmental and other laws. Our regional malls and community shopping centers rely heavily upon anchor tenants like most retail properties. Three retailers' anchor stores occupied 337 of the approximately 958 anchor stores in the Properties as of December 31, 2003. An affiliate of one of these retailers is a limited partner in the Operating Partnership.

Structural Simplification

On December 31, 2002, we continued to simplify our organizational structure by merging SPG Realty Consultants, Inc. ("SPG Realty") into Simon Property, ending our "paired share" REIT structure resulting from our combination with Corporate Property Investors, Inc. All of the outstanding stock of SPG Realty was previously held in trust for the benefit of the holders of common stock of Simon Property. As a result of the merger, our stockholders who were previously the beneficial owners of the SPG Realty stock are now, by virtue of their ownership of our common stock, the owners of the assets and operations formerly owned or conducted by SPG Realty. Note 2 describes the basis of presentation of the merger in the accompanying financial statements.

76

On January 1, 2003, the Operating Partnership acquired all of the remaining equity interests of the Management Company from three Simon family members for a total purchase price of \$425, which was equal to the appraised value of the interests as determined by an independent third party. The acquisition was approved by our independent directors. As a result, the Management Company is now a wholly owned consolidated taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS") of the Operating Partnership. See Note 7 for further discussion of the operations of the Management Company for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001.

2. Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Simon Property include Simon Property and its subsidiaries. We eliminated all significant intercompany amounts.

Simon Property and SPG Realty were entities under common control and the merger of SPG Realty into Simon Property on December 31, 2002 was accounted for similar to a pooling of interests. The accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income, cash flows, shareholders' equity and related disclosures in these notes to financial statements represent the combined results of Simon Property and SPG Realty for the years ended December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001.

We consolidate Properties that are wholly owned or Properties that we own less than 100% but we control. Control of a Property is demonstrated by our ability to:

- manage day-to-day operations,
- refinance debt and sell the Property without the consent of any other partner or owner, and
- the inability of any other partner or owner to replace us.

The deficit minority interest balances in the accompanying balance sheets represent outside partners' interests in the net equity of certain properties. We record deficit minority interests when a joint venture agreement provides for the settlement of deficit capital accounts before distributing the proceeds from the sale of joint venture assets, the joint venture partner is obligated to make additional contributions to the extent of any capital account deficits or the joint venture partner has the ability to fund such additional contributions.

Investments in partnerships and joint ventures represent noncontrolling ownership interests in Properties and prior to 2003 our investment in the Management Company. We account for these investments using the equity method of accounting. We initially record these investments at cost and we subsequently adjust for net equity in income or loss, which we allocate in accordance with the provisions of the applicable partnership or joint venture agreement, and cash contributions and distributions. The allocation provisions in the partnership or joint venture agreements are not always consistent with the legal ownership interests held by each general or limited partner or joint venturer primarily due to partner preferences.

As of December 31, 2003, of our 246 Properties we consolidated 156 wholly-owned Properties, consolidated 14 additional Properties that are less than wholly owned which we control, and accounted for 76 Properties using the equity method. We manage the day-to-day operations of 65 of the 76 equity method Properties.

We allocate net operating results of the Operating Partnership after preferred distributions based on the partners' respective weighted average ownership interests and after preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership and preferred dividends. Our weighted average ownership interest in the Operating Partnership was as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Weighted average ownership interest	75.4%	73.6%	72.5%

Simon Property's ownership interest in the Operating Partnership as of December 31, 2003 was 76.8% and at December 31, 2002 was 74.3%. We adjust the limited partners' interest in the Operating Partnership at the end of each period to reflect their interest in the Operating Partnership. The adjustment is reflected in the accompanying statements of shareholders' equity.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Investment Properties and Goodwill

We record investment properties at cost. Investment properties include costs of acquisitions; development, predevelopment, and construction (including salaries and related benefits); tenant allowances and improvements; and interest and real estate taxes incurred related to construction. We capitalize improvements and replacements from repair and maintenance when the repairs and maintenance extend the useful life, increase capacity, or improve the efficiency of the asset. All other repair and maintenance items are expensed as incurred. We record depreciation on buildings and improvements utilizing the straight-line method over an estimated original useful life, which is generally 10 to 35 years. We review depreciable lives of investment properties periodically and we make adjustments when necessary to reflect a shorter economic life. We record depreciation on tenant allowances, tenant inducements and tenant improvements utilizing the straight-line method over the term of the related lease. We record depreciation on equipment and fixtures utilizing the straight-line method over seven to ten years.

We review investment properties for impairment on a property-by-property basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of investment properties may not be recoverable. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, declines in cash flows, occupancy and comparable sales per square foot at the property. We recognize an impairment of investment property when the estimated undiscounted operating income before depreciation and amortization is less than the carrying value of the property. To the extent impairment has occurred, we charge to income the excess of carrying value of the property over its estimated fair value. We may decide to sell properties that are held for use and the sale prices of these properties may differ from their carrying values.

Goodwill resulted from our merger with Corporate Property Investors, Inc. in 1998. We adopted SFAS No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangibles" on January 1, 2002 and as a result we ceased amortizing goodwill in accordance with SFAS No. 142 which was approximately \$1.2 million annually. The impact of adopting SFAS No. 142 resulted in no impairment of our goodwill. We review goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis or more frequently if an event occurs that would change the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying amount. If we determine the reporting unit is impaired, the loss would be recognized as an impairment loss in income. Goodwill is reflected in "deferred costs, other assets, and minority interest, net" in the accompanying balance sheets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Cash equivalents generally consist of commercial paper, bankers acceptances, Eurodollars, repurchase agreements, and money markets. Our balance of cash and cash equivalents includes a balance of \$175.0 million related to our gift card program which we do not consider available for general working capital purposes. See Notes 4, 8 and 10 for disclosures about non-cash investing and financing transactions.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist primarily of the assets of the insurance subsidiaries of the Management Company and are included in deferred costs, other assets, and minority interest, net. The types of securities typically include U.S. Treasury or other U.S. government securities as well as corporate debt securities. These securities are classified as available-for-sale and are valued based upon quoted market

prices are not available. The amortized cost of debt securities in this category is adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts to maturity. Changes in the values of these securities are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income until the gain or loss is realized and recorded in other income. However, if we determine a decline in value is other than temporary, then we recognize the unrealized loss in income to write down the investments to their net realizable value.

The insurance subsidiaries of the Management Company are required to maintain statutory minimum capital and surplus as well as maintain a minimum liquidity ratio. Therefore, our access to these securities may be restricted.

Use of Estimates

We prepared the accompanying financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reported period. Our actual results could differ from these estimates.

Capitalized Interest

We capitalize interest on projects during periods of construction until the projects are ready for their intended purpose. The amount of interest capitalized during each year is as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,		
2003	2002	2001
\$ 10,705	\$ 4,249	\$ 9,807

Segment Disclosure

Our interests in our regional malls, community centers and other assets represent one segment because we base our resource allocation and other operating decisions on the evaluation of the entire Portfolio.

Deferred Costs and Debt Premiums and Discounts

Our deferred costs consist primarily of financing fees we incurred in order to obtain long-term financing and internal and external leasing commissions and related costs. We record amortization of deferred financing costs on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective loans or agreements. Our deferred leasing costs consist primarily of capitalized salaries and related benefits in connection with lease originations. We record amortization of deferred leasing costs on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. We amortize debt premiums and discounts over the remaining terms of the related debt instruments. These debt premiums or discounts arise either at the debt issuance or as part of the purchase price allocation of the fair value of debt assumed in acquisitions. Net deferred costs of \$129,710 as of December 31, 2003 are net of accumulated amortization of \$179,021 and net deferred costs of \$149,748 as of December 31, 2002 are net of accumulated amortization of \$194,893.

The accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income includes amortization as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Amortization of deferred financing costs	\$ 15,710	\$ 17,079	\$ 16,513
Amortization of debt premiums net of discounts	\$ (5,723)	\$ (2,269)	\$ (5,178)
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	\$ 18,684	\$ 17,255	\$ 15,167

We record amortization of deferred financing costs, amortization of premiums, and accretion of discounts as part of interest expense.

Derivative Financial Instruments

On January 1, 2001 we adopted SFAS 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended by SFAS 138, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." On adoption, we recorded \$2.0 million of unrecognized losses in other comprehensive income as a cumulative effect of accounting change. We also recorded an expense of \$1.7 million as a cumulative effect of accounting change in the statement of operations, which includes our \$1.5 million share of joint venture cumulative effect of accounting change.

We use a variety of derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to manage or hedge the risks described in

Note 8 and record all derivatives on our balance sheets at fair value. We require that hedging derivative instruments are effective in reducing the risk exposure that they are designated to hedge. We formally designate any instrument that meets these hedging criteria as a hedge at the inception of the derivative contract.

We adjust our balance sheets on an ongoing basis to reflect the current fair market value of our derivatives. We record changes in the fair value of these derivatives each period in earnings or comprehensive income, as appropriate. The ineffective portion of the hedge is immediately recognized in earnings to the extent that the change in value of a derivative does not perfectly offset the change in value of the instrument being hedged. The unrealized gains and losses held in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified to earnings over time as the hedged items are recognized in earnings. We have a policy of only entering into contracts with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors.

We use standard market conventions to determine the fair values of derivative instruments and techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models, and termination cost are used to determine fair value at each balance sheet date. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value and such value may never actually be realized.

Accumulated Comprehensive Income

The components of our accumulated comprehensive income consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2003	2002
Cumulative translation adjustment	\$ 1,401	\$ (1,592)
Accumulated derivative gains and (losses), net	10,176	(6,517)
Net unrealized gains on marketable securities	1,009	—
Total accumulated comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 12,586	\$ (8,109)

Purchase Accounting Allocation

We allocate the purchase price of acquisitions to the various components of the acquisition based upon the relative value of each component in accordance with SFAS No. 141 "Business Combinations." These components typically include buildings, land and intangibles related to in-place leases and we estimate:

- the fair value of the buildings on an as-if-vacant basis. The value allocated to land is determined either by real estate tax assessments, a third party or other relevant data.
- the market value of in-place leases based upon our best estimate of current market rents and amortize the resulting market rent adjustment into revenues.
- the value of costs to obtain tenants, including tenant allowances and improvements and leasing commissions.
- the value of revenue and recovery of costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period, as if the space was vacant.

We amortize all of these amounts over the remaining average term of the acquired in place leases. We also estimate the value of tenant or other customer relationships acquired, if any, which are amortized over the term of the related leases and any expected renewals. Any remaining amount of value will be allocated to in-place leases, as deemed appropriate under the circumstances.

Revenue Recognition

We, as a lessor, retain substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the investment properties and account for our leases as operating leases. We accrue minimum rents on a straight-line basis over the terms of their respective leases. Substantially all of our retail tenants are also required to pay overage rents based on sales over a stated base amount during the lease year. We recognize overage rents only when each tenant's sales exceeds its sales threshold.

We structure our leases to allow us to recover a significant portion of our property operating, real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, and advertising and promotion expenses from our tenants. Property operating expenses typically include utility, insurance, security, janitorial, landscaping, food court and other administrative expenses. Our advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. We accrue reimbursements from tenants for recoverable portions of all these expenses as revenue in the period the applicable expenditures are incurred. We also receive escrow payments for these reimbursements from substantially all our tenants throughout the year. We do this to reduce the risk of loss on uncollectible accounts once we perform the final year end billings for recoverable expenditures. We recognize differences between estimated recoveries and the final billed amounts in the subsequent year and we believe these differences were not material in any period presented. We recognize revenues from our gift card program when fees are earned according to the provisions of the card arrangements and respective terms and conditions.

Management Fees and Other Revenues

Management fees and other revenues are generally received from our unconsolidated joint ventures Properties as well as third parties. Management fee revenue is recognized based on a contractual percentage of joint venture property revenue. Development fee revenue is recognized on a contractual percentage of hard costs to develop a property. Leasing fee revenue is recognized on a contractual per

square foot charge based on the square footage of current year leasing activity.

Insurance premiums written and ceded are recognized on a pro-rata basis over the terms of the policies. Insurance losses are reflected in property operating expenses in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income and include estimates for losses incurred but not reported as well as losses pending settlement. Estimates for losses are based on evaluations by actuaries and management's best estimates.

Allowance for Credit Losses

We record a provision for credit losses based on our judgment of a tenant's creditworthiness, ability to pay and probability of collection. In addition, we also consider the retail sector in which the tenant operates and our historical collection experience in cases of bankruptcy, if applicable. Presented below is the activity in the allowance for credit losses and includes the activities related to discontinued operations during the following years ended:

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Balance at Beginning of Year	\$ 20,490	\$ 24,682	\$ 20,108
Consolidation of Management Company	1,700	—	—
Provision for Credit Losses	14,630	8,972	8,415
Accounts Written Off	(5,347)	(13,164)	(3,841)
Balance at End of Year	\$ 31,473	\$ 20,490	\$ 24,682

Income Taxes

Simon Property and a subsidiary of the Operating Partnership are taxed as REITs under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code and applicable Treasury regulations relating to REIT qualification. These regulations require us to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to shareholders and meet certain other asset and income tests as well as other requirements. We intend to continue to adhere to these requirements and maintain the REIT status of Simon Property and the REIT subsidiary. As REITs, these entities will generally not be liable for federal corporate income taxes. Thus, we made no provision for federal income taxes for these entities in the accompanying financial statements. If either of these entities fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, that entity will be subject to federal income taxes on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates for a four year period following the year the entities fail to qualify as a REIT. That entity may reapply for REIT status at that point. State income, franchise or other taxes were not significant in any of the periods presented.

We have also elected taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS") status for some of our subsidiaries. This enables us to receive income and provide services that would otherwise be impermissible for REITs. For these entities, deferred tax assets and liabilities are established for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of assets and liabilities at the enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences reverse. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is provided if we believe all or some portion of the deferred tax asset may not be realized. An increase or decrease in the valuation allowance that results from the change in circumstances that causes a change in our judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset is included in income.

As a result of the consolidation of the Management Company, the deferred tax assets and liabilities and income tax expense of the Management Company are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003. A net deferred tax asset of \$22.0 million related to our TRS subsidiaries is included in deferred costs, other assets, and minority interest, net in the accompanying balance sheet. The net deferred tax asset consists primarily of operating loss and other carryforwards for Federal income tax purposes as well as the timing of the deductibility of losses from insurance subsidiaries.

Per Share Data

We determine basic earnings per share based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. We determine diluted earnings per share based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding combined with the incremental weighted average shares that would have been outstanding assuming all dilutive potential common shares were converted into shares at the earliest date possible. The

following table sets forth the computation of our basic and diluted earnings per share. The effect of dilutive securities amounts presented in the reconciliation below represents the common shareholders' pro rata share of the respective line items in the statements of operations and is after considering the effect of preferred dividends.

	2003	2002	2001
Common Shareholders' share of:			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 291,083	\$ 346,231	\$ 149,022
Discontinued operations	22,494	12,156	—
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	(1,233)
Net Income available to Common Shareholders — Basic	\$ 313,577	\$ 358,387	\$ 147,789
Effect of Dilutive Securities:			
Impact to General Partner's interest in Operating Partnership from all dilutive securities and options	\$ 333	\$ 1,919	—
Net Income available to Common Shareholders — Diluted	\$ 313,910	\$ 360,306	\$ 147,789
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding — Basic			
	189,475,124	179,910,355	172,669,133
Effect of stock options	823,532	671,972	358,414
Effect of convertible preferred stock	—	918,615	—
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding — Diluted	190,298,656	181,500,942	173,027,547
Basic per share amounts:			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.92	\$ 0.87
Discontinued operations	0.12	.07	—
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	(0.01)
Net income available to Common Shareholders — Basic	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.99	\$ 0.86
Diluted per share amounts:			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.92	\$ 0.86
Discontinued operations	0.12	.07	—
Cumulative effect of accounting change	—	—	(0.01)
Net income available to Common Shareholders — Dilutive	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.99	\$ 0.85

For the year ending December 31, 2003, potentially dilutive securities include stock options, certain preferred units of limited partnership interest of the Operating Partnership, Series B 6.5% Convertible Preferred Stock, and the units of limited partnership interest ("Units") in the Operating Partnership which are exchangeable for common stock.

83

We accrue distributions when they are declared. The taxable nature of the dividends declared for each of the years ended as indicated is summarized as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Total dividends paid per share	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.175	\$ 2.08
Percent taxable as ordinary income	95.1%	58.0%	71.0%
Percent taxable as long-term capital gains	0.9%	36.6%	3.1%
Percent taxable as unrecaptured Section 1250 gains	0.0%	5.4%	0.9%
Percent non-taxable as return of capital	4.0%	0.0%	25.0%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Discontinued Operations

In 2002, we adopted SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144") that supersedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed of." SFAS No. 144 supersedes the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations — Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions" for the disposal of a segment of a business. SFAS No. 144 provides a framework for the evaluation of impairment of long-lived assets, the treatment of assets held for sale or to be otherwise disposed of, and the reporting of discontinued operations. SFAS No. 144 requires us to reclassify any material operations related to consolidated properties sold during the period that were not classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2001 to discontinued operations. We have reclassified the results of operations of the 13 properties sold during 2003 described in Note 4 to discontinued operations in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income for 2003 and 2002. Their results of operations were not material to 2001. Revenues included in discontinued operations were \$38.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2003 and \$61.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Reclassifications

We made certain reclassifications of prior period amounts in the financial statements to conform to the 2003 presentation. These reclassifications have no impact on net income previously reported. These include reclassifying certain home office and regional office costs, and general and administrative expenses; the adoption of SFAS No. 145 "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of SFAS No. 13, and Technical Corrections" ("SFAS No. 145"); and reclassifications in the statements of cash flows in 2001.

As a result of the consolidation of the Management Company, we have elected to present "home and regional office costs" and "general and administrative" expenses as separate expense captions. In 2002 and 2001, "home and regional office costs" and "general and administrative" expenses incurred related to consolidated Properties were included in "Property operating" expense. These expenses have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. In 2002, we reclassified \$44.8 million from property operating expenses, \$0.3 million from advertising and promotion, and \$3.2 million from other expenses to the "home and regional office costs" and "general and administrative" categories. In 2001, we reclassified \$43.1 million from property operating expenses, \$1.7 million from advertising and promotion, and \$3.1 million from other expenses to the "home and regional office costs" and "general and administrative" categories. "Home and regional office costs" include salary and benefits, office rent, office expenses and information services expenses incurred in our home office and regional offices. "General and administrative" expenses represent the costs of operating as a public company and include such items as stock

exchange fees, public and investor relations expenses, certain executive officers' compensation expenses, audit fees, and legal fees.

Effective January 1, 2003, we adopted SFAS No. 145 and therefore we have reclassified for all periods presented in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income those items which no longer qualify as extraordinary items to income from continuing operations. In 2002, we reclassified \$14.3 million, or \$0.06 per share, of gains from debt extinguishments of consolidated Properties to "Gains from debt related transactions, net."

We reclassified distributions from unconsolidated entities that represent return on investments in the statements of cash flows to "net cash provided by operating activities" from "net cash used in investing activities" for all periods presented. "Distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities" represent cash distributions from operations in excess of net income and financing activities. In addition, we reclassified distributions to minority interest owners of consolidated properties in the statements of cash flows to "net cash provided by operating activities" from "net cash provided by (used in) financing activities" for all periods presented.

4. Real Estate Acquisitions, Disposals, and Impairment

Acquisitions

During 2003

On March 14, 2003, we purchased the remaining interest in The Forum Shops at Caesars in Las Vegas, NV from the minority limited partner who initiated the buy/sell provision of the partnership agreement. We purchased this interest for \$174.0 million in cash and assumed the minority limited partner's \$74.2 million share of debt, and other partnership liabilities. We funded this purchase with borrowings from our Credit Facility (Note 8). We recorded minority interest expense relating to the minority limited partner's share of the results of operations of The Forum Shops at Caesars through March 14, 2003.

On August 20, 2003, we purchased a 100% leasehold stake in Stanford Shopping Center in Palo Alto, California for \$333.0 million from Stanford University. Stanford University holds, as lessor, a long-term ground lease underlying the asset. We funded this purchase with the mortgage discussed in Note 8, with borrowings from our Credit Facility, and with available working capital.

In the fourth quarter 2003, through a series of transactions we increased our ownership interest in Kravco Investments L.P. ("Kravco"), a Philadelphia, PA based owner of regional malls, from approximately 18% to approximately 80% and in its affiliated management company from approximately 15% to 50%. The portfolio consists of six regional malls, five of which are in the Philadelphia metropolitan area, and four community centers. We acquired our interest in Kravco from certain private investors, The Rouse Company ("Rouse") and Westfield America Trust ("Westfield"). We acquired our initial interest jointly with Rouse and Westfield in connection with the Rodamco acquisition in 2002. As a result of this acquisition, we consolidated four new partnerships and account for six new partnerships as

joint ventures. The purchase accounting for this acquisition is still preliminary. The total consideration paid in these transactions was approximately \$293.4 million and consisted of:

- cash of \$82.0 million,
- issuance of \$107.4 million of perpetual preferred units by the Operating Partnership, and
- the assumption of our share of mortgage debt and other payables of \$104.0 million.

On December 22, 2003, we jointly formed with The Rinascente Group the joint venture Gallerie Commerciali Italia S.p.A ("GCI"), which owns a geographically diverse portfolio in Italy of 38 existing shopping centers as of December 31, 2003. The Rinascente Group contributed these 38 existing shopping centers as well as development opportunities to GCI and then sold 49% of GCI to one of our affiliates. The initial gross value of GCI was

85

approximately €860 million, or approximately \$1.1 billion, and our initial equity investment was approximately €187 million, or \$232 million. We account for our interest in GCI under the equity method of accounting. The purchase accounting for this acquisition is still preliminary.

We recorded intangible assets and liabilities that net to \$55.5 million as part of our purchase accounting allocations in 2003.

During 2002

On May 3, 2002, we purchased, jointly with Westfield and Rouse, the partnership interests of Rodamco North America N.V. ("Rodamco") and its affiliates through the acquisition of Rodamco stock. Our portion of the acquisition includes the purchase of the remaining partnership interests in four of our existing joint venture Properties, new partnership interests in nine additional Properties, and other partnership interests and assets. We acquired these partnership interests as part of our acquisition strategy to acquire and own quality retail real estate thereby enhancing our overall Portfolio. The results of operations for the partnership interests acquired have been included in our results of operations since May 3, 2002.

The purchase price was €2.5 billion for the 45.1 million outstanding shares of Rodamco stock, or €55 per share, and the assumption of certain Rodamco obligations. Our share of the total purchase price was approximately \$1.6 billion, including €795.0 million or \$720.7 million to acquire Rodamco shares, the assumption of \$579 million of debt and preferred units, and cash of \$268.8 million to pay off our share of corporate level debt and unwind interest rate swap agreements.

We, and the Management Company, hold the other Rodamco partnership interests and assets jointly with Rouse and Westfield. We account for these assets under the equity method. These included our initial interest in Kravco, two notes receivable, an interest in a hotel, and three other retail properties. Some of these assets were considered held for sale and amounted to approximately \$8 million. We sold two of the other retail properties in 2002 for no gain or loss for approximately \$4.4 million and we sold the remaining asset held for sale in 2003 for \$2.9 million and recognized a nominal gain.

In connection with the Rodamco acquisition we entered into a series of hedging transactions to manage our €795 million exposure to fluctuations in the Euro currency, all of which were closed out at the completion of the acquisition. Our total net gains were \$7.1 million on the hedging activities.

We financed a portion of the Rodamco acquisition through the sale of two partnership interests acquired as part of the Rodamco acquisition and an existing partnership interest to Teacher's Insurance and Annuity Association ("Teachers"). We sold these partnership interests for approximately \$391.7 million, including approximately \$198.0 million of cash and approximately \$193.7 million of debt assumed. Our sale of the existing partnership interest resulted in a net gain of \$25.7 million.

As a result of the Rodamco acquisition and the Teachers transaction, we consolidated five new partnerships and account for six new partnerships as joint ventures.

On July 19, 2002, we purchased the remaining two-thirds interest in Copley Place (we had acquired our initial interest in the Rodamco acquisition) for \$241.4 million, including \$118.3 million in cash and the assumption of \$123.1 million of debt. We funded the acquisition with borrowings from our existing Credit Facility. As a result of this transaction, we have consolidated the results of operations of Copley Place since July 19, 2002.

We recorded intangible assets and liabilities that net to \$53.6 million as part of our purchase accounting allocations in 2002.

86

Subsequent Event

On February 5, 2004, we purchased a 95% interest in Gateway Shopping Center in Austin, Texas, for approximately \$107 million. We funded this transaction with borrowings on our Credit Facility and with the issuance of 120,671 units of the Operating Partnership valued

at approximately \$6 million.

Disposals

During 2003, we sold 13 non-core Properties, consisting of seven regional malls, five community centers and one mixed-use property. In total, we received net proceeds from these sales of \$275.1 million. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a net gain of \$22.4 million during the twelve months ended December 31, 2003. The Properties and their dates of sale consisted of:

- Richmond Square, Mounds Mall, Mounds Mall Cinema and Memorial Mall on January 9, 2003
- Forest Village Park Mall on April 29, 2003
- North Riverside Park Plaza on May 8, 2003
- Memorial Plaza on May 21, 2003
- Fox River Plaza on May 22, 2003
- Eastern Hills Mall on July 1, 2003
- New Orleans Center on October 1, 2003
- Mainland Crossing on October 28, 2003
- SouthPark Mall on November 3, 2003
- Bergen Mall on December 12, 2003

As of December 31, 2002, the carrying value of the sold properties at cost, net of accumulated depreciation was \$259.1 million.

On April 1, 2002, we sold our interest in Orlando Premium Outlets, one of our joint venture Properties, for a gross sales price of \$76.3 million, including cash of \$46.6 million and the assumption of our 50% share of \$59.1 million of joint venture debt, resulting in a net gain of \$39.0 million.

In addition, on May 31, 2002, we sold our interests in the five joint venture value-oriented super-regional malls to the Mills Corporation, who was our partner in these Properties and who managed these joint ventures. We disposed of these joint venture interests in order to fund a portion of the Rodamco acquisition. We sold these joint venture interests for approximately \$424.3 million including \$150.9 million of cash and the assumption of approximately \$273.4 million of joint venture debt. The transaction resulted in a gain of \$123.3 million. We were also relieved of all guarantees of the indebtedness related to these five Properties. In connection with this transaction, the Management Company also sold its land partnership interests for \$24.1 million that resulted in our \$8.4 million share of gains, net of tax, recorded in income from unconsolidated entities. Also during 2002, we made the decision to no longer pursue certain development projects. As a result, we wrote-off the carrying amount of our predevelopment costs and land acquisition costs associated with these projects in the amount of \$17.1 million, which is included in "gain (loss) on sales of assets and other, net" in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income.

During 2002, we disposed of seven of our nine assets held for sale as of December 31, 2001 as discussed below under impairment. The seven assets disposed included three community centers and four regional malls. The three community centers and two of the regional malls were sold for a net sales price of \$28.1 million resulting in a net loss of \$7.0 million. In addition, we negotiated with the lenders the sale of our interests in one regional mall to a third party resulting in net proceeds of \$3.6 million and deeded one regional mall to the lender in satisfaction of the outstanding mortgage indebtedness. The two regional malls were encumbered with \$52.2 million of indebtedness. The net impact of these two transactions resulted in a net gain on debt forgiveness of \$16.1 million that is reflected in "gain from debt related transactions, net" in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income.

During 2001, we sold one community center, one regional mall, and one office building that resulted in net proceeds of \$19.6 million and a net gain of \$2.6 million.

The cash flows and results of operations of the Properties disposed of during the three years ended December 31, 2003 were not material to our cash flows and results of operations. These Properties' removal from service will not materially affect our ongoing operations.

Impairment

In 2001, in connection with our anticipated disposal of nine Properties identified as held for sale we recorded a \$47.0 million expense for impairment. As discussed above, we disposed of seven of the nine assets held for sale in 2002 and one additional property in 2003. We placed the remaining asset held for sale back in service as held for use. In general, the overall decline in the economy has caused tenants to vacate space at certain non-core Properties decreasing occupancy rates and leading to declines in the fair values of these assets due to decreased profitability. In addition, we committed to a plan to dispose of these assets. We estimated the impairment of these assets using a combination of estimations of the fair value based upon a multiple of the net cash flow of the Properties and discounted cash flows from the individual Properties' operations as well as contract prices, if applicable. The nine properties' cash flows and results of operations were not material to our cash flows and results of operations and their removal from service will not materially affect our ongoing operations. We wrote off miscellaneous technology and other investments of \$2.7 million in 2002 and \$5.7 million in 2001, all of which were included in other expense in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income. In addition, in 2001 the Management Company decided to postpone further development of clixnmortar, a technology investment. As a result, the Management Company wrote off its investment in clixnmortar of which our share was a net \$13.9 million.

5. Balance Sheet data

The following summarized balance sheet represents the impact of the Rodamco acquisition in 2002 and the acquisition of the remaining two-thirds interest in Copley Place. The 2003 transactions were not material in the aggregate.

	2002
Investment properties, at cost	\$ 1,110,120
Cash and cash equivalents	9,272
Tenant receivables	8,786
Investment in unconsolidated entities	518,390
Deferred costs, other assets, and minority interest	25,537
Notes and advances from the Management Company and affiliates	26,433
Total assets	\$ 1,698,538
Mortgages and other indebtedness	\$ 458,897
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued environmental, severance and other expenses	108,356
Other liabilities	8,326
Total liabilities	\$ 575,579

88

6. Investment Properties

Investment properties consist of the following:

	As of December 31,	
	2003	2002
Land	\$ 2,068,264	\$ 2,028,285
Buildings and improvements	12,766,179	12,101,454
Total land, buildings and improvements	14,834,443	14,129,739
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	137,380	119,876
Investment properties at cost	14,971,823	14,249,615
Less — accumulated depreciation	2,556,578	2,222,242
Investment properties at cost, net	\$ 12,415,245	\$ 12,027,373
Construction in progress included in investment properties	\$ 243,953	\$ 137,785

7. Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

Joint ventures are common in the real estate industry. We use joint ventures to finance properties and diversify our risk in a particular property or trade area. We may also use joint ventures in the development of new properties. We held joint venture ownership interests in 76 Properties as of December 31, 2003 and 69 as of December 31, 2002, as well as joint venture interests in our investments in 47 European shopping centers as of December 31, 2003 and 8 European shopping centers as of December 31, 2002. Since we do not fully control these joint venture Properties, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States currently require that we account for these Properties on the equity method. See Note 13 for discussion of the impact of new accounting pronouncements on consolidation principles. Substantially all of our joint venture Properties are subject to rights of first refusal, buy-sell provisions, or other sale rights for partners which are customary in real estate partnership agreements and the industry. Our partners in these joint ventures may initiate these provisions at any time, which will result in either the sale of or the use of available cash or borrowings to acquire the partnership interest.

Summary financial information of the joint ventures and a summary of our investment in and share of income from such joint ventures follow. This information includes Mall of America (see Note 11). We condensed into separate line items major captions of the statements of operations for joint venture interests sold or consolidated. Consolidation occurs when we acquire an additional interest in the joint venture and as a result, gain unilateral control of the

89

Property. We reclassified these line items into "Discontinued Joint Venture Interests", so that we may present results of operations for those joint venture interests held as of December 31, 2003.

	December 31,	
	2003	2002
BALANCE SHEETS		
Assets:		
Investment properties, at cost	\$ 10,239,929	\$ 8,160,065
Less — accumulated depreciation	1,798,564	1,327,751
	<u>8,441,365</u>	<u>6,832,314</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	308,781	199,634
Tenant receivables	262,893	199,675
Investment in unconsolidated entities	94,853	6,966
Deferred costs & other assets	227,485	190,561
	<u>9,335,377</u>	<u>7,429,150</u>
Total assets	\$ 9,335,377	\$ 7,429,150
Liabilities and Partners' Equity:		
Mortgages and other notes payable	\$ 6,643,052	\$ 5,306,465
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and deferred revenue	310,190	289,793
Other liabilities	74,206	66,090
	<u>7,027,448</u>	<u>5,662,348</u>
Total liabilities	7,027,448	5,662,348
Preferred units	152,450	125,000
Partners' equity	2,155,479	1,641,802
	<u>9,335,377</u>	<u>7,429,150</u>
Total liabilities and partners' equity	\$ 9,335,377	\$ 7,429,150
Our Share of:		
Total assets	\$ 3,861,497	\$ 3,123,011
Partners' equity	\$ 885,149	\$ 724,511
Add: Excess Investment	912,212	831,728
	<u>1,797,361</u>	<u>1,556,239</u>
Our net Investment in Joint Ventures	\$ 1,797,361	\$ 1,556,239
Mortgages and other notes payable	\$ 2,739,630	\$ 2,279,609

"Excess Investment" represents the unamortized difference of our investment over our share of the equity in the underlying net assets of the joint ventures acquired. We generally amortize excess investment over the life of the related Properties, typically 35 years, and the amortization is included in income from unconsolidated entities. We periodically review our ability to recover the carrying values of our investments in the joint venture Properties. If we conclude that any portion of our investment, including the excess investment, is not recoverable, we record an adjustment to write off the unrecoverable amounts.

As of December 31, 2003, scheduled principal repayments on joint venture indebtedness were as follows:

2004	\$ 453,633
2005	1,458,047
2006	1,235,064
2007	472,850
2008	652,966
Thereafter	2,366,316
	<u>6,638,876</u>
Total principal maturities	6,638,876

Net unamortized debt premiums		4,176
Total mortgages and other notes payable	\$	6,643,052

91

This debt becomes due in installments over various terms extending through 2017 with interest rates ranging from 1.49% to 9.05% and a weighted average rate of 5.83% at December 31, 2003.

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS			
Revenue:			
Minimum rent	\$ 900,390	\$ 805,537	\$ 691,469
Overage rent	31,086	29,279	25,640
Tenant reimbursements	468,049	406,856	349,134
Other income	198,512	55,375	44,752
Total revenue	1,598,037	1,297,047	1,110,995
Operating Expenses:			
Property operating	312,911	210,051	182,489
Depreciation and amortization	272,746	234,264	203,910
Real estate taxes	140,261	126,390	112,309
Repairs and maintenance	75,691	69,853	51,689
Advertising and promotion	45,435	38,656	36,405
Provision for credit losses	8,684	9,131	5,070
Other	70,008	34,466	20,583
Total operating expenses	925,736	722,811	612,455
Operating Income	672,301	574,236	498,540
Interest Expense	364,740	337,119	307,849
Income Before Minority Interest and Unconsolidated Entities	307,561	237,117	190,691
Loss from debt related transactions	—	—	(295)
Minority interest	(654)	(751)	—
Income from unconsolidated entities	8,393	3,062	—
Income From Continuing Operations	315,300	239,428	190,396
Income from Discontinued Joint Venture Interests	1,295	16,063	32,562
Income Before Cumulative Effect of Accounting Change ("IBC")	316,595	255,491	222,958
Cumulative Effect of Accounting Change	—	—	(3,011)
Net Income	\$ 316,595	\$ 255,491	\$ 219,947
Third-Party Investors' Share of IBC	\$ 190,535	\$ 150,161	\$ 134,563
Simon Group's Share of IBC	126,060	105,330	88,395
Amortization of Excess Investment	26,415	26,635	21,279
Income from Joint Ventures	\$ 99,645	\$ 78,695	\$ 67,116

92

European Investments

Our investments in the 47 shopping centers in Europe are dependent upon the relationship with two companies that operate the

hypermarkets that anchor the shopping centers, including our partner in GCI, the Rinascente Group who operates the hypermarkets in Italy through its affiliates. Our total equity investment in our European properties, including subordinated debt, was approximately \$311.1 million as of December 31, 2003.

The Operating Partnership has a 35.2% ownership interest in European Retail Enterprises, B.V. ("ERE"), that is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The agreements with ERE are structured to allow us to acquire an additional 26.1% ownership interest over time. The future commitments to purchase shares from three of the existing shareholders of ERE are based upon a multiple of adjusted results of operations in the year prior to the purchase of the shares. Therefore, the actual amount of these additional commitments may vary. The current estimated additional commitment is approximately \$60 million to purchase shares of stock of ERE, assuming that the three existing shareholders exercise their rights under put options. We expect these purchases to be made from 2006-2008.

The Management Company

On January 1, 2003, the Operating Partnership acquired all of the remaining equity interests of the Management Company, and as a result, the Management Company is now a consolidated subsidiary of the Operating Partnership. Prior to this, we owned voting and non-voting common stock and three classes of participating preferred stock of the Management Company; however, 95% of the voting common stock was owned by three Simon family members. As of December 31, 2002 we accounted for our investment in the Management Company using the equity method of accounting. At that time, we exercised significant influence but did not control the financial and operating policies of the Management Company. Our preferred and common interest and our note receivable from the Management Company entitled us to approximately 98% of the after-tax economic benefits of the Management Company's operations.

As of December 31, 2002, amounts due from the Management Company for unpaid accrued interest and unpaid accrued preferred dividends were not material to the financial statements. Prior to the consolidation of the Management Company, common costs were allocated by the Management Company to us, based primarily on minimum and overage rent, using assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The following table summarizes interest income and preferred dividends from the Management Company, included in other income, and total costs incurred on consolidated properties related to services provided by the Management Company:

	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001
Interest and preferred dividends	\$ 13,620	\$ 13,638
Total costs incurred on consolidated properties	\$ 76,469	\$ 86,488

Summarized consolidated financial information of the Management Company and a summary of our investment in and share of income from the Management Company follows. The summary excludes the effects of the Management Company's ownership of MerchantWired LLC.

	December 31, 2002	
BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Total assets	\$	210,367
Notes payable to the Operating Partnership at 7%, due 2008, and advances		75,105
Shareholders' equity	\$	54,562
Our share of total assets	\$	208,347
Our net investment in the Management Company	\$	95,517

	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001
OPERATING DATA:		
Total revenue	\$ 130,988	\$ 108,302
Operating (loss) income	33,571	(5,526)
Net income available for common shareholders excluding losses from MerchantWired LLC	\$ 30,552	\$ 14,474
Our share of net income (loss) after intercompany profit elimination:		
Management Company income excluding losses from MerchantWired LLC	\$ 14,116	\$ 15,365
Losses from MerchantWired LLC	(32,742)	(18,104)

Total net loss

\$	(18,626)	\$	(2,739)
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The losses from MerchantWired LLC presented above and in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income include our indirect share of the operating losses of MerchantWired LLC of \$10.2 million, after a tax benefit of \$6.2 million. The operating losses include our share of an impairment charge of \$4.2 million, after tax. Finally, the losses from MerchantWired LLC include our indirect share of the write-off of the technology investment in MerchantWired LLC of \$22.5 million, after a tax benefit of \$9.4 million.

The members of MerchantWired LLC, including the Management Company, agreed to sell their interests in MerchantWired LLC under the terms of a definitive agreement with Transaction Network Services, Inc ("TNSI"). The transaction was expected to close in the second quarter of 2002, but in June 2002, TNSI unexpectedly informed the members of MerchantWired LLC that it would not complete the transaction. As a result, MerchantWired LLC shut down its operations and transitioned its customers to alternate service providers, which was completed by September 3, 2002. Accordingly, the Management Company wrote-off its investment in and advances to MerchantWired LLC. This resulted in our \$38.8 million share of a write-off before tax, \$22.5 million net of tax, which includes a \$7.0 million write-down in the carrying amount of the infrastructure, consisting of broadband cable and the related connections and routers ("Cable"). We have not made any, nor do we expect to make, additional cash contributions to MerchantWired LLC.

We and the other members of MerchantWired LLC paid \$49.5 million directly to a MerchantWired LLC vendor to purchase the Cable in satisfaction of a lease guarantee obligation, of which our share was \$26.3 million. As a

94

result, we now own and control the Cable in our properties. The amount of the Cable acquired totaled \$19.3 million. The Cable was installed in both consolidated and joint venture Properties and is being amortized over four years. We are currently using the Cable for connectivity to our mall management offices.

8. Indebtedness and Derivative Financial Instruments

Our mortgages and other notes payable consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2003	2002
Fixed-Rate Debt		
Mortgages and other notes, including \$21,742 and \$29,683 net premiums, respectively. Weighted average interest and maturity of 6.57% and 6.5 years.	\$ 3,360,917	\$ 2,602,640
Unsecured notes, including \$16,547 and \$17,770 net discounts, respectively. Weighted average interest and maturity of 6.74% and 4.8 years.	4,998,453	4,972,230
6 ³ / ₄ % Putable Asset Trust Securities, including \$0 and \$236 net premium, respectively, due November 2003	—	100,236
7% Mandatory Par Put Remarketed Securities, including \$4,933 and \$5,011 premiums, respectively, due June 2028 and subject to redemption June 2008.	204,933	205,011
Commercial mortgage pass-through certificates. Five classes bearing interest at weighted average rates and maturity of 7.31% and 1.0 year.	172,290	173,693
Total fixed-rate debt	8,736,593	8,053,810
Variable-Rate Debt		
Mortgages and other notes, at face value, respectively. Weighted average interest and maturity of 2.55% and 1.5 years.	\$ 619,763	\$ 852,467
Floating Rate Mandatory Extension Notes, due November 15, 2014. Weighted average interest and maturity of 1.92% and 10.9 years.	113,100	—
Credit Facility (see below)	327,901	308,000
Euro Facility (see below)	—	59,078
Commercial mortgage pass-through certificates, interest at 6.2%, due December 2004.	48,157	49,112
Unsecured term loans. Weighted average rates and maturities of 2.25% and 1.5 years.	419,679	215,000
Total variable-rate debt	1,528,600	1,483,657
Fair value interest rate swaps	1,195	8,614
Total mortgages and other notes payable, net	\$ 10,266,388	\$ 9,546,081

General. We have pledged 76 Properties as collateral to secure related mortgage notes including 8 pools of cross-defaulted and

cross-collateralized mortgages encumbering a total of 38 Properties. Under these cross-default provisions, a default under any mortgage included in the cross-defaulted package may constitute a default under all such mortgages and may lead to acceleration of the indebtedness due on each Property within the collateral package. Of our 76 encumbered Properties, indebtedness of 19 of these encumbered Properties and our unsecured notes are subject to various financial performance covenants relating to leverage ratios, annual real property appraisal requirements, debt service coverage ratios, minimum net worth ratios, debt-to-market capitalization, and /or minimum equity values. Our mortgages and notes payable may be prepaid but are generally subject to prepayment of a yield-maintenance premium or defeasance. As of December 31, 2003, we are in compliance with all our debt covenants.

Mortgages and Other Notes. The net book value of our 76 encumbered Properties was \$4.5 billion at December 31, 2003. The balance of fixed and variable rate mortgage notes was \$4.2 billion as of December 31, 2003 and of this amount \$4.0 billion is nonrecourse to us. The fixed-rate mortgages generally require monthly payments of principal and/or interest. The interest rates of variable-rate mortgages are typically based on LIBOR.

Some of the limited partner Unitholders guarantee a portion of our consolidated debt through foreclosure guarantees. In total, 53 limited partner Unitholders provide guarantees of foreclosure of \$354.8 million of our consolidated debt at 12 consolidated Properties. In each case, the loans were made by unrelated third party institutional lenders and the guarantees are for the benefit of each lender. In the event of foreclosure of the mortgaged property, the proceeds from the sale of the property are first applied against the amount of the guarantee and also reduce the amount payable under the guarantee. To the extent the sale proceeds from the disposal of the property do not cover the amount of the guarantee, then the Unitholder is liable to pay the difference between the sale proceeds and the amount of the guarantee so that the entire amount guaranteed to the lender is satisfied. The debt is non-recourse to us and our affiliates.

On April 1, 2003, we paid off, using available cash flow, a \$34.0 million variable rate mortgage, at LIBOR plus 150 basis points, that encumbered one consolidated Property. In addition, we refinanced another consolidated mortgaged Property with a \$100.0 million 4.60% fixed rate mortgage that matures on July 1, 2013. The previous mortgage had a balance of \$85.5 million at a weighted average fixed rate of 7.16% and was to mature on December 31, 2003.

On August 20, 2003, in connection with our acquisition of Stanford Shopping Center, see Note 4, we secured a \$220.0 million, 3.60% fixed rate, interest only, five year mortgage. We borrowed \$110.0 million from our Credit Facility and used available working capital to fund the remainder of the acquisition.

On November 14, 2003, we secured a \$550.0 million leasehold financing encumbering Forum Shops at a fixed-rate of 4.78% due December 1, 2010. This replaced the existing \$175.0 million mortgage that had an initial maturity of May 2004 and was effectively fixed at an average interest rate of 6.67% including interest rate protection agreements. The financing generated excess proceeds of \$370.8 million that we used to unencumber one asset, to reduce borrowings on our Credit Facility and for general corporate purposes.

Unsecured Notes. We have \$735.0 million of unsecured notes that are structurally senior in right of payment to holders of other unsecured notes to the extent of the assets and related cash flows of certain Properties. These unsecured notes have a weighted average interest rate of 7.51% and weighted average maturities of 5.5 years. Certain of the unsecured notes are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership.

On March 18, 2003, we issued two tranches of senior unsecured notes to institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A totaling \$500.0 million at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 5.11%. Subsequently, we exchanged notes that had been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 for the Rule 144A notes. The exchange notes and the Rule 144A notes have the same economic terms and conditions. The first tranche is \$300.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 4.875% due March 18, 2010 and the second tranche is \$200.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 5.45% due March 15, 2013. The net proceeds from this offering were \$498.7 million, of which \$440.0 million was used to reduce borrowings on our \$1.25 billion unsecured credit facility (the "Credit Facility").

On April 1, 2003, we paid off \$100.0 million of 7.05% unsecured notes that matured on that date with the remaining portion of the proceeds from the senior unsecured notes mentioned above and available working capital. On June 15, 2003, we paid off \$375.0 million of 6.625% unsecured notes that matured on that date with borrowings from our Credit Facility.

On November 15, 2003, we exchanged with the institutional holder of our \$100.0 million of 6.75% Putable Asset Trust Securities (PATS), which had a call option settlement feature on that date, \$113.1 million Floating Rate Mandatory Extension Notes (MAXES) due November 15, 2014. The MAXES bear interest during the first year at

LIBOR plus 80 basis points. The exchange of the PATS for the MAXES did not result in a significant modification of the terms in the debt arrangement.

On January 20, 2004, we issued two tranches of senior unsecured notes to institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A totaling \$500.0 million at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 4.21%. The first tranche is \$300.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 3.75% due January 30, 2009 and the second tranche is \$200.0 million at a fixed interest rate of 4.90% due January 30, 2014. We received cash and we

exchanged, with the holder, the MAXES discussed above for a portion of the second tranche of the notes. We intend to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 relating to an offer to exchange the notes of each series for registered notes with substantially identical economic terms. If we do not complete the exchange offer within 180 days after the issuance of the notes, the interest rates on the notes will be increased by 0.50% per year. The exchange of the MAXES for the notes instruments did not result in a significant modification of the terms of the debt arrangement.

Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is a \$1.25 billion unsecured revolving credit facility with a maturity date of April 16, 2005 and a one-year extension of the maturity date available at our option. The Credit Facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 65 basis points and provides for different pricing based upon our corporate credit rating, with an additional 15 basis point facility fee on the entire \$1.25 billion. On June 23, 2003, we restructured our Credit Facility to establish a \$100 million EURO sub-tranche which provides availability for Euros at EURIBOR plus 65 basis points and dollars at LIBOR plus 65 basis points, at our option, and has the same maturity date as the overall Credit Facility. The amount available under the \$100 million EURO sub-tranche will vary with changes in the exchange rate, however, we may also borrow the amount available under this EURO sub-tranche in dollars, if necessary. We use the Credit Facility primarily for funding acquisition, renovation and expansion and predevelopment opportunities and general corporate purposes. The Credit Facility contains financial covenants relating to a capitalization value, minimum EBITDA and unencumbered EBITDA coverage ratio requirements and a minimum equity value.

	As of December 31,	
	2003	2002
Total Facility Amount	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,250,000
Borrowings	(327,901)	(308,000)
Letters of credit	(24,081)	(23,651)
Remaining Availability	\$ 898,018	\$ 918,349
Effective Interest rate	1.94%	2.03%
Maximum borrowings during the period ended	\$ 667,067	\$ 743,000
Average borrowings during the period ended	\$ 396,250	\$ 411,263

Euro Facility and Euro denominated indebtedness. On June 27, 2003, we retired our existing €90 million EURO-denominated unsecured credit agreement (the "EURO Facility"), which had an initial maturity date of July 31, 2003, with available working capital of \$28.2 million and €34.7 million borrowed from a new EURO sub-tranche of our Credit Facility.

On December 17, 2003, we secured a €200 million EURO-denominated one-year unsecured term loan with two additional one-year extensions available at our option. The loan bears interest at EURIBOR plus 60 basis points. The initial borrowing of €163 million was used to fund a portion of the acquisition of Gallerie Commerciali Italia.

Debt Maturity and Other

Our scheduled principal repayments on indebtedness as of December 31, 2003 were as follows:

2004	\$	1,480,850
2005		913,105
2006		1,407,980
2007		1,491,031
2008		691,417
Thereafter		4,270,682
Total principal maturities		10,255,065
Net unamortized debt discounts and other		11,323
Total mortgages and other notes payable	\$	10,266,388

Our cash paid for interest in each period, net of any amounts capitalized, was as follows:

For the year ended December 31,		
2003	2002	2001

\$ 596,274 \$ 591,328 \$ 588,889

Derivative Financial Instruments

Our exposure to market risk due to changes in interest rates primarily relates to our long-term debt obligations. We manage exposure to interest rate market risk through our risk management strategy by a combination of interest rate protection agreements to effectively fix or cap a portion of variable rate debt, or in the case of a fair value hedge, effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt. We are also exposed to foreign currency risk on financings of certain foreign operations. Our intent is to offset gains and losses that occur on the underlying exposures, with gains and losses on the derivative contracts hedging these exposures. We do not enter into either interest rate protection or foreign currency rate protection agreements for speculative purposes.

We may enter into treasury lock agreements as part of an anticipated debt issuance. If the anticipated transaction does not occur, the cost is charged to net income. Upon completion of the debt issuance, the cost of these instruments is recorded as part of accumulated other comprehensive income and is amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt agreement.

As of December 31, 2003, we have reflected the fair value of outstanding consolidated derivatives in other assets for \$1.2 million, and in other liabilities for \$3.6 million. In addition, we recorded the benefits from our treasury lock agreements in accumulated comprehensive income and the unamortized balance of these agreements is \$10.1 million as of December 31, 2003. As of December 31, 2003, our outstanding LIBOR based derivative contracts consist of:

- interest rate cap protection agreements with a notional amount of \$296.0 million that mature from May 2004 to January 2005,
- fixed interest rate swap agreements with a notional amount of \$133.1 million that mature May 2004 and December 2004 and have a weighted average pay rate of 5.86% and a weighted average receive rate of 1.16%, and
- variable rate swap agreements with a notional amount of \$370.0 million that mature in February 2004 and September 2008 and have a weighted average pay rate of 1.20% and a weighted average receive rate of 3.52%.

Within the next twelve months, we expect to reclassify to earnings approximately our \$1.8 million share of expense of the current balance held in accumulated other comprehensive income. The amount of ineffectiveness relating to fair value and cash flow hedges recognized in income during the periods presented was not material.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of our variable-rate mortgages and other loans approximates their fair values. We estimated the fair values of combined fixed-rate mortgages using cash flows discounted at current borrowing rates and other notes payable using cash flows discounted at current market rates. The fair values of financial instruments and our related discount rate assumptions used in the estimation of fair value for our consolidated fixed-rate mortgages and other notes payable are summarized as follows:

	December 31,	
	2003	2002
Fair value of fixed-rate mortgages and other notes payable	\$ 9,189,538	\$ 8,816,981
Discount rates assumed in calculation of fair value	4.81%	4.41%

9. Rentals under Operating Leases

Future minimum rentals to be received under noncancelable tenant operating leases for each of the next five years and thereafter, excluding tenant reimbursements of operating expenses and percentage rent based on tenant sales volume, as of December 31, 2003, are as follows:

2004	\$	1,131,455
2005		1,032,095
2006		922,152
2007		800,765
2008		676,384
Thereafter		2,188,490
		6,751,341

Approximately 0.87% of future minimum rents to be received are attributable to leases with an affiliate of a limited partner in the Operating Partnership.

10. Capital Stock

The Board of Directors is authorized to reclassify the excess common stock into one or more additional classes and series of capital stock, to establish the number of shares in each class or series and to fix the preferences, conversion and other rights, voting powers,

restrictions, limitations as to dividends, and qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption of such class or series, without any further vote or action by the shareholders. The issuance of additional classes or series of capital stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of Simon Property without further action of the shareholders. The ability of the Board of Directors to issue additional classes or series of capital stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring, a majority of the outstanding voting stock of Simon Property.

The holders of common stock of Simon Property are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders, other than for the election of directors. The holders of Class B common stock are entitled to elect four of the thirteen members of the board. Shares of Class B common stock convert

automatically into an equal number of shares of common stock upon the sale or transfer thereof to a person not affiliated with Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon or David Simon. The holder of the Class C common stock is entitled to elect two of the thirteen members of the board. Shares of Class C common stock convert automatically into an equal number of shares of common stock upon the sale or transfer thereof to a person not affiliated with the members of the DeBartolo family or entities controlled by them. The Class B and Class C shares can be converted into shares of common stock at the option of the holders. We have reserved 3,200,000 and 4,000 shares of common stock for the possible conversion of the outstanding Class B and Class C shares, respectively.

Subsequent Event

At the time of the initial public offering of Simon Property's predecessor in 1993, the charter of the predecessor gave Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon, David Simon and certain of their affiliates (the "Simons") the right to elect four members of the Board of Directors, conditioned upon the Simons, or entities they control, maintaining specified levels of equity ownership in Simon Property's predecessor, the Operating Partnership and all of their subsidiaries. In addition, at that time, Melvin Simon & Associates, Inc. ("MSA"), acquired 3,200,000 shares of Class B common stock. MSA placed the Class B common stock into a voting trust under which the Simons were the sole trustees. These voting trustees had the authority to elect the four members of the Board of Directors. These same arrangements were incorporated into Simon Property's Charter in 1998 during the combination of its predecessor and Corporate Property Investors, Inc.

On March 1, 2004, Simon Property and the Simons completed a restructuring transaction in which MSA exchanged 3,192,000 Class B common shares for an equal number of shares of common stock in accordance with our Charter. Those shares continue to be owned by MSA and remain subject to a voting trust under which the Simons are the sole voting trustees. MSA exchanged the remaining 8,000 Class B common shares with David Simon for 8,000 shares of common stock and David Simon's agreement to create a new voting trust under which the Simons as voting trustees, hold and vote the remaining 8,000 shares of Class B common stock acquired by David Simon. As a result, these voting trustees have the authority to elect four of the members of the Board of Directors contingent on the Simons maintaining specified levels of equity ownership in Simon Property, the Operating Partnership and their subsidiaries.

Common Stock Issuances

On January 22, 2003, three limited partners exchanged 13,469 Units for 13,469 shares of common stock. On February 19, 2003, two limited partners exchanged 2,867,341 Units for 2,867,341 shares of common stock.

We issued 733,617 shares of common stock related to employee stock options exercised during 2003. We used the net proceeds from the option exercises of approximately \$17.5 million to acquire additional units of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership used the net proceeds for general working capital purposes. We also issued 12,443,195 shares of common stock in connection with the conversions of the 6.5% Series B preferred stock.

We issued 9,000,000 shares of common stock in a public offering on July 1, 2002. We used the net proceeds of \$322.2 million to pay down a portion of the debt issued to finance the Rodamco acquisition.

Preferred Stock

The following table summarizes each of the authorized series of preferred stock of Simon Property:

	As of December 31,	
	2003	2002
Series B 6.5% Convertible Preferred Stock, 5,000,000 shares authorized, 0 and 4,830,057 issued and outstanding	\$ —	\$ 449,196
Series C 7.00% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, 2,700,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding	—	—

Series D 8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 2,700,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding	—	—
Series E 8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 1,000,000 issued and outstanding	24,863	24,656
Series F 8.75% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 8,000,000 shares authorized, 8,000,000 issued and outstanding	192,989	192,989
Series G 7.89% Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock, 3,000,000 shares authorized, 3,000,000 issued and outstanding	147,681	147,413
Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock, 4,530,000 shares authorized, 78,012 and 0 issued and outstanding	1,950	—
	\$ 367,483	\$ 814,254

Dividends on all series of preferred stock are calculated based upon the preferred stock's preferred return multiplied by the preferred stock's corresponding liquidation value. The Operating Partnership pays preferred distributions to Simon Property equal to the dividends paid on the preferred stock issued. "Preferred dividends of subsidiary" in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income prior to July 1, 2001 represented distributions on preferred stock of SPG Properties, Inc., a former subsidiary of Simon Property that was merged into Simon Property on that date.

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. During 2002, the remaining 49,839 shares of Simon Property Series A 6.5% Convertible Preferred Stock were converted into 1,893,651 shares of common stock. In addition, another 19,375 shares of common stock were issued to the holders of the converted shares in lieu of the cash dividends allocable to those preferred shares.

Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. On November 13, 2003, we announced that we would redeem the remaining shares of our 6.5% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock on December 15, 2003 at a redemption price of 105% of the liquidation value plus accrued and unpaid distributions to the redemption date or \$106.34 per share. The holders of 4,297,989 shares of the preferred stock elected to convert each of these shares into 2.58605 shares of common stock of Simon Property prior to the redemption. We issued 11,114,672 million shares of common stock to the holders who exercised their conversion rights. On December 15, 2003 the remaining 18,340 shares of Series B preferred stock were redeemed for cash at the terms listed above with proceeds from the issuance of the Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock.

In addition, earlier in 2003 prior to the redemption, the holders of 513,728 shares of the preferred stock converted their preferred stock and we issued 1,328,523 shares of common stock to them.

Series C Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. On August 27, 1999, Simon Property authorized these two new series of preferred stock to be available for issuance upon

conversion by the holders or redemption by the Operating Partnership of the 7.00% Preferred Units or the 8.00% Preferred Units, described below. Each of these new series of preferred stock has terms that are substantially identical to the respective series of Preferred Units.

Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. As part of the consideration for the purchase of ownership in Mall of America, Simon Property issued the Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock for \$24,242. The Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock is redeemable beginning August 27, 2004 at the liquidation value of \$25 per share. These preferred shares are being accreted to their liquidation value.

Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and Series G Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock. The 8.75% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock may be redeemed at any time on or after September 29, 2006 at a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share (payable solely out of the sale proceeds of other capital stock of Simon Property, which may include other series of preferred shares), plus accrued and unpaid dividends. The 7.89% Series G Cumulative Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock are being accreted to their liquidation value and may be redeemed at any time on or after September 30, 2007 at a liquidation value of \$50.00 per share (payable solely out of the sale proceeds of other capital stock of Simon Property, which may include other series of preferred shares), plus accrued and unpaid dividends. Beginning October 1, 2012, the rate on this series of preferred stock increases to 9.89% per annum. We intend to redeem the Series G Preferred Shares prior to October 1, 2012. Neither of these series of preferred stock has a stated maturity or is convertible into any other securities of Simon Property. Neither series is subject to any mandatory redemption provisions, except as needed to maintain or bring the direct or indirect ownership of the capital stock of Simon Property into conformity with REIT requirements. The Operating Partnership pays a preferred distribution to Simon Property equal to the dividends paid on the preferred stock.

Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock. To fund the redemption of the Series B Preferred Stock, we issued 3,328,540 shares of Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock for \$83.2 million. Series H Variable Rate Preferred Stock is not redeemable at the option of the holders, but was redeemable at any time prior to March 15, 2004 or after March 15, 2009 at specified prices. We repurchased 3,250,528 shares of the Series H Preferred Stock for \$81.3 million on December 17, 2003. On January 7, 2004 we repurchased the remaining 78,012 shares for \$1.9 million.

Limited Partners' Preferred Interests in the Operating Partnership

The following table summarizes each of the authorized preferred units of the Operating Partnership:

	As of December 31,	
	2003	2002
7.75%/8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units, 900,000 shares authorized, 822,588 and 0 issued and outstanding	\$ 82,259	\$ —
7.5% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units, 260,000 units authorized, 251,096 and 0 issued and outstanding	25,109	—
7% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Units, 2,700,000 units authorized, 2,600,895 issued and outstanding	72,825	72,825
8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units, 2,700,000 units authorized, 2,600,895 issued and outstanding	78,027	78,027
	\$ 258,220	\$ 150,852

7.75%/8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units. During 2003, in connection with the purchase of additional interest in Kravco, the Operating Partnership issued 7.75%/8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units (the "7.75% Preferred Units") that accrue cumulative dividends at a rate of 7.75% of the liquidation value for the period

beginning December 5, 2003 and ending December 31, 2004, 8.00% of the liquidation value for the period beginning January 1, 2005 and ending December 31, 2009, 10.00% of the liquidation value for the period beginning January 1, 2010 and ending December 31, 2010, and 12% of the liquidation value thereafter. These dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. A unitholder may require the Operating Partnership to repurchase the 7.75% Preferred Units on or after January 1, 2009 or any time the aggregate liquidation value of the outstanding units exceeds 10% of the book value of partners' equity of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership may redeem the 7.75% Preferred on or after January 1, 2011 or earlier upon the occurrence of certain tax triggering events. Our intent is to redeem these units after January 1, 2009 after the occurrence of a tax triggering event. The redemption is liquidation value plus accrued and unpaid distributions, payable in cash or interest in one or more properties mutually agreed upon.

7.5% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units. The Operating Partnership issued 7.5% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units (the "7.5% Preferred Units") in connection with the purchase of additional interest in Kravco. The 7.5% Preferred Units accrue cumulative dividends at a rate of \$7.50 annually, which is payable quarterly in arrears. The Operating Partnership may redeem the 7.5% Preferred Units on or after November 10, 2013 unless there is the occurrence of certain tax triggering events such as death of the initial unit holder, or the transfer of any units to any person or entity other than the persons or entities entitled to the benefits of the original holder. The 7.5% Preferred Units' redemption price is liquidation value plus accrued and unpaid distributions, payable either in cash or shares of common stock. In the event of the death of a holder of the 7.5% Preferred Units, the occurrence of certain tax triggering events applicable to the holder, or on or after November 10, 2006, the Preferred Unitholder may require the Operating Partnership to redeem the 7.5% Preferred Units payable at the option of the Operating Partnership in either cash or shares of common stock.

7.00% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Units. The 7.00% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Units (the "7.00% Preferred Units") accrue cumulative dividends at a rate of \$1.96 annually, which is payable quarterly in arrears. The 7.00% Preferred Units are convertible at the holders' option on or after August 27, 2004, into either a like number of shares of 7.00% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of Simon Property with terms substantially identical to the 7.00% Preferred Units or Units of the Operating Partnership at a ratio of 0.75676 to one provided that the closing stock price of Simon Property's common stock exceeds \$37.00 for any three consecutive trading days prior to the conversion date. The Operating Partnership may redeem the 7.00% Preferred Units at their liquidation value plus accrued and unpaid distributions on or after August 27, 2009, payable in Units. In the event of the death of a holder of the 7.00% Preferred Units, or the occurrence of certain tax triggering events applicable to a holder, the Operating Partnership may be required to redeem the 7.00% Preferred Units at liquidation value payable at the option of the Operating Partnership in either cash (the payment of which may be made in four equal annual installments) or shares of common stock.

8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units. The 8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units (the "8.00% Preferred Units") accrue cumulative dividends at a rate of \$2.40 annually, which is payable quarterly in arrears. The 8.00% Preferred Units are each paired with one 7.00% Preferred Unit or with the Units into which the 7.00% Preferred Units may be converted. The Operating Partnership may redeem the 8.00% Preferred Units at their liquidation value plus accrued and unpaid distributions on or after August 27, 2009, payable in either new preferred units of the Operating Partnership having the same terms as the 8.00% Preferred Units, except that the distribution coupon rate would be reset to a then determined market rate, or in Units. The 8.00% Preferred Units are convertible at the holders' option on or after August 27, 2004, into 8.00% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of Simon Property with terms substantially identical to the 8.00% Preferred Units. In the event of the death of a holder of the 8.00% Preferred Units, or the occurrence of certain tax triggering events applicable to a holder, the Operating Partnership may be required to redeem the 8.00% Preferred Units owned by such holder at their liquidation value payable at the option of the Operating Partnership in either cash (the payment of which may be made in four equal annual installments) or shares of common stock.

Notes Receivable from Former CPI Shareholders

Notes receivable of \$17,926 from former Corporate Property Investors, Inc. ("CPI") shareholders, which result from securities issued under CPI's executive compensation program and were assumed in our merger with CPI, are reflected as a deduction from capital in excess of par value in the statements of shareholders' equity in the accompanying financial statements. Certain of such notes totaling \$277 bear interest at rates ranging from 6.00% to 7.50%. The remainder of the notes do not bear interest and become due at the time the underlying shares are sold.

The Simon Property Group 1998 Stock Incentive Plan

We have a stock incentive plan (the "1998 Plan"), which provides for the grant of equity-based awards during a ten-year period, in the form of options to purchase shares ("Options"), stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock grants and performance unit awards (collectively, "Awards"). Options may be granted which are qualified as "incentive stock options" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and Options which are not so qualified. Through 2001, the Company had reserved for issuance 6,300,000 shares under the 1998 Plan. In 2002, an additional 5,000,000 shares were reserved for issuance, increasing the total to 11,300,000. Additionally, the partnership agreement require us to sell shares to the Operating Partnership, at fair value, sufficient to satisfy the exercising of stock options, and for us to purchase Units for cash in an amount equal to the fair market value of such shares.

Administration. The 1998 Plan is administered by Simon Property's Compensation Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee, in its sole discretion, determines which eligible individuals may participate and the type, extent and terms of the Awards to be granted to them. In addition, the Committee interprets the 1998 Plan and makes all other determinations deemed advisable for the administration of the 1998 Plan. Options granted to employees ("Employee Options") become exercisable over the period determined by the Committee. The exercise price of an Employee Option may not be less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant. Employee Options generally vest over a three-year period and expire ten years from the date of grant.

Automatic Awards For Eligible Directors. Prior to May 7, 2003, the 1998 Plan provided for automatic grants of Options to directors ("Director Options") of Simon Property who are not also our employees or employees of our affiliates ("Eligible Directors"). Each Eligible Director was automatically granted Director Options to purchase 5,000 shares upon the director's initial election to the Board, and upon each re-election, an additional 3,000 Director Options multiplied by the number of calendar years that had elapsed since such person's last election to the Board. The exercise price of Director Options is equal to the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant. Director Options vest and become exercisable on the first anniversary of the date of grant or in the event of a "Change in Control" as defined in the 1998 Plan. The last year during which Eligible Directors received awards of Director Options was 2002.

Pursuant to an amendment to the 1998 Plan approved by the stockholders effective May 7, 2003, Eligible Directors now receive annual grants of restricted stock in lieu of Director Options. Each Eligible Director receives on the first day of the first calendar month following his or her initial election as a director, a grant of 1,000 shares of restricted stock. Thereafter, as of the date of each annual meeting of the Company's stockholders, Eligible Directors who are re-elected as directors receive a grant of 1,000 shares of restricted stock. In addition, Eligible Directors who serve as chairpersons of the standing committees of the Board of Directors receive an additional annual grant in the amount of 500 shares of restricted stock (in the case of the Audit Committee) or 300 shares of restricted stock (in the case of all other standing committees).

Each award of restricted stock vests in four equal annual installments on January 1 of each year, beginning in the year following the year in which the award occurred. If a director otherwise ceases to serve as a director before vesting, the unvested portion of the award terminates. Any unvested portion of a restricted stock award vests if the director dies or becomes disabled while in office or has served a minimum of five annual terms as a director, but only if

the Compensation Committee or full Board of Directors determines that such vesting is appropriate. The restricted stock also vests in the event of a "Change in Control."

Once vested, the delivery of any shares with respect to a restricted stock award (including reinvested dividends) is deferred under our Director Deferred Compensation Plan until the director retires, dies or becomes disabled or otherwise no longer serves as a director. The Eligible Directors may vote and are entitled to receive dividends on the shares underlying the restricted stock awards; however, any dividends on the shares underlying restricted stock awards must be reinvested in shares and held in the Director Deferred Compensation Plan until the shares underlying a restricted stock award are delivered to the former director.

In addition to automatic awards, Eligible Directors may be granted discretionary awards under the 1998 Plan.

Restricted Stock. The 1998 Plan also provides for shares of restricted common stock of Simon Property to be granted to certain employees at no cost to those employees, subject to growth targets established by the Compensation Committee (the "Restricted Stock Program"). Restricted stock is issued on the grant date and vests annually in four installments of 25% each beginning on January 1 following the year in which the restricted stock is awarded. The cost of restricted stock grants, which is based upon the stock's fair market

value on the grant date, is charged to shareholders' equity and subsequently amortized against our earnings over the vesting period. Through December 31, 2003 a total of 3,057,571 shares of restricted stock, net of forfeitures, have been awarded under the plan. Information regarding restricted stock awards are summarized in the following table for each of the years presented:

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Restricted stock shares awarded, net of forfeitures	380,835	(21,070)	454,726
Weighted average grant price	\$ 33.03	\$ 0.00	\$ 25.85
Amortization expense	\$ 10,355	\$ 8,957	\$ 11,512

The fair value of the options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	December 31,	
	2002	2001
Weighted Average Fair Value per Option	\$ 2.78	\$ 1.82
Expected Volatility	18.7%	20.45-20.58%
Risk-Free Interest Rate	4.85%	4.85-5.33%
Dividend Yield	6.9%	7.36-7.83%
Expected Life	6 years	10 years

The weighted average remaining contract life for options outstanding as of December 31, 2003 was 5.89 years. In 2002, we changed our accounting for stock options to the fair value method. The impact on pro forma net income and earnings per share as a result of applying the fair value method, as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, which requires entities to measure compensation costs measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award, was not material.

105

Information relating to Director Options and Employee Options from December 31, 2000 through December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	Director Options		Employee Options	
	Options	Option Price per Share (1)	Options	Option Price per Share (1)
Shares under option at December 31, 2000	154,720	\$ 25.67	2,513,066	\$ 24.55
Granted	26,000	26.09	1,085,836	25.40
Exercised	(11,000)	24.93	(372,226)	22.99
Forfeited	—	N/A	(48,925)	23.94
Shares under option at December 31, 2001	169,720	\$ 25.86	3,177,751	\$ 25.03
Granted	24,000	33.68	—	—
Exercised	(6,360)	22.29	(665,476)	23.44
Forfeited	(9,000)	27.05	(7,225)	24.25
Shares under option at December 31, 2002	178,360	\$ 26.97	2,505,050	\$ 25.46
Granted	—	N/A	—	N/A
Exercised	(86,000)	26.43	(647,617)	23.44
Forfeited	—	N/A	(5,400)	25.54
Shares under option at December 31, 2003	92,360	\$ 27.48	1,852,033	\$ 26.16
Exercise price range		\$ 22.25-\$33.68		\$ 22.25-\$30.38
Options exercisable at December 31, 2001	143,720	\$ 25.81	1,753,218	\$ 25.11
Options exercisable at December 31, 2002	154,360	\$ 25.93	1,695,750	\$ 25.67
Options exercisable at December 31, 2003	92,360	\$ 27.48	1,552,983	\$ 26.28

(1) Represents the weighted average price when multiple prices exist.

We also maintain a tax-qualified retirement 401(k) savings plan and offer no other postretirement or post employment benefits to our employees.

Exchange Rights

Limited partners in the Operating Partnership have the right to exchange all or any portion of their Units for shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis or cash, as selected by the Board of Directors. The amount of cash to be paid if the exchange right is exercised and the cash option is selected will be based on the trading price of Simon Property's common stock at that time. At December 31, 2003, we had reserved 60,591,896 shares for possible issuance upon the exchange of Units.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

Triple Five of Minnesota, Inc., a Minnesota corporation, v. Melvin Simon, et. al. On or about November 9, 1999, Triple Five of Minnesota, Inc. commenced an action in the District Court for the State of Minnesota, Fourth Judicial District, against, among others, Mall of America, certain members of the Simon family and entities allegedly controlled by such individuals, and us. The action was later removed to federal court. Two transactions form the basis of the

106

complaint: (i) the sale by Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America of one-half of its partnership interest in Mall of America Company and Minntertainment Company to the Operating Partnership and related entities; and (ii) a financing transaction involving a loan in the amount of \$312.0 million obtained from The Chase Manhattan Bank that is secured by a mortgage placed on Mall of America's assets. The complaint, which contains twelve counts, seeks remedies of unspecified damages, rescission, constructive trust, accounting, and specific performance. Although the complaint names all defendants in several counts, we are specifically identified as a defendant in connection with the sale by Teachers. On August 12, 2002, the court granted in part and denied in part motions for partial summary judgment filed by the parties.

Trial on all of the equitable claims in this matter began June 2, 2003. On September 10, 2003, the court issued its decision in a Memorandum and Order (the "Order"). In the Order, the court found that certain entities and individuals, breached their fiduciary duties to Triple Five. The court did not award Triple Five damages but instead awarded Triple Five equitable and other relief and imposed a constructive trust on that portion of the Mall of America owned by us. Specifically, as it relates to us, the court ordered that Triple Five was entitled to purchase from us the one-half partnership interest that we purchased from Teachers in October 1999, provided Triple Five remits to us the sum of \$81.38 million within nine months of the Order. The court further held that we must disgorge all net profits that we received as a result of our ownership interest in the Mall from October 1999 to the present. The court has appointed a Special Master to determine net profits. The court also held that the current day-to-day management of the Mall remains unchanged unless and until Triple Five purchases our interest in the Mall.

We disagree with many aspects of the Order and have appealed the Order to the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. We are currently working with the Special Master appointed by the court. It is not possible to provide an assurance of the ultimate outcome of the litigation.

As a result of the Order, we recorded a \$6.0 million loss that is included in "Gain (loss) on sales of assets and other, net" in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income, reflecting our estimate of the financial impact to us from complying with the Order and we have ceased recording any contribution to either net income or Funds from Operations ("FFO") from Mall of America.

We are currently not subject to any other material litigation other than routine litigation, claims and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. We believe that such routine litigation, claims and administrative proceedings will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position or our results of operations.

Lease Commitments

As of December 31, 2003, a total of 30 of the consolidated Properties are subject to ground leases. The termination dates of these ground leases range from 2005 to 2090. These ground leases generally require us to make payments of a fixed annual rent, or a fixed annual rent plus a participating percentage over a base rate based upon the revenues or total sales of the property. Some of these leases also include escalation clauses and renewal options. We incurred ground lease expense included in other expense and discontinued operations as follows:

For the year ended December 31,		
2003	2002	2001
\$ 17,028	\$ 13,984	\$ 13,786

Future minimum lease payments due under such ground leases for each of the next five years ending December 31 and thereafter are as follows:

2004	\$	11,180
2005		13,508
2006		13,619
2007		13,767
2008		14,004
Thereafter		608,878
	\$	674,956

Insurance

We maintain commercial general liability, fire, flood, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on our Properties. Rosewood Indemnity, Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Management Company, has agreed to indemnify our general liability carrier for a specific layer of losses. The carrier has, in turn, agreed to provide evidence of coverage for this layer of losses under the terms and conditions of the carrier's policy. A similar policy written through Rosewood Indemnity, Ltd. also provides initial coverage for property insurance and certain windstorm risks at the Properties located in Florida.

The events of September 11, 2001 affected our insurance programs. Although insurance rates remain high, since the President signed into Law the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act (TRIA) in November of 2002, the price of terrorism insurance has steadily decreased, while the available capacity has been substantially increased. As a result, we have purchased two separate terrorism insurance programs, one for one individual Property and a second covering all other properties. Each program provides limits up to \$600 million per occurrence and covers both Certified (Foreign) and Non-Certified (Domestic) acts of terrorism. The coverage is written on an "all risk" policy form that eliminates the policy aggregates associated with our previous terrorism policies. These policies are in place throughout the remainder of 2004. We believe we are in compliance with all insurance provisions of our debt agreements regarding insurance coverage.

Guarantees of Indebtedness

Joint venture debt is the liability of the joint venture, is typically secured by the joint venture Property, and is non-recourse to us. As of December 31, 2003, we have guaranteed or have provided letters of credit to support \$93.8 million of our total \$2.7 billion share of joint venture mortgage and other indebtedness in the event the joint venture partnership defaults under the terms of the mortgage. The mortgages guaranteed are secured by the property of the joint venture partnership and could be sold in order to satisfy the outstanding obligation.

Environmental Matters

Nearly all of the Properties have been subjected to Phase I or similar environmental audits. Such audits have not revealed nor is management aware of any environmental liability that we believe would have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results of operations. We are unaware of any instances in which we would incur significant environmental costs if we disposed of or abandoned any or all Properties.

Energy Management Services

On September 30, 1999, the Operating Partnership entered into multi-year agreements with affiliates of Enron Corporation, for Enron Corporation to supply or manage all of the energy commodity requirements for the wholly-

owned Properties and to provide certain services in connection with our tenant electricity redistribution program. Subsequently, many of our joint venture Properties entered into similar agreements. As a result of Enron Corporation's December 2001 bankruptcy filing and ensuing failure to perform under the agreements, we assumed control over the management of our energy assets throughout the Portfolio. On August 29, 2002, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York entered an order approving the terms of a negotiated settlement of all claims existing between our wholly owned and joint venture Properties, and Enron Corporation. As a result, all parties have been legally relieved of performance under the agreements. After reaching a negotiated settlement for both our and Enron Corporation's pre and post petition claims, and recognizing the unamortized portion of deferred revenue from a rate restructure agreement in 2001, we recorded \$8.6 million of revenue, net, in 2002 that is included in other income in the accompanying statement of operations and comprehensive income.

Taubman Centers, Inc Tender Offer

On December 5, 2002, Simon Property Acquisitions, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, commenced a tender offer to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Taubman Centers, Inc. ("Taubman") and on January 15, 2003, Westfield America, Inc., the U.S. subsidiary of Westfield America Trust, joined our tender offer. On October 8, 2003, we and Westfield America, Inc. withdrew our joint tender offer. As a result we expensed deferred acquisition costs of \$10.6 million, net, related to this acquisition. These expenses are included in "Costs related

to withdrawn tender offer" in the accompanying statement of operations and comprehensive income. The withdrawal of the tender offer followed the enactment of a law, which amended the Michigan Control Share Acquisitions Act and which allowed the Taubman family group to effectively block our ability to conclude the tender offer.

12. Related Party Transactions

The Management Company provides management, insurance, and other services to Melvin Simon & Associates, Inc. ("MSA"), a related party, and other non-owned properties. Amounts for services provided by the Management Company and its affiliates to our unconsolidated joint ventures and MSA were as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2003	2002	2001
Amounts charged to unconsolidated joint ventures	\$ 63,779	\$ 55,199	\$ 46,851
Amounts charged to properties owned by related parties	\$ 3,491	3,146	3,120
Amounts charged to MSA	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,250

On December 28, 2000, Montgomery Ward LLC and certain of its related entities ("Ward") filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. On March 1, 2001, Kimco Realty Corporation led the formation of a limited liability company, Kimsward LLC ("Kimsward"). Kimsward acquired the right from the Bankruptcy Court to designate persons or entities to whom the Ward real estate assets were to be sold. The Management Company's interest in Kimsward was 18.5%. During 2001 the Management Company recorded \$18.3 million of equity in income from Kimsward. In addition, in 2001 the Operating Partnership charged the Management Company a \$5.7 million fee for services rendered to the Management Company in connection with the Kimsward transactions, which is included in other income in the accompanying statements of operations. The Management Company recorded \$1.4 million of equity in income, before tax for the year ended December 31, 2002. The remaining investment in Kimsward at December 31, 2003 is not material.

109

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 provides disclosure requirements to be made by a guarantor about its obligations under certain guarantees as well as clarifies when a guarantor is required to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, a liability for undertaking the obligation. FIN 45 was effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. From time to time we may enter into guarantee arrangements on behalf of our unconsolidated joint venture entities, however, the relative amount of these guarantees to the overall amount of our share of joint venture indebtedness is not material. In addition, the impact of the adoption of FIN 45 was not material to our financial statements during the year ended December 31, 2003.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity". SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). This pronouncement initially affected our limited life consolidated partnerships that have a minority limited partner and that include a termination date in their respective partnership agreements at which point the partnership must redeem the outstanding equity interests for cash. However, on October 29, 2003, the FASB deferred recording the provisions of SFAS No. 150 that applied to limited life subsidiaries indefinitely. As a result, we do not have any instruments that qualify within the scope of SFAS No. 150 as of December 31, 2003. In ten of our partnerships the applicable partnership agreements provide for a contractual termination date based on specific dates or events. SFAS No. 150 requires disclosure of the estimated settlement value of these non-controlling interests. As of December 31, 2003 the estimated settlement value of these non-controlling interests was approximately \$38.8 million.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51" ("FIN 46"). On December 24, 2003, the FASB announced that it had delayed the effective date of this interpretation to periods ending after March 15, 2004 for certain variable interest entities, including the majority of our potentially affected entities. FIN 46 requires the consolidation of entities that meet the definition of a variable interest entity in which an enterprise absorbs the majority of the entity's expected losses, receives a majority of the entity's expected residual returns, or both, as a result of ownership, contractual or other financial interests in the entity. Currently, we consolidate entities that we control, as defined in Note 2.

Our joint venture interests in variable interest entities consist of real estate assets and are for the purpose of owning, operating and/or developing real estate. Our property partnerships rely primarily on financing from third party lenders, which is secured by first liens on the Property of the partnership and partner equity. Our maximum exposure to loss as a result of our involvement in these partnerships is represented by the carrying amount of our investments in unconsolidated entities as disclosed on the accompanying balance sheets plus our guarantees of joint venture debt as disclosed in Note 11. We are currently finalizing the evaluation of the full effects of the issuance of FIN 46 on the accounting for our ownership interests in each unconsolidated entity. However, we believe that we will consolidate at least two of our investments in unconsolidated entities as a result of the adoption of FIN 46. We will adopt the interpretation for the variable interest entities subject to the delayed effective date on March 31, 2004.

We have consolidated one joint venture property that was created in 2003 for the purpose of developing one regional mall. The

carrying amount of the property's investment property at cost was approximately \$40 million as of December 31, 2003 and the property serves as collateral for the entity's debt obligation. The creditors of the VIE have recourse to the extent of our guarantee of \$38 million as of December 31, 2003 that is included in the total amount of guarantees disclosed in Note 11.

14. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

Summarized quarterly 2003 and 2002 data is summarized in the table below and the amounts have been restated from previously disclosed amounts due to the sale in the fourth quarter of 2003 of properties (see Note 4). The results of operations of these properties were reclassified to discontinued operations (see Note 3):

2003	First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter	
Total revenue	\$	534,863	\$	557,253	\$	561,676	\$	659,861
Operating income		218,563		227,900		220,570		307,752
Income from Continuing Operations		84,980		99,585		87,084		180,251
Net income available to common shareholders		55,140		50,292		42,721		165,424
Income from Continuing Operations per share — Basic	\$	0.26	\$	0.33	\$	0.28	\$	0.66
Net income per share — Basic	\$	0.29	\$	0.27	\$	0.23	\$	0.86
Income from Continuing Operations per share — Diluted	\$	0.26	\$	0.32	\$	0.27	\$	0.64
Net income per share — Diluted	\$	0.29	\$	0.26	\$	0.22	\$	0.83
Weighted average shares outstanding		187,070,456		189,037,143		189,165,175		192,532,892
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		187,744,825		189,827,171		190,059,806		202,766,825
2002								
Total revenue	\$	480,169	\$	501,578	\$	536,302	\$	606,103
Operating income		197,166		215,669		225,545		279,876
Income from Continuing Operations		57,393		251,860 (1)		93,980		141,915
Net income available to common shareholders		30,006		173,170		58,903		96,308
Income from Continuing Operations per share — Basic	\$	0.18	\$	0.97	\$	0.31	\$	0.50
Net income per share — Basic	\$	0.17	\$	0.99	\$	0.32	\$	0.52
Income before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting change per share — Diluted	\$	0.18	\$	0.95	\$	0.31	\$	0.50
Net income per share — Diluted	\$	0.17	\$	0.97	\$	0.32	\$	0.52
Weighted average shares outstanding		173,946,083		174,434,562		185,532,407 (2)		185,539,192
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		174,528,801		189,457,086		186,261,860		186,193,567

(1) — Includes net gains on sales of assets of \$170.3 million.

(2) — Includes the issuance of 9,000,000 shares of stock on July 1, 2002.

QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 13.1](#)

[SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS \(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions\)](#)

[QuickLinks](#) -- Click here to rapidly navigate through this document

EXHIBIT 21.1

List of Subsidiaries of Simon Property

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction
Simon Property Group, L.P.	Delaware
SPG Realty Consultants, L.P.	Delaware
The Retail Property Trust	Massachusetts
Simon Property Group (Illinois), L.P.	Illinois
Simon Property Group (Texas), L.P.	Texas
Shopping Center Associates	New York
DeBartolo Capital Partnership	Delaware
Simon Capital Limited Partnership	Delaware
SDG Macerich Properties, L.P.	Delaware
M.S. Management Associates, Inc.	Delaware
M.S. Management Associates (Indiana), Inc.	Indiana
Mayflower Realty LLC	Delaware
Rosewood Indemnity, Ltd.	Bermuda
Marigold Indemnity, Ltd.	Delaware
Simon Business Network, LLC	Delaware
Simon Brand Ventures, LLC	Delaware
Simon Global Limited	United Kingdom
Simon Services, Inc.	Delaware
Simon Property Group Administrative Services Partnership, L.P.	Delaware
SPGGC, Inc.	Maryland
Kravco Simon Investments, L.P.	Pennsylvania
Kravco Simon Company	Pennsylvania

Omits names of subsidiaries that as of December 31, 2003 were not, in the aggregate, a "significant subsidiary".

QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 21.1](#)

[List of Subsidiaries of Simon Property](#)

[QuickLinks](#) -- Click here to rapidly navigate through this document

EXHIBIT 23.2

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (Form S-8 No. 333-101185, Form S-3 No. 333-99409, Form S-3 No. 333-68938, Form S-3 No. 333-93897, Form S-8 No. 333-82471, Form S-8 No. 333-64313, Form S-8 No. 333-63919) of our reports dated February 5, 2004, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Simon Property Group, Inc. included in and/or incorporated by reference in the Company's Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2003.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
March 9, 2004

113

QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 23.2](#)

[CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS](#)

Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, David Simon, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Simon Property Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 12, 2004

/s/ David Simon

David Simon,
Chief Executive Officer

Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Stephen E. Sterrett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Simon Property Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 12, 2004

/s/ Stephen E. Sterrett

Stephen E. Sterrett, Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

115

QuickLinks

[Exhibit 31.2](#)

[Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\)/15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Simon Property Group, Inc. ("Simon Property"), on Form 10-K for the period ending December 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Simon Property.

/s/ David Simon

David Simon
Chief Executive Officer
March 12, 2004

/s/ Stephen E. Sterrett

Stephen E. Sterrett
Chief Financial Officer
March 12, 2004